VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

3rd to 8th Semester BE –

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI)

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations

Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

(Effective from the academic year 2018 – 19)

11.06.2021

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI)

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(Effective from the academic year 2018 – 19)

III SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC	18MAT31	Transform Calculus, Fourier Series And Numerical Techniques	Mathematics	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18CS32	Data Structures and Applications	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS33	Analog and Digital Electronics	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PCC	18CS34	Computer Organization	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18CS35	Software Engineering	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CS36	Discrete Mathematical Structures	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18CSL37	Analog and Digital Electronics Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL38	Data Structures Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18KVK39	Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication)/	HSMC	--	2	--	--	100	--	100	1
		18KAK39	Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration)									
		OR	OR									
		18CPH39	Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Cyber Law		1	--	--	02	40	60		
					Examination is by objective type questions							
				TOTAL	17 OR 18	10 OR 08	04	24 OR 27	420 OR 360	480 OR 540	900	24

Note: BSC: Basic Science, PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science, NCMC: Non-credit mandatory course

18KVK39 Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication) is for non-Kannada speaking, reading and writing students and **18KAK39**Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration) is for students who speak, read and write Kannada.

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

10	NCMC	18MATDIP31	Additional Mathematics - I	Mathematics	02	01	--	03	40	60	100	0

(a)The mandatory non – credit courses Additional Mathematics I and II prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively, to the lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of BE/B.Tech programs, shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the University examination. In case, any student fails to register for the said course/ fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured F grade. In such a case, the student have to fulfil the requirements during subsequent semester/s to appear for SEE.

(b) These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree

Courses prescribed to lateral entry B. Sc degree holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

Lateral entrant students from B.Sc. Stream, shall clear the non-credit courses Engineering Graphics and Elements of Civil Engineering and Mechanics of the First Year Engineering Programme. These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to BE/B.Tech/B. Plan day college programme (For more details refer to Chapter 6,AICTE Activity Point Programme, Model Internship Guidelines): Over and above the academic grades, every Day College regular student admitted to the 4 years Degree programme and every student entering 4 years Degree programme through lateral entry, shall earn 100 and 75 Activity Points respectively for the award of degree through AICTE Activity Point Programme. Students transferred from other Universities to fifth semester are required to earn 50 Activity Points from the year of entry to VTU. The Activity Points earned shall be reflected on the student's eighth semester Grade Card. The activities can be spread over the years, anytime during the semester weekends and holidays, as per the liking and convenience of the student from the year of entry to the programme. However, minimum hours' requirement should be fulfilled. Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression. In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the eighth semester grade card.

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IV SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC	18MAT41	Complex Analysis, Probability And Statistical Methods	Mathematics	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS43	Operating Systems	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PCC	18CS44	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18CS45	Object Oriented Concepts	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CS46	Data Communication	CS / IS / AI	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18CSL47	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL48	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18KVK49	Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication)/	HSMC	--	2	--	--	100	--	100	1
		18KAK49	Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration)									
		OR	OR									
		18CPH49	Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Cyber Law		1	--	--	02	40	60		
					Examination is by objective type questions							
TOTAL					17 OR 18	10 OR 08	04	24 OR 27	420 OR 360	480 OR 540	900	24

Note: BSC: Basic Science, PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science, NCMC: Non-credit mandatory course

18KVK49 Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication) is for non-Kannada speaking, reading and writing students and **18KAK49**Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration) is for students who speak, read and write Kannada.

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

10	NCMC	18MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics - II	Mathematics	02	01	--	03	40	60	100	0

(a)The mandatory non – credit courses Additional Mathematics I and II prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively, to the lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of BE/B.Tech programs, shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the University examination. In case, any student fails to register for the said course/ fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfil the requirements during subsequent semester/s to appear for SEE.
(b) These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree

Courses prescribed to lateral entry B. Sc degree holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

Lateral entrant students from B.Sc. Stream, shall clear the non-credit courses Engineering Graphics and Elements of Civil Engineering and Mechanics of the First Year Engineering Programme. These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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V SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	HSMC	18CS51	Management and Entrepreneurshipfor IT Industry	HSMC	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18AI52	Python Programming	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS53	Database Management System	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
4	PCC	18CS54	Automata Theory and Computability	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18AI55	Principles of Artificial Intelligence	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18AI56	Mathematics for Machine Learning	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18AIL57	Artificial Intelligence Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL58	DBMS Laboratory with mini project	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18CIV59	Environmental Studies	Civil/ Environmental [Paper setting: Civil Engineering Board]	1	--	--	02	40	60	100	1
				TOTAL	**18**	**10**	**4**	**26**	**360**	**540**	**900**	**25**

Note: PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science.

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VI SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture L	Tutorial T	Practical/ Drawing P	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18AI61	Machine Learning	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18AI62	Digital Image Processing	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18AI63	Java for Mobile Applications	CS / IS / AI	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
4	PEC	18AI64X	Professional Elective -1	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	OEC	18AI65X	Open Elective –A	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18AIL66	Machine Learning Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
7	PCC	18AIL67	Digital Image Processing Laboratory with mini project	CS / IS / Ai	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	MP	18AIL68	Mobile Application Development Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	INT	--	Internship	(To be carried out during the intervening vacations of VI and VII semesters)				--	--	--	--	--
				TOTAL	**15**	**12**	**6**	**24**	**320**	**480**	**800**	**24**

Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective, OE: Open Elective, MP: Mini-project, INT: Internship.

Professional Elective -1

Course code under18XX64X	Course Title
18AI641	Natural Language Processing
18AI642	Software Project and Management
18AI643	Web Programming
18AI644	Foundation forData Science

Open Elective –A (18CS65x are not to be opted by CSE / ISE /AIML Programs)

18CS651	Mobile Application Development
18CS652	Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithms
18CS653	Programming in JAVA
18CS654	Introduction to Operating System

Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to the list of open electives under 18CS65X).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed provided,

- The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the programme.
- The syllabus content of open elective is similar to that of Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the programme.

Registration to electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator/ Adviser/Mentor.

Mini-project work: Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

CIE procedure for Mini project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the college. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE for Mini project:

(i) Single discipline: Contribution to the Mini-project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in the semester end examination (SEE) conducted at the department.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Contribution to the Mini-project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted separately at the departments to which the student/s belong to.

Internship: All the students admitted to III year of BE/B.Tech shall have to undergo mandatory internship of 4 weeks during the vacation of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during VIII semester and the prescribed credit shall be included in VIII semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not takeup/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18AI71	Advanced Artificial Intelligence	CS / IS / AI	4	--	--	03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18AI72	Advanced Machine Learning	CS / IS / AI	4	--	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PEC	18AI73X	Professional Elective – 2	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PEC	18AI74X	Professional Elective – 3	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	OEC	18AI75X	Open Elective –B	CS / IS / AI	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18AIL76	AI and ML Application Development Laboratory	CS / IS / AI	--	--	2	03	40	60	100	1
7	Project	18AIP77	Project Work Phase – 1	CS / IS / AI	--	--	2	--	100	--	100	2
8	INT	--	Internship	(If not completed during the vacation of VI and VII semesters, it has to be carried out during the intervening vacations of VII and VIII semesters								
				TOTAL	**17**	--	**4**	**18**	**340**	**360**	**700**	**20**

Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective, OEC: Open Elective, INT: Internship.

Professional Elective – 2

Course code under 18CS73X	**Course Title**		
18AI731	Internet of Things	18AI733	Blockchain Technology
18AI732	Multiagent Systems	18AI734	Cloud Computing and Virtualization

Professional Electives – 3

Course code under 18CS74X	**Course Title**		
18AI741	Fuzzy Logic& its Applications	18AI743	Semantic Web and Social Network
18AI742	Computer Vision	18AI744	Business Intelligence

Open Elective –B (18CS75x are not to be opted by CSE / ISE / AIML Programs)

18CS751	Introduction to Big Data Analytics
18CS752	Python Application Programming
18CS753	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence
18CS754	Introduction to Dot Net framework for Application Development

Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to the list of open electives under 18CS75X).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed provided,

- The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the programme.
- The syllabus content of open elective is similar to that of Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the programme.
- Registration to electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator/ Adviser/Mentor.

Project work: Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students. In extraordinary cases, like the funded projects requiring students from different disciplines, the project student strength can be 5 or 6.

CIE procedure for Project Work Phase - 1:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -1, shall be based on the evaluation of the project work phase -1 Report (covering Literature Survey, Problem identification, Objectives and Methodology), project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the Project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -1, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -1 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

Internship: All the students admitted to III year of BE/B.Tech shall have to undergo mandatory internship of 4 weeks during the vacation of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during VIII semester and the prescribed credit shall be included in VIII semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not takeup/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VIII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18AI81	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	AM	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PEC	18AI82X	Professional Elective – 4	AM	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
3	Project	18AIP83	Project Work Phase – 2	AM	--	--	2	03	40	60	100	8
4	Seminar	18AIS84	Technical Seminar	AM	--	--	2	03	100	--	100	1
5	INT	18AII85	Internship	(Completed during the intervening vacations of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters.)				03	40	60	100	3
				TOTAL	**06**	--	**4**	**15**	**260**	**240**	**500**	**18**

Note: PCC: Professional Core, PEC: Professional Elective, OEC: Open Elective, INT: Internship.

Professional Electives – 4

Course code under 18CS82X	Course Title
18AI821	System Modelling and Simulation
18AI822	Soft and Evolutionary Computing
18AI823	Robotic Process Automation Design and Development
18AI824	Modern Information Retrieval

Project Work CIE procedure for Project Work Phase - 2:
(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -2, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -2 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -2, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -2 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
SEE for Project Work Phase - 2:
(i) Single discipline: Contribution to the project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted at the department.
(ii) Interdisciplinary: Contribution to the project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted separately at the departments to which the student/s belong to.
Internship: Those, who have not pursued /completed the internship shall be declared as fail and have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card. Activity points of the students who have earned the prescribed AICTE activity Points shall be sent the University along with the CIE marks of 8th semester. In case of students who have not satisfied the AICTE activity Points at the end of eighth semester, the column under activity Points shall be marked NSAP (Not Satisfied Activity Points).

[1]TRANSFORM CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18MAT31	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	2:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To have an insight into Fourier series, Fourier transforms, Laplace transforms, Difference equations and Z-transforms.
- To develop the proficiency in variational calculus and solving ODE's arising in engineering applications, using numerical methods.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Laplace Transform: Definition and Laplace transforms of elementary functions (statements only). Laplace transforms of Periodic functions (statement only) and unit-step function – problems. **Inverse Laplace Transform**: Definition and problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms (without Proof) and problems. Solution of linear differential equations using Laplace transforms. **RBT: L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Fourier Series: Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series of periodic functions period 2π and arbitrary period. Half range Fourier series. Practical harmonic analysis. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Fourier Transforms: Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms. Problems. **Difference Equations and Z-Transforms:** Difference equations, basic definition, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, initial value and final value theorems (without proof) and problems, Inverse z-transformand applications to solve difference equations. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations(ODE's): Numerical solution of ODE's of first order and first degree- Taylor's series method, Modified Euler's method. Runge - Kutta method of fourth order, Milne's and Adam-Bashforthpredictor and corrector method (No derivations of formulae)-Problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Numerical Solution of Second Order ODE's: Runge -Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. (No derivations of formulae). **Calculus of Variations:** Variation of function and functional, variational problems, Euler's	08

equation, Geodesics, hanging chain, problems. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform in solving differential/ integral equation arising in network analysis, control systems and other fields of engineering.
- Demonstrate Fourier series to study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing and field theory.
- Make use of Fourier transform and Z-transform to illustrate discrete/continuous function arising in wave and heat propagation, signals and systems.
- Solve first and second order ordinary differential equations arising in engineering problems using single step and multistep numerical methods.
- Determine the extremals of functionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in dynamics of rigid bodies and vibrational analysis.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10^{th} Edition, 2016
2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44^{th} Edition, 2017
3. Srimanta Pal et al , Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press, 3^{rd} Edition, 2016

Reference Books:

1. C.Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett , Advanced Engineering Mathematics, McGraw-Hill Book Co, 6^{th} Edition, 1995
2. S.S.Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall of India, 4^{th} Edition 2010
3. B.V.Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw-Hill, 11^{th} Edition,2010
4. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal, A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 6^{th} Edition, 2014

Web links and Video Lectures:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
3. http://academicearth.org/
4. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME – 20

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS – I (Mandatory Learning Course: Common to All Branches) (A Bridge course for Lateral Entry students under Diploma quota to BE/B.Tech programmes) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18MATDIP31	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	2:1:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 00			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To provide basic concepts of complex trigonometry, vector algebra, differential and integral calculus.
- To provide an insight into vector differentiation and first order ODE's.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Complex Trigonometry: Complex Numbers: Definitions and properties. Modulus and amplitude of a complex number, Argand's diagram, De-Moivre's theorem (without proof). **Vector Algebra:** Scalar and vectors. Addition and subtraction and multiplication of vectors- Dot and Cross products, problems. **RBT: L2, L2**	08
Module 2	
Differential Calculus: Review of successive differentiation-illustrative examples. Maclaurin's series expansions-Illustrative examples. Partial Differentiation: Euler's theorem-problems on first order derivatives only. Total derivatives-differentiation of composite functions. Jacobians of order two-Problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Vector Differentiation: Differentiation of vector functions. Velocity and acceleration of a particle moving on a space curve. Scalar and vector point functions. Gradient, Divergence, Curl-simple problems. Solenoidal and irrotational vector fields-Problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Integral Calculus: Review of elementary integral calculus. Reduction formulae for $\sin^n x$, $\cos^n x$ (with proof) and $\sin^m x \cos^n x$ (without proof) and evaluation of these with standard limits-Examples. Double and triple integrals-Simple examples. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Ordinary differential equations (ODE's. Introduction-solutions of first order and first degree differential equations: exact, linear differential equations. Equations reducible to exact and Bernoulli's equation. **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Apply concepts of complex numbers and vector algebra to analyze the problems arising in related area.
- Use derivatives and partial derivatives to calculate rate of change of multivariate functions.
- Analyze position, velocity and acceleration in two and three dimensions of vector valued functions.
- Learn techniques of integration including the evaluation of double and triple integrals.

- Identify and solve first order ordinary differential equations.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43^{rd} Edition, 2015

Reference Books:

1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10^{th} Edition, 2016
2. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal, A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 6^{th} Edition, 2014
3. RohitKhurana , Engineering Mathematics Vol.I, Cengage Learning, 1^{st} Edition, 2015.

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CS32	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for programming/problem solving.
- Illustrate linear representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Lists, Trees and Graphs.
- Demonstrate sorting and searching algorithms.
- Find suitable data structure during application development/Problem Solving.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive &Non Primitive), Data structure Operations, Review of Arrays, Structures, Self-Referential Structures, and Unions. Pointers and Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, Dynamically allocated arrays. **Array Operations**: Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting. Multidimensional Arrays, Polynomials and Sparse Matrices. **Strings:** Basic Terminology, Storing, Operations and Pattern Matching algorithms. Programming Examples. **Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14Reference 3: Chapter 1: 1.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish notation, Infix to postfix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression. **Recursion** - Factorial, GCD, Fibonacci Sequence, Tower of Hanoi, Ackerman's function. **Queues:** Definition, Array Representation, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues, A Mazing Problem. Multiple Stacks and Queues. Programming Examples. **Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.7Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.3, 6.5, 6.7-6.10, 6.12, 6.13** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
Linked Lists: Definition, Representation of linked lists in Memory, Memory allocation; Garbage Collection. Linked list operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion, and Deletion. Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples **Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.6, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.10,** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
Trees: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression, Programming Examples **Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation Of Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth First	10

Search. **Sorting and Searching**: Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Address Calculation Sort. **Hashing:** Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. **Files and Their Organization:**Data Hierarchy, File Attributes, Text Files and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organizations and Indexing **Textbook 1: Chapter 6 : 6.1 –6.2, Chapter 7:7.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3** **Textbook 2: Chapter 8 : 8.1 – 8.7, Chapter 9 : 9.1-9.3, 9.7, 9.9** **Reference 2: Chapter 16 : 16.1 - 16.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use different types of data structures, operations and algorithms
- Apply searching and sorting operations on files
- Use stack, Queue, Lists, Trees and Graphs in problem solving
- Implement all data structures in a high-level language for problem solving.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ellis Horowitz and SartajSahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Gilberg&Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
2. ReemaThareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.
3. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
4. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
5. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CS33	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the use of photoelectronics devices, 555 timer IC, Regulator ICs and uA741 opamap IC
- Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits.
- Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits
- Demonstrate the use of flipflops and apply for registers
- Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion techqniues.

Module 1	**ContactHours**
Photodiodes, Light Emitting Diodes and Optocouplers ,BJT Biasing :Fixed bias ,Collector to base Bias , voltage divider bias, Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Multivibrators using IC-555, Peak Detector, Schmitt trigger, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-to-Voltage and Voltage-to-Current Converter , Regulated Power Supply Parameters, adjustable voltage regulator ,D to A and A to D converter. **Text Book 1 :Part A:Chapter 2(Section 2.9,2.10,2.11), Chapter 4(Section 4.2 ,4.3,4.4),Chapter 7 (section (7.2,7.3.1,7.4,7.6 to 7.11), Chapter 8 (section (8.1,8.5), Chapter 9** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, The prime implicant chart, petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6(Sections 6.1 to 6.5)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in ,Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices, Programmable Logic Arrays, Programmable Array Logic. **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 8,Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules. Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3,SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop, Flip Flop with additional inputs, Asynchronous Sequential Circuits	08

Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3),Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.9) **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module 5	
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops, sequential parity checker, state tables and graphs **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 12(Sections 12.1 to 12.5),Chapter 13(Sections 13.1,13.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map , and Quine-McClusky Methods
- Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- Develop simple HDL programs

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Raghunandan G H, Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019

Reference Books:

1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino&GoutamSaha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CS34	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the basic sub systems of a computer, their organization, structure and operation.
- Illustrate the concept of programs as sequences of machine instructions.
- Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- Describe memory hierarchy and concept of virtual memory.
- Describe arithmetic and logical operations with integer and floating-point operands.
- Illustrate organization of a simple processor, pipelined processor and other computing systems.

Module 1	**ContactHours**
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement. **Machine Instructions and Programs:** Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions, Encoding of Machine Instructions **Text book 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 2.10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces – PCI Bus, SCSI Bus, USB. **Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations. **Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5(5.5.1, 5.5.2), 5.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed Operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division. **Text book 1: Chapter2-2.1, Chapter6 – 6.1 to 6.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hard-wired Control, Micro programmed Control. **Pipelining:** Basic concepts of pipelining, **Text book 1: Chapter7, Chapter8 – 8.1** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the basic organization of a computer system.
- Demonstrate functioning of different sub systems, such as processor, Input/output,and memory.
- Illustrate hardwired control and micro programmed control, pipelining, embedded and other computing systems.
- Design and analyse simple arithmetic and logical units.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and12)

Reference Books:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson, 2015.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CS35	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs.Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to software engineers.
- Explain the fundamentals of object oriented concepts
- Describe the process of requirements gathering, requirements classification, requirements specification and requirements validation. Differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.
- Discuss the distinctions between validation testing and defect testing.
- Recognize the importance of software maintenance and describe the intricacies involved in software evolution.Apply estimation techniques, schedule project activities and compute pricing.
- Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics. List software quality standards and outline the practices involved.

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction: Software Crisis, Need for Software Engineering. Professional Software Development, Software Engineering Ethics. Case Studies. **Software Processes**: Models: Waterfall Model **(Sec 2.1.1)**, Incremental Model **(Sec 2.1.2)** and Spiral Model **(Sec 2.1.3)**. Process activities. **Requirements Engineering**: Requirements Engineering Processes **(Chap 4)**. Requirements Elicitation and Analysis **(Sec 4.5).** Functional and non-functional requirements **(Sec 4.1)**. The software Requirements Document **(Sec 4.2)**. Requirements Specification **(Sec 4.3)**. Requirements validation **(Sec 4.6)**. Requirements Management **(Sec 4.7)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. **Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling:** What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept; Link and associations concepts; Generalization and Inheritance; A sample class model; Navigation of class models; **Textbook 2: Ch 1,2,3.** **RBT: L1, L2 L3**	08
Module 3	
System Models: Context models **(Sec 5.1)**. Interaction models **(Sec 5.2)**. Structural models **(Sec 5.3)**. Behavioral models **(Sec 5.4)**. Model-driven engineering **(Sec 5.5)**. **Design and Implementation**: Introduction to RUP **(Sec 2.4)**, Design Principles **(Chap 17)**. Object-oriented design using the UML **(Sec 7.1)**. Design patterns **(Sec 7.2)**. Implementation issues **(Sec 7.3)**. Open source development **(Sec 7.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Software Testing: Development testing **(Sec 8.1)**, Test-driven development **(Sec 8.2)**,	08

Release testing **(Sec 8.3)**, User testing **(Sec 8.4)**. Test Automation **(Page no 42, 70,212, 231,444,695)**. **Software Evolution**: Evolution processes **(Sec 9.1)**. Program evolution dynamics **(Sec 9.2)**. Software maintenance **(Sec 9.3)**. Legacy system management **(Sec 9.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module 5	
Project Planning: Software pricing **(Sec 23.1)**. Plan-driven development **(Sec 23.2)**. Project scheduling **(Sec 23.3)**: Estimation techniques **(Sec 23.5)**. **Quality management**: Software quality **(Sec 24.1)**. Reviews and inspections **(Sec 24.3)**. Software measurement and metrics **(Sec 24.4)**. Software standards **(Sec 24.2)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.
- Assess professional and ethical responsibility
- Function on multi-disciplinary teams
- Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24)
2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005.

Reference Books:

1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CS36	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Provide theoretical foundations of computer science to perceive other courses in the programme.
- Illustrate applications of discrete structures: logic, relations, functions, set theory and counting.
- Describe different mathematical proof techniques,
- Illustrate the importance of graph theory in computer science

Module 1	**ContactHours**
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. Fundamentals of Logic contd.: The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems. **Text book 1: Chapter2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Properties of the Integers: The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, **Fundamental Principles of Counting:** The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition. **Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, Chapter1** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions. **Relations:** Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders –Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions. **Text book 1: Chapter5 , Chapter7 – 7.1 to 7.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials. **Recurrence Relations:** First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients. **Text book 1: Chapter8 – 8.1 to 8.4, Chapter10 – 10.1, 10.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Introduction to Graph Theory: Definitions and Examples, Sub graphs, Complements, and Graph Isomorphism, **Trees**: Definitions, Properties, and Examples, Routed Trees, Trees and Sorting, Weighted Trees and Prefix Codes	08

Text book 1: Chapter11 – 11.1 to 11.2 Chapter12 – 12.1 to 12.4 **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use propositional and predicate logic in knowledge representation and truth verification.
- Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- Solve problems using recurrence relations and generating functions.
- Application of different mathematical proofs techniques in proving theorems in the courses.
- Compare graphs, trees and their applications.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, 5th Edition, Pearson Education. 2004.

Reference Books:

1. Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: Discrete Mathematics – A Concept based approach, Universities Press, 2016
2. Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. Jayant Ganguly: A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, Thomson, 2004.
5. Thomas Koshy: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – III

Subject Code	18CSL37	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, assembly and evaluation/testing of

- Analog components and circuits including Operational Amplifier, Timer, etc.
- Combinational logic circuits.
- Flip - Flops and their operations
- Counters and registers using flip-flops.
- Synchronous and Asynchronous sequential circuits.
- A/D and D/A converters

Descriptions (if any):

- Simulation packages preferred: Multisim, Modelsim, PSpice or any other relevant.
- For Part A (Analog Electronic Circuits) students must trace the wave form on Tracing sheet / Graph sheet and label trace.
- Continuous evaluation by the faculty must be carried by including performance of a student in both hardware implementation and simulation (if any) for the given circuit.
- A batch not exceeding 4 must be formed for conducting the experiment. For simulation individual student must execute the program.

Laboratory Programs:

PART A (Analog Electronic Circuits)

1.	Design an astablemultivibratorciruit for three cases of duty cycle (50%, <50% and >50%) using NE 555 timer IC. Simulate the same for any one duty cycle.
2.	Using ua 741 Opamp, design a 1 kHz Relaxation Oscillator with 50% duty cycle. And simulate the same.
3.	Using ua 741 opamap, design a window comparate for any given UTP and LTP. And simulate the same.

PART B (Digital Electronic Circuits)

4.	Design and implement Half adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor using basic gates. And implement the same in HDL.
5.	Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC. And implement the same in HDL.
6.	Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.
7.	Design and implement code converter I)Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code using basic gates.
8.	Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
9.	Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Use appropriate design equations / methods to design the given circuit.
- Examine and verify the design of both analog and digital circuits using simulators.
- Make us of electronic components, ICs, instruments and tools for design and testing of circuits for the given the appropriate inputs.
- Compile a laboratory journal which includes; aim, tool/instruments/software/components used, design equations used and designs, schematics, program listing, procedure followed, relevant theory, results as graphs and tables, interpreting and concluding the findings.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
    - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
    - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
    a) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
    b) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
        i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
        ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	18CSL38	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 2			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, develop, implement, analyze and evaluation/testing of

- Asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Linear data structures and their applications such as stacks, queues and lists
- Non-Linear data structures and their applications such as trees and graphs
- Sorting and searching algorithms

Descriptions (if any):

- Implement all the programs in 'C / C++'Programming Language and Linux / Windows as OS.

Programs List:

1.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following array operations. a. Creating an array of N Integer Elements b. Display of array Elements with Suitable Headings c. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS) d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position(POS) e. Exit. Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.
2.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson Strings. a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP) b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.
3.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX) a. Push an Element on to Stack b. Pop an Element from Stack c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack e. Display the status of Stack f. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
4.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, %(Remainder), ^(Power) and alphanumeric operands.
5.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks
6.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX) a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE

	c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE e. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
7.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: *USN, Name, Branch, Sem, PhNo* a. Create a SLL of N Students Data by using *front insertion*. b. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack) e. Exit
8.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: *SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo* a. Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using *end insertion*. b. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue. f. Exit
9.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3$ b. Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z) and store the result in POLYSUM(x,y,z) Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
10.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers . a. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2 b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order c. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message d. Exit
11.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method
12.	Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys(4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table(HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function H: K $\rightarrow$L as H(K)=K mod m (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.
Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:	
• Analyze and Compare various linear and non-linear data structures • Code, debug and demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications • Implement, analyze and evaluate the searching and sorting algorithms • Choose the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems	
Conduct of Practical Examination:	
• Experiment distribution	

- For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
- For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.

- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*

  c) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks

  d) For laboratories having PART A and PART B

     i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks

     ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

COMPLEX ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY AND STATISTICAL METHODS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	18MAT41	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	2:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To provide an insight into applications of complex variables, conformal mapping and special functions arising in potential theory, quantum mechanics, heat conduction and field theory.
- To develop probability distribution of discrete, continuous random variables and joint probability distribution occurring in digital signal processing, design engineering and microwave engineering.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Calculus of complex functions: Review offunction of a complex variable, limits, continuity, and differentiability. Analytic functions: Cauchy-Riemann equations in cartesian and polar forms and consequences. Construction of analytic functions : Milne-Thomson method-Problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Conformal transformations: Introduction. Discussion of transformations: $w=z^2$, $w=e^z$, $w=z+\frac{1}{z},(z\neq 0)$. Bilinear transformations- Problems. **Complex integration**: Line integral of a complex function-Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula and problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions- problems (No derivation for mean and standard deviation)-Illustrative examples. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form- $y=ax+b, y=ax^b$ & $y=ax^2+bx+c$. **Statistical Methods:** Correlation and regression-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation-problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression –problems. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.	08

Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. **RBT:L2, L3, L4**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use the concepts of analytic function and complex potentials to solve the problems arising in electromagnetic field theory.
- Utilize conformal transformation and complex integral arising in aerofoil theory, fluid flow visualization and image processing.
- Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.
- Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.
- Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10th Edition, 2016
2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2017
3. Srimanta Pal et al , Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition, 2016

Reference Books:

1. C.Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett , Advanced Engineering Mathematics, McGraw-Hill Book Co, 6th Edition, 1995
2. S.S.Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall of India, 4th Edition 2010
3. B.V.Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw-Hill, 11th Edition,2010
4. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal, A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 6th Edition, 2014

Web links and Video Lectures:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
3. http://academicearth.org/
4. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME – 20

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS – II
(Mandatory Learning Course: Common to All Branches)
(A Bridge course for Lateral Entry students under Diploma quota to BE/B.Tech programmes)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	18MATDIP41	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	2:1:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 0

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To provide essential concepts of linear algebra, second & higher order differential equations along with methods to solve them.
- To provide an insight into elementary probability theory and numerical methods.

Module 1	Contact Hours
Linear Algebra: Introduction - rank of matrix by elementary row operations - Echelon form. Consistency of system of linear equations - Gauss elimination method. Eigen values and eigen vectors of a square matrix. Problems. **RBT: L2, L2**	08
Module 2	
Numerical Methods: Finite differences. Interpolation/extrapolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae (Statements only)-problems. Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations – Newton-Raphson and Regula-Falsi methods (only formulae)- Illustrative examples. Numerical integration: Simpson's one third rule and Weddle's rule (without proof) Problems. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Higher order ODE's: Linear differential equations of second and higher order equations with constant coefficients. Homogeneous /non-homogeneous equations. Inverse differential operators.*[Particular Integral restricted to R(x)=* e^{ax}, $\sin ax / \cos ax$ *for* $f(D)y = R(x)$.] **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Partial Differential Equations(PDE's):- Formation of PDE's by elimination of arbitrary constants and functions. Solution of non-homogeneous PDE by direct integration. Homogeneous PDEs involving derivative with respect to one independent variable only. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Probability: Introduction. Sample space and events. Axioms of probability. Addition & multiplication theorems. Conditional probability, Bayes's theorem, problems. **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Solve systems of linear equations using matrix algebra.
- Apply the knowledge of numerical methods in modelling and solving engineering problems.
- Make use of analytical methods to solve higher order differential equations.
- Classify partial differential equations and solve them by exact methods.
- Apply elementary probability theory and solve related problems.

Question Paper Pattern:
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43rd Edition, 2015
Reference Books:
1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10th Edition, 2016 2. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal, A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 6th Edition, 2014 3. RohitKhurana , Engineering Mathematics Vol.I, Cengage Learning, 1st Edition, 2015.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	18CS42	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –4

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain various computational problem solving techniques.
- Apply appropriate method to solve a given problem.
- Describe various methods of algorithm analysis.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? **(T2:1.1),** Algorithm Specification **(T2:1.2),** Analysis Framework **(T1:2.1),Performance Analysis**: Space complexity, Time complexity **(T2:1.3)**. **Asymptotic Notations:** Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ), and Little-oh notation (o), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples **(T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4).Important Problem Types:**Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. **Fundamental Data Structures:**Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. **(T1:1.3,1.4).** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 2	
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum **(T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4)**, Merge sort, Quick sort **(T1:4.1, 4.2)**, Strassen's matrix multiplication **(T2:3.8)**, Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. **Decrease and Conquer Approach:** Topological Sort. **(T1:5.3).** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 3	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines **(T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5).Minimum cost spanning trees:** Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm **(T1:9.1, 9.2)**. **Single source shortest paths:** Dijkstra's Algorithm **(T1:9.3)**. **Optimal Tree problem:**Huffman Trees and Codes **(T1:9.4)**. **Transform and Conquer Approach:** Heaps and Heap Sort **(T1:6.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 4	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs **(T2:5.1, 5.2)**. **Transitive Closure:**Warshall's Algorithm, **All Pairs Shortest Paths:**Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem **((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4)**, Bellman-Ford Algorithm **(T2:5.4)**, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T2:5.9)**, Reliability design **(T2:5.8)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 5	
Backtracking: General method **(T2:7.1)**, N-Queens problem **(T1:12.1)**, Sum of subsets problem **(T1:12.1)**, Graph coloring**(T2:7.4)**, Hamiltonian cycles **(T2:7.5)**. **Branch and Bound:** Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T1:12.2)**, **0/1 Knapsack problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2):** LC Branch and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**, FIFO Branch and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**. **NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems:** Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes **(T2:11.1)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.

- Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, AnanyLevitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms , S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education).

OPERATING SYSTEMS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	18CS43	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Introduce concepts and terminology used in OS
- Explain threading and multithreaded systems
- Illustrate process synchronization and concept of Deadlock
- Introduce Memory and Virtual memory management, File system and storage techniques

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. **Operating System Services;** User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot. **Process Management** Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication **Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. **Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors. **Text book 1: Chapter 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Deadlocks : Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. **Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation. **Text book 1: Chapter 7, 8.1 to 8.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. **File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. **Text book 1: Chapter 91. To 9.6, 10.1 to 10.5**	08

RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems. **Case Study: The Linux Operating System:** Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication. **Text book 1: Chapter 12.1 to 12.6, 21.1 to 21.9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Demonstrate need for OS and different types of OS
- Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources
- Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands
- Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books:

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	18CS44	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand the fundamentals of ARM based systems, basic hardware components, selection methods and attributes of an embedded system.
- Program ARM controller using the various instructions
- Identify the applicability of the embedded system
- Comprehend the real time operating system used for the embedded system

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software. ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table , Core Extensions **Text book 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set : Data Processing Instructions , Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants **ARM programming using Assembly language:** Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs **Text book 1: Chapter 3:Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 6(Sections 6.1 to 6.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface (onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components. **Text book 2:Chapter 1(Sections 1.2 to 1.6),Chapter 2(Sections 2.1 to 2.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Embedded System Design Concepts: Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems, Operational quality attributes ,non-operational quality attributes, Embedded Systems-Application and Domain specific, Hardware Software Co-Design and Program Modelling, embedded firmware design and development **Text book 2: Chapter-3, Chapter-4, Chapter-7 (Sections 7.1, 7.2 only), Chapter-9**	08

(Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.3.1, 9.3.2 only) **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module 5	
RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan. **Text book 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4 , 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Describe the architectural features and instructions of ARM microcontroller
- Apply the knowledge gained for Programming ARM for different applications.
- Interface external devices and I/O with ARM microcontroller.
- Interpret the basic hardware components and their selection method based on the characteristics and attributes of an embedded system.
- Develop the hardware /software co-design and firmware design approaches.
- Demonstrate the need of real time operating system for embedded system applications

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2. Shibu K V, “Introduction to Embedded Systems”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Raghunandan..G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019
2. The Insider’s Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	18CS45	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Create multi-threaded programs and event handling mechanisms.
- Introduce event driven Graphical User Interface (GUI) programming using applets and swings.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts: A Review of structures, Procedure–Oriented Programming system, Object Oriented Programming System, Comparison of Object Oriented Language with C, Console I/O, variables and reference variables, Function Prototyping, Function Overloading. **Class and Objects:** Introduction, member functions and data, objects and functions. **Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Class and Objects (contd): Objects and arrays, Namespaces, Nested classes, Constructors, Destructors. **Introduction to Java**: Java's magic: the Byte code; Java Development Kit (JDK); the Java Buzzwords, Object-oriented programming; Simple Java programs. Data types, variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements. **Text book 1:Ch 2: 2.4 to 2.6Ch 4: 4.1 to 4.2** **Text book 2: Ch:1 Ch: 2 Ch:3 Ch:4 Ch:5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Classes, Inheritance,Exception Handling: Classes: Classes fundamentals; Declaring objects; Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection. **Inheritance:** inheritance basics, using super, creating multi level hierarchy, method overriding. **Exception handling:** Exception handling in Java. **Text book 2: Ch:6 Ch: 8 Ch:10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection,ImportingPackages.Interfaces. **Multi ThreadedProgramming:**Multi Threaded Programming: What are threads? How to make the classes threadable ; Extending threads; Implementing runnable; Synchronization; Changing state of the thread; Bounded buffer problems, producer consumer problems. **Text book 2: CH: 9 Ch 11:** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Event Handling: Two event handling mechanisms; The delegation event model; Event classes; Sources of events; Event listener interfaces; Using the delegation event model; Adapter classes; Inner classes. **Swings:** Swings: The origins of Swing; Two key Swing features; Components and Containers; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing Application; Create a Swing Applet; Jlabel and ImageIcon; JTextField;The Swing Buttons; JTabbedpane; JScrollPane; JList;	08

JComboBox; JTable. **Text book 2: Ch 22: Ch: 29 Ch: 30** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
- Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
- Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users, and to understand the event-based GUI handling principles using swings.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++ , 2nd Ed, Oxford University Press,2006
2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806
2. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
3. Stanley B.Lippmann, JoseeLajore, C++ Primer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
4. RajkumarBuyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchenchu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
5. Richard A Johnson, Introduction to Java Programming and OOAD, CENGAGE Learning.
6. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.

Mandatory Note: Every institute shall organize bridge course on C++, either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester for a minimum period of ten days (2hrs/day). Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Faculty can utilize open source tools to make teaching and learning more interactive.

DATA COMMUNICATION (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	18CS46	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Comprehend the transmission technique of digital data between two or more computers and a computer network that allows computers to exchange data.
- Explain with the basics of data communication and various types of computer networks;
- Demonstrate Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels.
- Expose wireless and wired LANs.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and Administration, **Networks Models**: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model, **Introduction to Physical Layer-1:** Data and Signals**,** Digital Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performance. **Textbook1: Ch 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Digital Transmission: Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester coding). **Physical Layer-2:** Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes, **Analog Transmission**: Digital to analog conversion. **Textbook1: Ch 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Bandwidth Utilization: Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum, **Switching**: Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks and Packet switching. **Error Detection and Correction**: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum, **Textbook1: Ch 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Data link control: DLC services, Data link layer protocols, Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition phases only). **Media Access control**: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization, **Introduction to Data-Link Layer:** Introduction, Link-Layer Addressing, ARP **IPv4 Addressing and subnetting:** Classful and CIDR addressing, DHCP, NAT **Textbook1: Ch 9.1, 9.2, 11.1, 11.2 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 18.4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Wired LANs Ethernet: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet, **Wireless LANs:** Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth. **Other wireless Networks**: Cellular Telephony	08

Textbook1: Ch 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.2 **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the various components of data communication.
- Explain the fundamentals of digital communication and switching.
- Compare and contrast data link layer protocols.
- Summarize IEEE 802.xx standards

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and IndraWidjaja: Communication Networks - Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	18CSL47	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Design and implement various algorithms in JAVA
- Employ various design strategies for problem solving.
- Measure and compare the performance of different algorithms.

Descriptions (if any):

- Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment. Netbeans / Eclipse or IntellijIdea Community Edition IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.
- **Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.**

Programs List:

1.	
a.	Create a Java class called ***Student***with the following details as variables within it. (i) USN (ii) Name (iii) Branch (iv) Phone Write a Java program to create *nStudent* objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phoneof these objects with suitable headings.
b.	Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop(), and Display() methods to demonstrate its working.
2.	
a.	Design a superclass called ***Staff*** with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely ***Teaching*** (domain, publications), ***Technical*** (skills), and ***Contract*** (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 *staff* objects of all three categories.
b.	Write a Java class called ***Customer*** to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd/mm/yyyy> and display as <name, dd, mm, yyyy> using StringTokenizer class considering the delimiter character as "/".
3.	
a.	Write a Java program to read two integers *a*and*b*. Compute *a*/*b* and print, when *b* is not zero. Raise an exception when *b* is equal to zero.
b.	Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number andprints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
4.	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Quick Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

5.	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Merge Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
6.	Implement in Java, the **0/1 Knapsack** problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.
7.	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using **Dijkstra's algorithm**. Write the program in Java.
8.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal'salgorithm.** Use Union-Find algorithms in your program
9.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Prim's algorithm**.
10.	Write Java programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using **Floyd's algorithm**. (b) Implement **Travelling Sales Person problem** using Dynamic programming.
11.	Design and implement in Java to find a **subset** of a given set **S** = {Sl, S2,.....,Sn} of ***n*** positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer ***d***. For example, if S ={1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and ***d***= 9, there are two solutions {1,2,6}and {1,8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
12.	Design and implement in Java to find all **Hamiltonian Cycles** in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Design algorithms using appropriate design techniques (brute-force, greedy, dynamic programming, etc.)
- Implement a variety of algorithms such assorting, graph related, combinatorial, etc., in a high level language.
- Analyze and compare the performance of algorithms using language features.
- Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structuresto solve real-world problems.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - e) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - f) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	18CSL48	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Develop and test Program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148
- Conduct the experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' &Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

Descriptions (if any):

Programs List:

PART A Conduct the following experiments by writing program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 using an evaluation board/simulator and the required software tool.

1.	Write a program to multiply two 16 bit binary numbers.
2.	Write a program to find the sum of first 10 integer numbers.
3.	Write a program to find factorial of a number.
4.	Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM
5.	Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table.
6.	Write a program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers .
7.	Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
8.	Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.

PART –B Conduct the following experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' &Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

9.	Display “Hello World” message using Internal UART.
10.	Interface and Control a DC Motor.
11.	Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
12.	Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
13.	Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
14.	Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
15.	Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
16.	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Develop and test program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148
- Conduct the following experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' &Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  g) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  h) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR IT INDUSTRY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	18CS51	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	2:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the principles of management, organization and entrepreneur.
- Discuss on planning, staffing, ERP and their importance
- Infer the importance of intellectual property rights and relate the institutional support

Module – 1	CH
Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories,. Planning- Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivationTheories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination- meaning andimportance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Entrepreneur – meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial process, role of entrepreneurs in economic development, entrepreneurship in India and barriers to entrepreneurship. Identification of business opportunities, market feasibility study, technical feasibility study, financial feasibility study and social feasibility study. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Preparation of project and ERP - meaning of project, project identification, project selection, project report, need and significance of project report, contents, formulation, guidelines by planning commission for project report, **Enterprise Resource Planning: Meaning and Importance- ERP** and Functional areas of Management – Marketing / Sales- Supply Chain Management – Finance and Accounting – Human Resources – Types of reports and methods of report generation **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5 **Micro and Small Enterprises:** Definition of micro and small enterprises, characteristics and advantages of micro and small enterprises, steps in establishing micro and small enterprises, Government of India indusial policy 2007 on micro and small enterprises, case study (Microsoft), Case study(Captain G R Gopinath),case study (N R Narayana Murthy &Infosys), **Institutional support:** MSME-DI, NSIC, SIDBI, KIADB, KSSIDC, TECSOK, KSFC, DIC and District level single window agency, **Introduction to IPR.** **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, ERP and outline their importance in entrepreneurship
- Utilize the resources available effectively through ERP
- Make use of IPRs and institutional support in entrepreneurship

Question Paper Pattern:
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. Principles of Management -P. C. Tripathi, P. N. Reddy; Tata McGraw Hill, 4th / 6th Edition, 2010. 2. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management -Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House. 3. Entrepreneurship Development -Small Business Enterprises -Poornima M Charantimath Pearson Education – 2006. 4. Management and Entrepreneurship - KanishkaBedi- Oxford University Press-2017
Reference Books:
1. Management Fundamentals -Concepts, Application, Skill Development Robert Lusier – Thomson. 2. Entrepreneurship Development -S S Khanka -S Chand & Co. 3. Management -Stephen Robbins -Pearson Education /PHI -17th Edition, 2003

PYTHON PROGRAMMING [(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	18AI52	**IA Marks**	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3:2:0	**Exam Marks**	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS – 04

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn the syntax and semantics of Python programming language.
- Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, tuples and dictionaries.
- Demonstrate the use of built-in functions to navigate the file system.
- Implement the Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Python Basics, Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point, and String Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your First Program, Dissecting Your Program,**Flow control,** Boolean Values, Comparison Operators, Boolean Operators,Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control, Program Execution, Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules,Ending a Program Early with sys.exit(), **Functions,**def Statements with Parameters, Return Values and return Statements,The None Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and Global Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short Program: Guess the Number **Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	10
Module – 2	
Lists, The List Data Type, Working with Lists, Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program: Magic 8 Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples,References, **Dictionaries and Structuring Data,** The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data Structures to Model Real-World Things, **Manipulating Strings,** Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Project: Password Locker, Project: Adding Bullets to Wiki Markup **Textbook 1: Chapters 4 – 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module – 3	
Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text Without Regular Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text with Regular Expressions,More Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Greedy and Nongreedy Matching, The findall() Method, Character Classes, Making Your Own Character Classes, The Caret and Dollar Sign Characters, The Wildcard Character, Review of Regex Symbols, Case-Insensitive Matching, Substituting Strings with the sub() Method, Managing Complex Regexes, Combining re .IGNORECASE, re .DOTALL, and re .VERBOSE, Project: Phone Number and Email Address Extractor, **Reading and Writing Files,** Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File Reading/Writing Process, Saving Variables with the shelve Module,Saving Variables with the pprint.pformat() Function, Project: Generating Random Quiz Files, Project: Multiclipboard. **Textbook 1: Chapters 7 – 10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Module – 4	
Classes and objects, Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return values, Objects are mutable, Copying, **Classes and functions,** Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning, **Classes and methods,** Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more complicated example,Theinit method, The __str__ method, Operator overloading, Type-based dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and implementation,**Inheritance,** Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, Decks, Printing the deck, Add, remove, shuffle and sort, Inheritance, Class diagrams, Data encapsulation **Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 18** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module – 5	
Web Scraping, Project: MAPIT.PY with the webbrowser Module, Downloading Files from the Web with the requests Module, Saving Downloaded Files to the Hard Drive, HTML, Parsing HTML with the BeautifulSoup Module, Project: "I'm Feeling Lucky" Google Search,Project: Downloading All XKCD Comics, Controlling the Browser with the selenium Module, **Working with Excel Spreadsheets,** Excel Documents, Installing the openpyxl Module, Reading Excel Documents, Project: Reading Data from a Spreadsheet, Writing Excel Documents, Project: Updating a Spreadsheet, Setting the Font Style of Cells, Font Objects, Formulas, Adjusting Rows and Columns, Charts, **Working with PDF and Word Documents,** PDF Documents, Project: Combining Select Pages from Many PDFs, Word Documents, **Working with CSV files and JSON data,** The csv Module, Project: Removing the Header from CSV Files, JSON and APIs, The json Module, Project: Fetching Current Weather Data **Textbook 1: Chapters 11 – 14** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.
- Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.
- Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Determine the need for scraping websites and working with CSV, JSON and other file formats.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Al Sweigart,**"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python",**1st Edition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/) (Chapters 1 to 18)
2. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist",** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf) (Chapters 13, 15, 16, 17, 18) (Download pdf/html files from the above links)

Reference Books:

1. Jake VanderPlas, **"Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data",** 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-1491912058
2. Charles Dierbach, **"Introduction to Computer Science Using Python",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014
3. Wesley J Chun, **"Core Python Applications Programming",** 3rd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-9332555365

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>18CS53</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>50</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>3 Hrs</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">CREDITS –4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database
Design and build database applications for real world problems.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Module 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td>Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, examples, Specialization and Generalization.
Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.
Textbook 1: Ch4.1 to 4.5, 5.1 to 5.3, 6.1 to 6.5, 8.1; Textbook 2: 3.5
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>SQL : Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. Internet Applications: The three-Tier application architecture, The presentation layer, The Middle Tier
Textbook 1: Ch7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6, 7.5 to 7.7.
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms
Textbook 1: Ch14.1 to 14.7, 15.1 to 15.6</td><td>10</td></tr>
</table>

RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols:** Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failures **Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :	
• Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS. • Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation. • Design and build simple database systems • Develop application to interact with databases.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Textbooks:	
1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson. 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3^{rd} Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill	
Reference Books:	
1. SilberschatzKorth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6^{th} Edition, Mc-GrawHill, 2013. 2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management, Cengage Learning 2012.	

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPUTABILITY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	18CS54	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Introduce core concepts in Automata and Theory of Computation
- Identify different Formal language Classes and their Relationships
- Design Grammars and Recognizers for different formal languages
- Prove or disprove theorems in automata theory using their properties
- Determine the decidability and intractability of Computational problems

Module 1	Contact Hours
Why study the Theory of Computation, Languages and Strings: Strings, Languages. A Language Hierarchy, Computation, **Finite State Machines (FSM)**: Deterministic FSM, Regular languages, Designing FSM, Nondeterministic FSMs, From FSMs to Operational Systems, Simulators for FSMs, Minimizing FSMs, Canonical form of Regular languages, Finite State Transducers, Bidirectional Transducers. **Textbook 1: Ch 1,2, 3,4, 5.1 to 5.10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Regular Expressions (RE): what is a RE?, Kleene's theorem, Applications of REs, Manipulating and Simplifying REs. Regular Grammars: Definition, Regular Grammars and Regular languages. Regular Languages (RL) and Non-regular Languages: How many RLs, To show that a language is regular, Closure properties of RLs, to show some languages are not RLs. **Textbook 1: Ch 6, 7, 8: 6.1 to 6.4, 7.1, 7.2, 8.1 to 8.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Context-Free Grammars(CFG): Introduction to Rewrite Systems and Grammars, CFGs and languages, designing CFGs, simplifying CFGs, proving that a Grammar is correct, Derivation and Parse trees, Ambiguity, Normal Forms. Pushdown Automata (PDA): Definition of non-deterministic PDA, Deterministic and Non-deterministic PDAs, Non-determinism and Halting, alternative equivalent definitions of a PDA, alternatives that are not equivalent to PDA. **Textbook 1: Ch 11, 12: 11.1 to 11.8, 12.1, 12.2, 12,4, 12.5, 12.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Algorithms and Decision Procedures for CFLs: Decidable questions, Un-decidable questions. **Turing Machine**: Turing machine model, Representation, Language acceptability by TM, design of TM, Techniques for TM construction. Variants of Turing Machines (TM), The model of Linear Bounded automata. **Textbook 1: Ch 14: 14.1, 14.2, Textbook 2: Ch 9.1 to 9.8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Decidability: Definition of an algorithm, decidability, decidable languages, Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM, Post correspondence problem. Complexity: Growth rate of functions, the classes of P and NP, Quantum Computation: quantum computers, Church-Turing thesis. **Applications:** G.1 Defining syntax of programming language, Appendix J: Security **Textbook 2: 10.1 to 10.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12.8, 12.8.1, 12.8.2** **Textbook 1: Appendix: G.1(only), J.1 & J.2**	08

RBT: L1, L2, L3	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation
- Learn how to translate between different models of Computation (e.g., Deterministic and Non-deterministic and Software models).
- Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.
- Develop skills in formal reasoning and reduction of a problem to a formal model, with an emphasis on semantic precision and conciseness.
- Classify a problem with respect to different models of Computation.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Elaine Rich, Automata, Computability and Complexity, 1st Edition, Pearson education,2012/2013
2. K L P Mishra, N Chandrasekaran , 3rd Edition, Theory of Computer Science, PhI, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffery D Ullman, Introduction to AutomataTheory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
2. Michael Sipser : Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning,2013
3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013
4. Peter Linz, “An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata”, 3rd Edition, NarosaPublishers, 1998
5. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012
6. C K Nagpal, Formal Languages and Automata Theory, Oxford University press, 2012.

Faculty can utilize open source tools (like JFLAP) to make teaching and learning more interactive.

PRINCIPLES OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	18AI55	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

1.Gain a historical perspective of AI and its foundations.
2. Become familiar with basic principles of AI toward problem solving
3.Get to know approaches of inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning.

Module – 1	**CH**
Introduction to AI: history, Intelligent systems, foundation and sub area of AI , applications, current trend and development of AI. **Problem solving**: state space search and control strategies. **Chapter 1 and 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Problem reduction and Game playing : Problem reduction, game playing, Bounded look-ahead strategy, alpha-beta pruning, Two player perfect information games **Chapter 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Logic concepts and logic Programming: propositional calculus, Propositional logic, natural deduction system, semantic tableau system, resolution refutation, predicate logic, Logic programming. **Chapter 4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Advanced problem solving paradigm: Planning: types of planning sytem, block world problem, logic based planning, Linear planning using a goal stack, Means-ends analysis, Non linear planning strategies, learning plans **Chapter 6.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Knowledge Representation , Expert system Approaches to knowledge representation, knowledge representation using semantic network, extended semantic networks for KR, Knowledge representation using Frames. Expert system: introduction phases, architecture ES verses Traditional system **Chapter 7 and 8 (8.1 to 8.4)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Apply the knowledge of Artificial Intelligence to write simple algorithm for agents.
- Apply the AI knowledge to solve problem on search algorithm.
- Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic.
- Apply first order logic to solve knowledge engineering process.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Saroj Kaushik, Artificial Intelligence, Cengage learning, 2014

Reference Books:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Nils J. Nilsson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Elsevier, 1980
3. StaurtRussel, Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2009
4. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

MATHEMATICS FOR MACHINE LEARNING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	18AI56	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Improve the skills and knowledge in linear algebra to get more out of machine learning.
- Understand the vector calculus required to build many common machine learning techniques.
- Learn the probability and distribution in statistics to build machine learning applications.
- Learn the basic theoretical properties of optimization problems, for applications in machine learning

Module – 1	**CH**
Linear Algebra-Part1: Introduction,Matrices , System of Linear Equations, Vector Spaces, Linear Dependence and Independence, Gaussian Elimination, Basis and basis set, Rank, Norms , Inner Products, Lengths and Distances, Angles **(Ch: 2-2.6, Ch:3-3.3)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Linear Algebra-Part2: Orthogonality, Orthonormal Basis, Orthogonal Complement, Rotations, Determinant and Trace, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – its interpretations, Projections, Regression, Diagonalization, Singular Value Decomposition**(Ch:3.4-3.6, 3.9, Ch:4-4.5)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Vector Calculus: Introduction, Differentiation of Univariate Functions, Partial Differentiation and Gradients, Gradients of Vector-Valued Functions, Gradients of Matrices, Useful Identities for Computing Gradients, Backpropagation **(Ch-5)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Probability and Distribution: Probability concepts, Conditional probability, Bayes' Theorem, Discrete and Continuous Random Variables and Distributions, Expectation and its Interpretations, Standard discrete and continuous distribution functions, Central Limit theorem **(Ch-6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Optimization: Introduction, Optimization Using Gradient Descent, Constrained Optimization and Lagrange Multipliers, Convex Optimization **(Ch-7)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Improve the skills and knowledge in linear algebra to get more out of machine learning.
- Understand the vector calculus required to build many common machine learning techniques.
- Learn the probability and distribution in statistics to build machine learning applications.
- Learn the basic theoretical properties of optimization problems, for applications in machine learning

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, and Cheng Soon Ong. "Mathematics for Machine Learning" , Published by Cambridge University Press, Copyright 2020

Reference Books:

1. Sheldon Axler, “Linear Algebra Done Right” third edition, 2015, Springer
2. David C. Lay, “Linear Algebra and its Applications,” 3rd edition, Pearson Education (Asia) Pte. Ltd,2005.
3. Gilbert Strang, "Linear Algebra and its Applications”, 3rd edition, Thomson Learning Asia, 2003.
4. D. Chatterjee, “Analytical Geometry: Two and Three Dimensions”, Alpha Science International Limited, 2009
5. Charles M. Grinstead, J. Laurie Snell, “Introduction to Probability”.
6. DasGupta, Anirban, “Probability for Statistics and Machine Learning: Fundamentals and Advanced Topics” , Springer, 2011
7. David Morin, “Probability: For the Enthusiastic Beginner”, 2016
8. V. Jeyakumar, Alexander M. Rubinov, “ Continuous Optimization: Current Trends and Modern Applications(Applied Optimization) 2005th Edition
9. Kulkarni, Anand J., Satapathy, Suresh Chandra, “Optimization in Machine Learning and Applications”, Springer, 2020

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	18AIL57	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours		**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Implement and evaluate AI algorithms in Python programming language.

Descriptions (if any):

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

Practicing Problems in Python(Students can be encouraged to practice good number of practice problems , some practice problems are listed here)

1.	(a) Write a python program to print the multiplication table for the given number (b) Write a python program to check whether the given number is prime or not? (c) Write a python program to find factorial of the given number?
2.	(a) Write a python program to implement List operations (Nested List, Length,Concatenation, Membership, Iteration, Indexing and Slicing) (b) Write a python program to implement List methods (Add, Append, Extend & Delete).
3.	Write a python program to implement simple Chatbot with minimum 10 conversations
4.	Write a python program to Illustrate Different Set Operations
5.	(a)Write a python program to implement a function that counts the number of times a string(s1) occurs in another string(s2) (b)Write a program to illustrate Dictionary operations([],in,traversal)and methods: keys(),values(),items()

AI Problems to be implemented in Python

1	Implement and Demonstrate Depth First Search Algorithm on Water Jug Problem
2	Implement and Demonstrate Best First Search Algorithm on any AI problem
3	Implement AO* Search algorithm.
4	Solve 8-Queens Problem with suitable assumptions
5	Implementation of TSP using heuristic approach
6	Implementation of the problem solving strategies: either using Forward Chaining or Backward Chaining
7	Implement resolution principle on FOPL related problems
8	Implement any Game and demonstrate the Game playing strategies

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Implement and demonstrate AI algorithms.
- Evaluate different algorithms.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - o For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - o For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - i) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - j) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

DBMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	18CSL58	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours		**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.
- Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS.

Descriptions (if any):

PART-A: SQL Programming ()

- Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment.
- Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.

PART-B: Mini Project ()

- Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. All applications must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application (Mobile apps on Android/IOS are not permitted.)

.

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

PART A

1. Consider the following schema for a Library Database:
BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year)
BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id, Author_Name)
PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone)
BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Branch_id, No-of_Copies)
BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, Branch_id, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date)
LIBRARY_BRANCH(Branch_id, Branch_Name, Address)
Write SQL queries to
    1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each branch, etc.
    2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017.
    3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation.
    4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query.
    5. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.

2. Consider the following schema for Order Database:
SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Name, City, Commission)
CUSTOMER(Customer_id, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id)
ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id)
Write SQL queries to
    1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.
    2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer.
    3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.)
    4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order

	of a day. 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
3.	Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender) DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone) MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role) RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by ‘Hitchcock’. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by ‘Steven Spielberg’ to 5.
4.	Consider the schema for College Database: STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec) CLASS(USN, SSID) SUBJECT(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits) IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA) Write SQL queries to 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester ‘C’ section. 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN ‘1BI15CS101’ in all subjects. 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = ‘Outstanding’ If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = ‘Average’ If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = ‘Weak’ Give these details only for 8^{th} semester A, B, and C section students.
5.	Consider the schema for Company Database: EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo) DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate) DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc) PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo) WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours) Write SQL queries to 1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is ‘Scott’, either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project. 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the ‘IoT’ project is given a 10 percent raise. 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the ‘Accounts’ department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department 4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlledby department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator). 5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.
PART B: Mini Project	

•	**For any problem selected make sure that the application should have five or more tables indicative areas include; health care , salary management, office automation, etc.**

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Create, Update and query on the database.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
    - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
    - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
    k) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
    l) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
        i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
        ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MACHINE LEARNING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18AI61	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 04

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Define machine learning and understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.
- Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning
- Understand the basic concepts of learning and decision trees.
- Understand Bayesian techniques for problems appear in machine learning
- Perform statistical analysis of machine learning techniques.

Module	CH
Module – 1	**CH**
Introduction: Machine learning Landscape: what is ML?, Why, Types of ML, main challenges of ML (T2:Chapter1) **Concept learning and Learning Problems** – Designing Learning systems, Perspectives and Issues – Concept Learning – Find S-Version Spaces and Candidate Elimination Algorithm –Remarks on VS-Inductive bias – **T2: Chapter 1** **T1:Chapter 1 and 2)**	10
Module – 2	
End to end Machine learning Project : Working with real data, Look at the big picture, Get the data, Discover and visualize the data, Prepare the data, select and train the model, Fine tune your model **Classification** : MNIST, training a Binary classifier, performance measure, multiclass classification, error analysis, multi label classification, multi output classification **(T2: Chapter 2 and 3)**	10
Module – 3	
Training Models: Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized linear models, logistic regression Support Vector Machine: linear, Nonlinear , SVM regression and under the hood **(T2**: **Chapter 4 and 5**) **RBT: L1, L2**	10
Module – 4	
Decision Trees Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training, computational complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability **Ensemble learning and Random Forest**: Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random forests, Boosting, stacking **(T2: Chapter 6 and 7)** **RBT: L1, L2**	10
Module – 5	
Bayes Theorem – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes Optimal Classifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM Algorithm **Text book (T1: Chapter 6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	10

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Choose the learning techniques with this basic knowledge.
- Apply effectively ML algorithms for appropriate applications.
- Apply bayesian techniques and derive effectively learning rules.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
2. AurelienGeron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn &TensorFlow , O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors pvt.Ltd 2019

Reference Books:

1. EthemAlpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2^{nd} Ed., 2013
2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
3. Machine Learning using Python ,Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh kumar, Wiley, 2019
4. Machine Learning, SaikatDutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson,2020

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18AI62	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

- **Course Learning Objectives:** This course will enable students to:
- Understand the fundamentals of digital image processing
- Understand the image transform used in digital image processing
- Understand the image enhancement techniques used in digital image processing
- Understand the image restoration techniques and methods used in digital imageprocessing
- Understand the Morphological Operations and Segmentation used in digital image processing

Module-1	**Contact Hours.**
Digital Image Fundamentals: What is Digital Image Processing?,Originsof Digital Image Processing, Examples of fields that use DIP, FundamentalSteps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image ProcessingSystem, Elements of Visual Perception, Image Sensing and Acquisition,Image Sampling and Quantization, Some Basic Relationships betweenPixels, Linear and Nonlinear Operations. [Text1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.5, 2.6.2]	10
RBT: L1,L2	
Module-2	
Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intensity Transformation Functions,Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering,-SmoothingSpatial Filters, Sharpening SpatialFilters**Frequency Domain**: Preliminary Concepts, The Discrete FourierTransform (DFT) of Two Variables, Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filtering inthe Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing and Image Sharpening UsingFrequency Domain Filters, and Selective Filtering. [Text1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.2 to 3.6 and Chapter 4: Sections 4.2, 4.5 to4.10]	10
RBT: L1,L2, L3	
Module-3	
Restoration: Noise models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Onlyusing Spatial Filtering and Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, and ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering. [Text1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9]	10
RBT: L1,L2, L3	
Module-4	
Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals, Color Models, and Pseudo-colorImage Processing. **Wavelets:** Background, Multiresolution Expansions. **Morphological Image Processing:** Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation,Opening and Closing,	10

The Hit-or-Miss Transforms, and Some BasicMorphological Algorithms. [Text1: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to 6.3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2,Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5]	
RBT: L1,L2, L3	
Module-5	
Segmentation: Introduction, classification of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Detection, Hough Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, and Principles of Thresholding. **Representation and Description:** Representation, and Boundary descriptors. [Text2: Chapter 9: Sections 9.1, to 9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2]	10
RBT: L1,L2, L3	

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course students should be able to:

- Understand, Ascertain and describe the basics of image processing concepts through mathematical interpretation.
- Apply image processing techniques in both the spatial and frequency (Fourier)domains.
- Demonstrate image restoration process and its respective filters required.
- Design image analysis techniques in the form of image segmentation and toevaluate the Methodologies for segmentation.
- Conduct independent study and analysis of Image Enhancement techniques.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.
2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004.

JAVA FOR MOBILE APPLICATIONS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18AI63	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To have an insight into enumerations and collection frameworks for storing and processing data.
- To understand the architecture and components of android application.
- To design interactive user interface.
- To work with SQLite database

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata): Enumerations, Enumeration fundamentals, the values () and valueOf() Methods, java enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values, Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations. **RBT: L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, accessing a collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The Random Access Interface, Working with Maps, Comparators, The Collection Algorithms, Why Generic Collections? The legacy Classes and Interfaces, Parting Thoughts on Collections **RBT: L1, L2**	10
Module 3	
String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, String Literals, String Concatenation, String Concatenation with Other Data Types, String Conversion and toString( ) Character Extraction, charAt( ), getChars( ), getBytes( ) toCharArray(), String Comparison, equals( ) and equalsIgnoreCase( ), regionMatches( ) startsWith( ) and endsWith( ), equals( ) Versus ==, compareTo( ) Searching Strings, Modifying a String, substring( ), concat( ), replace( ), trim( ), Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuffer Constructors, length( ) and capacity( ), ensureCapacity( ), setLength( ), charAt( ) and setCharAt( ), getChars( ),append( ), insert( ), reverse( ), delete( ) and deleteCharAt( ), replace( ), substring( ), Additional StringBuffer Methods, StringBuilder **Text Book 1: Ch 15**	10
Module 4	
Getting Started with Android Programming: What is Android? Features of Android, Android Architecture, obtaining the required tools, launching your first android application **Activities, Fragments and Intents:** Understanding activities, linking activities using intents, fragments.**Text Book 3: Ch 1, 3**	10

RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
Getting to know the Android User Interface: Views and ViewGroups, FrameLayout, LinearLayout, TableLayout, RelativeLayout, ScrollView **Designing User Interface with Views:** TextView view – Button, ImageButton, EditText, Checkbox, ToggleButton, RadioButton and RadioGroupViews. **Creating and using Databases:** Creating the DBAdapter Helper class, using the database programmatically. **Text Book 3: Ch 4.1, 5.1, 7.3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in developing modular and efficient programs
- Understand various application components in android.
- Design efficient user interface using different layouts.
- Develop application with persistent data storage using SQLite

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1.Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference, 7th/9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
2.Jim Keogh: J2EE-TheCompleteReference, McGraw Hill, 2007
3.J. F. DiMarzio, Beginning Android Programming with Android Studio, 4thEdition, 2017

Reference Books:

1. John Horton,Android Programming for Beginners, 1stEdition, 2015
2.Dawn Griffiths & David Griffiths, Head First Android Development, O'Reilly, 1stEdition, 2015

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18AI641	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Analyze the natural language text.
- Define the importance of natural language.
- Understand the concepts Text mining.
- Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Module – 1	Contact Hours
Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model. **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 2	
Word level and syntactic analysis: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency-Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing. **Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 3	
Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths: Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation. **Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles:** Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations. **A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search:** InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience. **Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems, **Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments. **Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results. **Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining. **Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 5	
Information Retrieval And Lexical Resources: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information	08

Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger-Research Corpora. **Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze the natural language text.
- Define the importance of natural language.
- Understand the concepts Text mining.
- Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18AI642	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand the basics of software project management concepts, principles and practices.
- Understand the different methods of estimation for software project.
- Understand the basic concepts, principles and practices of software project scheduling and riskmanagement.
- Analyse a software project based on various review metrics with review guidelines.
- Understand software project maintenance, reengineering and configuration management.

Module – 1	Contact Hours
Project Management Concepts: The Management Spectrum – The People, The Products, The Process, TheProject, People -The Stakeholders, Team Leaders, The Software Team, Agile Teams, Coordination AndCommunication Issues, The Product – Software Scope, Problem Decomposition, The Process – Melding TheProductsAnd The Process, Process Decomposition, The Project, The W5HH Principle, Critical Practices. **T1: Chapter 31** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Metrics in the Process and Project Domains -Process Metrics And Software Process Improvement, ProjectMetrics, Software Measurement – Size-Oriented Metrics, Function-Oriented Metrics, Reconciling LOC AndFP Metrics, Object-Oriented Metrics, Use Cases- Oriented Metrics, Webapp Project Metrics, Metrics ForSoftware Quality – Measuring Quality ,Defect Removal Efficiency, Integrating Metrics With The SoftwareProcess - Arguments For Software Metrics, Establishing A Baseline, Metrics Collection Computation AndEvaluation, Metrics For Small Organisation, Establishing A Software Metrics Program. **T1: Chapter 32** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Estimation for Software Project: Observations On Estimation, The Project Planning Process, SoftwareScope And Feasibility, Resources – Human Resources, Reusable Software Resources, EnvironmentalResources, Software Project Estimation, Decomposition Techniques – Software Sizing, Problem BasedEstimation, An Example Of LOC Based Estimation, An Example Of FP – Based Estimation, Process-BasedEstimation, An Example Of Process- Based Estimation, Estimation With Usecases, An Example Of EstimationUsing Use Case Points, Reconciling Estimates, Empirical Estimation Models – The Structure Of EstimationModels, The COCOMO II Model, The Software Equation. **T1: Chapter 33** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	

Project Scheduling: Basic concepts, Project Scheduling – Basic Principles - The Relationship BetweenPeople and Effort – Effort Distribution, defining a Task Set for The Software Project – a Task Set Example –Refinement of Major Tasks, defining a Task Network, Scheduling – Timeline Charts – Tracking the Schedule– Tracking Progress for an OO Project. **T1: Chapter 34** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Software Quality: What is Quality? Software Quality – Garvin's Quality Dimensions, McColl‟sQualityFactors, ISO 9126 Quality Factors, Targeted Quality Factors, The Transition to a Quantitative View, TheSoftware Quality Dilemma - "Good Enough" Software, The Cost Of Quality, Risks, Negligence and Liability,Quality and Security, The Impact Of Management Actions, Achieving Software Quality – SoftwareEngineering Methods, Project Management Techniques, Quality Control, Quality Assurance. **T1: Chapter 19** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Describe the basics of software project management concepts, principles and practices. • Apply the different metrics and techniques to measure a software project. • Apply software cost estimation models. • Apply scheduling techniques to software project. • Discuss the software quality concepts and good practices.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Textbooks:	
1. Software Engineering: APractitioner'sApproachRoger S. Pressman, BruceMaximMcGraw Hill 8th Edition,2015	
Reference Books:	
1. Software Project ManagementBobHughesMikeCotterellRajibMallMcGraw Hill 6th Edition 2018 2. Managing the Software ProcessWattsHumphreyPearson Education 2000 3. Software Project Management inpracticePankajJalote Pearson Education 2002	

WEB PROGRAMMING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18AI643	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Illustrate the Semantic Structure of HTML and CSS
- Compose forms and tables using HTML and CSS
- Design Client-Side programs using JavaScript and Server-Side programs using PHP
- Infer Object Oriented Programming capabilities of PHP
- Examine JavaScript frameworks such as jQuery and Backbone

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction to HTML, What is HTML and Where did it come from?, HTML Syntax, Semantic Markup, Structure of HTML Documents, Quick Tour of HTML Elements, HTML5 Semantic Structure Elements, Introduction to CSS, What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Location of Styles, Selectors, The Cascade: How Styles Interact, The Box Model, CSS Text Styling. **Textbook 1: Ch. 2, 3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 2	
HTML Tables and Forms, Introducing Tables, Styling Tables, Introducing Forms, Form Control Elements, Table and Form Accessibility, Microformats, Advanced CSS: Layout, Normal Flow, Positioning Elements, Floating Elements, Constructing Multicolumn Layouts, Approaches to CSS Layout, Responsive Design, CSS Frameworks. **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 3	
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting, What is JavaScript and What can it do?, JavaScript Design Principles, Where does JavaScript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript Objects, The Document Object Model (DOM), JavaScript Events, Forms, Introduction to Server-Side Development with PHP, What is Server-Side Development, A Web Server's Responsibilities, Quick Tour of PHP, Program Control, Functions **Textbook 1: Ch. 6, 8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 4	
PHP Arrays and Superglobals, Arrays, $_GET and $_POST Superglobal Arrays, $_SERVER Array, $_Files Array, Reading/Writing Files, PHP Classes and Objects, Object-Oriented Overview, Classes and Objects in PHP, Object Oriented Design, Error Handling and Validation, What are Errors and Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting, PHP Error and Exception Handling **Textbook 1: Ch. 9, 10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8
Module 5	
Managing State, The Problem of State in Web Applications, Passing Information via Query Strings, Passing Information via the URL Path, Cookies, Serialization, Session State, HTML5 Web Storage, Caching, Advanced JavaScript and jQuery, JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQuery Foundations, AJAX, Asynchronous File Transmission, Animation, Backbone MVC Frameworks, XML Processing and Web Services, XML Processing, JSON, Overview of Web Services. **Textbook 1: Ch. 13, 15,17** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	8

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Adapt HTML and CSS syntax and semantics to build web pages.
- Construct and visually format tables and forms using HTML and CSS
- Develop Client-Side Scripts using JavaScript and Server-Side Scripts using PHP to generate and display the contents dynamically.
- Appraise the principles of object oriented development using PHP
- Inspect JavaScript frameworks like jQuery and Backbone which facilitates developer to focus on core features.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, **"Fundamentals of Web Development",** 1st Edition, Pearson Education India. (**ISBN:**978-9332575271)

Reference Books:

1. Robin Nixon, **"Learning PHP, MySQL &JavaScript with jQuery, CSS and HTML5",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2015. (**ISBN:**978-9352130153)
2. Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, **"PHP and MySQL Web Development",** 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. (**ISBN:**978-9332582736)
3. Nicholas C Zakas, **"Professional JavaScript for Web Developers",** 3rd Edition, Wrox/Wiley India, 2012. (**ISBN:**978-8126535088)
4. David Sawyer Mcfarland, **"JavaScript & jQuery: The Missing Manual",** 1st Edition, O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2014

Mandatory Note:

Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (Total 40 Marks):

- 20 Marks through IA Tests
- 20 Marks through practical assessment

Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

FOUNDATION FOR DATA SCIENCE
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18AI644	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand the knowledge of mathematics to explain the concept of data science
- Design Decision tree to predict the class for a given data
- Analyze the given data set, and solve a problem by performing Classification using the basics of mathematics and data science
- Develop solutions to group entities in data set and apply it for the given real-world data using the basic knowledge of similarity, neighbors and clustering

Module – 1	CH
Introduction: Data-Analytic Thinking: The Ubiquity of Data Opportunities, Example: Hurricane Frances, Example: Predicting Customer Churn. Data Science, Engineering, and Data-Driven Decision Making, Data Processing and ―Big Data‖, Data and Data Science Capability as a Strategic Asset, Data-Analytic Thinking. **Business Problems and Data Science Solutions:** From Business Problems to Data Mining Tasks, Supervised Versus Unsupervised Methods, Data Mining and Its Results, The Data Mining Process, Business Understanding, Data Understanding, Data Preparation, Modeling, Evaluation, Deployment, Other Analytics Techniques and Technologies: Statistics, Database Querying, Data Warehousing, Regression Analysis, Machine Learning and Data Mining **Text Book 1: Chapter 1, Chapter 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Introduction to Predictive Modeling: From Correlation to Supervised Segmentation Models, Induction, and Prediction, Supervised Segmentation, Selecting Informative Attributes Example: Attribute Selection with Information Gain, Supervised Segmentation with Tree- Structured Models, Visualizing Segmentations, Trees as Sets of Rules, Probability Estimation, Example: Addressing the Churn Problem with Tree Induction. **Text Book 1: Chapter 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Fitting a Model to Data: Classification via Mathematical Functions: LinearDiscriminant Functions, Optimizing an Objective Function, An Example of Mining a Linear Discriminant from Data, Linear Discriminant Functions for Scoring and Ranking Instances, Support Vector Machines briefly, Regression via Mathematical Functions, Class Probability Estimation and Logistic ―Regression‖. Logistic Regression: Some Technical Details. Example: Logistic Regression versus Tree Induction, Non-Linear Functions, Support vector machines and Neural Networks OverfittingandIts Avoidance: Fundamental Concepts,ExemplaryTechniques,Regularization,Genaralization, Overfitting,Overfitting Examined **Text Book 1: Chapter 4, Chapter 5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Similarity, Neighbors, and Clusters: Similarity and Distance, Nearest-Neighbor Reasoning, Example: Whiskey Analytics, Nearest Neighbors for Predictive Modeling, How Many Neighbors and How Much Influence? Geometric Interpretation, Overfitting, and Complexity Control. Issues with Nearest-Neighbor Methods. Some important Technical Details Relating to Similarities and neighbors. Clustering, Example: Whiskey Analytics Revisited, Hierarchical Clustering, Nearest Neighbors Revisited: Clustering Around Centroids. Understanding the Results of Clustering **Text Book 1: Chapter 6** **RBT: L1, L2,L3**	08
Module – 5	
Decision Analytic Thinking I: What is a Good Model? Evaluating Classifiers Plain Accuracyand its Problems, The confusion matrix, Problems with unbalanced Classes, Problems with Unequal Costs and Benefits. **Representing and Mining Text**: Why Text Is Important? Why Text Is Difficult? Representation, Bag of Words, Term Frequency, Measuring Sparseness: Inverse Document Frequency, Combining Them: TFIDF, Example: Jazz Musicians	08

Other Data Science Tasks and Techniques: Co-occurrences and Associations: Finding Items That Go Together, Measuring Surprise: Lift and Leverage, Example: Beer and Lottery Tickets, Associations Among Facebook Likes, Profiling: Finding Typical Behavior, Link Prediction and Social Recommendation. **Text Book 1: Chapter 7, Chapter 10, Chapter 12** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- **Apply** the knowledge of mathematics to explain the concept of data science, the available techniques in data science and its scope in business
- **Develop** a Decision tree based on supervised segmentation and predict the class for a given data set by selecting (through solving) the attribute for segmentation using the available techniques.
- **Analyze** the given data set, and solve a problem by performing Classification using the basics of mathematics and data science
- **Develop** solutions to group entities in data set and **apply** it for the given real-world data using the basic **knowledge** of similarity, neighbors and clustering
- **Analyze** the importance of mining text (social data) and formulate the association rules based on market basket analysis

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, Data Science for Business, O'Reilly, 2013

Reference Books:

1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, **Doing Data Science**, O'Reilly, 2014.
2. Hector Cuesta, **Practical Data Analysis**, PACKT Publishing, 2013
3. Michael R. Berthold, Christian Borgelt, Frank Hijppner Frank Klawonn, **Guide to Intelligent Data Analysis**, Springer-Verlag London Limited, 2010
4. Data Analytics using Python, Bharti Motwani, Wiley, 2020

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18CS651	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn to setup Android application development environment
- Illustrate user interfaces for interacting with apps and triggering actions
- Interpret tasks used in handling multiple activities
- Identify options to save persistent application data
- Appraise the role of security and performance in Android applications

Module – 1	CH
Get started, Build your first app, Activities, Testing, debugging and using support libraries **Textbook 1: Lesson 1,2,3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
User Interaction, Delightful user experience, Testing your UI **Textbook 1: Lesson 4,5,6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Background Tasks, Triggering, scheduling and optimizing background tasks **Textbook 1: Lesson 7,8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
All about data, Preferences and Settings, Storing data using SQLite, Sharing data with content providers, Loading data using Loaders **Textbook 1: Lesson 9,10,11,12** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Permissions, Performance and Security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish// **Textbook 1: Lesson 13,14,15** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development environment
- Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.
- Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications
- Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications
- Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions and security
- Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the world

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference", Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-

training/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts/details (Download pdf file from the above link)
Reference Books:
1. Erik Hellman, “Android Programming – Pushing the Limits”, 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014. 2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, “Head First Android Development”, 1st Edition, O’Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015. 3. J F DiMarzio, “Beginning Android Programming with Android Studio”, 4th Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126565580 4. Anubhav Pradhan, Anil V Deshpande, “ Composing Mobile Apps” using Android, Wiley 2014, ISBN: 978-81-265-4660-2

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SRUCTURES AND ALGORITHM
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18CS652	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Identify different data structures in C programming language
- Appraise the use of data structures in problem solving
- Implement data structures using C programming language.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to C, constants, variables, data types, input output operations, operators and expressions, control statements, arrays, strings, built-in functions, user defined functions, structures, unions and pointers **Text Book 1: Chapter 1 and 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Algorithms, Asymptotic notations, Introduction to data structures, Types of data structures, Arrays. **Text Book 1: Chapter 3 and 4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Linked lists, Stacks **Text Book 1: Chapter 5 and 6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Queues, Trees **Text Book 1: Chapter 7 and 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Graphs, Sorting ,(selection, insertion, bubble, quick)and searching(Linear, Binary, Hash) **Text Book 1: Chapter 9 and 10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Identify different data structures in C programming language
- Appraise the use of data structures in problem solving
- Implement data structures using C programming language.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Data structures using C , E Balagurusamy, McGraw Hill education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Ellis Horowitz and SartajSahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18CS653	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
- Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.
- Discuss the String Handling examples with Object Oriented concepts

Module – 1	**CH**
An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings **Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. **Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize( ) Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class. **Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions. **Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Enumerations, Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics: I/O Basics, Reading Console Input, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class, Reading and Writing Files, Applet Fundamentals, The transient and volatile Modifiers, Using instanceof, strictfp, Native Methods, Using assert, Static Import, Invoking Overloaded Constructors Through this( ), String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.	08

Text book 1: Ch 12.1,12.2, Ch 13, Ch 15 **RBT: L1, L2**	
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA. • Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java. Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15)	
Reference Books:	
1. Cay S Horstmann, "Core Java - Vol. 1 Fundamentals", Pearson Education, 10th Edition, 2016. 2. Raoul-Gabriel Urma, Mario Fusco, Alan Mycroft, "Java 8 in Action", Dreamtech Press/Manning Press, 1st Edition, 2014.	

INTRODUCTION TO OPERATING SYSTEM (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18CS654	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the fundamentals of operating system
- Comprehend multithreaded programming, process management, memory management and storage management.
- Familier with various types of operating systems

Module – 1	**CH**
Introduction: What OS do, Computer system organization, architecture, structure, Operations, Process, memory and storage management, Protection and security, Distributed systems, Special purpose systems, computing environments. System Structure: OS Services, User OSI, System calls, Types of system calls, System programs, OS design and implementation, OS structure, Virtual machines, OS generation, system boot **Textbook1: Chapter 1, 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Process Concept: Overview, Process scheduling, Operations on process, IPC, Examples in IPC, Communication in client-server systems. Multithreaded Programming: Overview, Models, Libraries, Issues, OS Examples **Textbook1: Chapter 3,4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Process Scheduling: Basic concept, Scheduling criteria, Algorithm, multiple processor scheduling, thread scheduling, OS Examples, Algorithm Evaluation. Synchronization: Background, the critical section problem, Petersons solution, Synchronization hardware, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples, Atomic transactions **Textbook1: Chapter 5, 6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Deadlocks: System model, Deadlock characterization, Method of handling deadlock, Deadlock prevention, Avoidance, Detection, Recovery from deadlock Memory management strategies: Background, swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table, segmentation, **Textbook1: Chapter 7, 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Virtual Memory management: Background, Demand paging, Copy-on-write, Page replacement,	08

allocation of frames, Trashing, Memory mapped files, Allocating Kernel memory, Operating system examples File system: File concept, Access methods, Directory structure, File system mounting, File sharing, protection **Textbook1: Chapter 9, 10** **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the fundamentals of operating system
- Comprehend process management, memory management and storage management.
- Familiar with various types of operating systems

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. A. Silberschatz, P B Galvin, G Gagne, Operating systems, 7th edition, John Wiley and sons,.

Reference Books:

1. William Stalling,"Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2018.
2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Herbert BOS, "Modern Operating Systems", Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2016

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18AIL66	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours		**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Implement and evaluate ML algorithms in Python/Java programming language.

Descriptions (if any):
1. The programs can be implemented in either JAVA or Python.
2. Data sets can be taken from standard repository such as UCI

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

1.	Implement and demonstratethe**FIND-Salgorithm** for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file and show the output for test cases. Develop an interactive program by Compareing the result by implementing **LIST THEN ELIMINATE** algorithm.
2	For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the **Candidate-Elimination**algorithm. Output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
3	Demonstrate Pre processing (Data Cleaning, Integration and Transformation) activity on suitable data: For example: Identify and Delete **Rows that Contain Duplicate Data** by considering an appropriate dataset. Identify and Delete **Columns That Contain a Single Value** by considering an appropriate dataset.
4	Demonstrate the working of the decision tree based **ID3 algorithm**. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge toclassify a new sample.
5	Demonstrate the working of the Random forest **algorithm**. Use an appropriate data set for building and apply this knowledge toclassify a new sample.
6	Implement the **naïve Bayesian classifier** for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
7	Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the **naive Bayesian Classifier** model to perform this task. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.
8	Construct a**Bayesian network** considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set.
9	Demonstrate the working of EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file.
10	Demonstrate the working of SVM classifier for a suitable data set

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Implement and demonstration of ML algorithms.
- Evaluation of different algorithms.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accordance with university regulations)*

  m) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks

  n) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
     i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
     ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	18AIL67	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours		**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Demonstrate the basic skills of image process
- Demonstrate the application development skills
- Design and develop the applications of images

Descriptions (if any): --

- Programming tools preferred: SCILAB, Python, Java or any other relevant platform.
- For Part A: Students must exhibit the results and its print copy to be attached to Lab record.
- For Part B: Real Time Images can be used to demonstrate the work.
  During the practical exam: the students should demonstrate and answer Viva-Voce

Programs List:PART A

1	Write a Program to read a digital image. Split and display image into 4 quadrants, up, down, right and left
2	Write a program to showrotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
3	Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original. Demonstrate the differencein the edge image if you use dilation instead of erosion.
4	Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures usingfiltering techniques
5	Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.

PART B :MINI PROJECT

Student should develop a mini project and it should be demonstratedin the laboratory examination, Some of the projects are listed and it is not limited to:

- Recognition of License Plate through Image Processing
- Recognition of Face Emotion in Real-Time
- Detection of Drowsy Driver in Real-Time
- Recognition of Handwriting by Image Processing
- Detection of Kidney Stone
- Verification of Signature
- Compression of Color Image
- Classification of Image Category
- Detection of Skin Cancer
- Marking System of Attendance using Image Processing
- Detection of Liver Tumor
- IRIS Segmentation
- Detection of Skin Disease and / or Plant Disease
- Biometric Sensing System
- Mobile Phone Camera-based Light Communications
- Modeling of Perspective Distortion within Face Images &Library for Object Tracking
- Controlling of Intelligent Traffic Light & Image Processing

- Controlling of Pests in Agriculture Field with Image Processing

(**During the practical exam: the students should demonstrate and answer Viva-Voce**)

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able toillustrate the following operations:

- Image Segmentation algorithm development
- Image filtering in spatial and frequency domain.
- Morphological operations in analyzing image structures

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A, with equal opportunity. The mini project from PART B to be run &exhibit the results also a report on the work is produced.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accordance with university regulations)*
  - o) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - p) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Course Code	**18AIMP68**	**IA Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**Exam Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	3 Hours/Week	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS – 02

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn and acquire the art of AndroidProgramming.
- Configure Android studio to run theapplications.
- Understand and implement Android's User interfacefunctions.
- Create, modify and query on SQlitedatabase.
- Inspect different methods of sharing data usingservices.

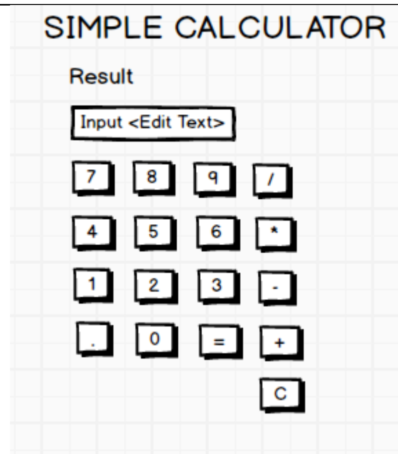
Descriptions (if any):

1. Installation procedure of the Android Studio/Java software must be demonstrated and carried out ingroups.
2. Students should use the latest version of Android Studio/Java/Kotlin to execute these programs. Diagrams given are for representational purpose only, students are expected to improvise on it.
3. Part B programs should be developed as an application and be demonstrated as a mini project in a group by adding extra features or the students can also develop their own application and demonstrate it as a mini project. (Projects/programs are not limited to the list given in Part B)

Programs List:

PART – A

1	Create an application to design aVisiting Card. The Visiting card should haveacompanylogoatthe top right corner. The company name should be displayed in Capital letters, aligned to the center. Information like the name of the employee, job title, phone number, address, email, fax and the website address isto be displayed. Insert a horizontal line between the job title and the phone number. 
2	Develop an Android application usingcontrols like Button, TextView, EditText for designing a calculatorhaving basic functionality like Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication,andDivision.

<table>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>


</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>
Create a SIGN Up activity with Username and Password. Validation of password should happen based on the following rules:

Password should contain uppercase and lowercaseletters.
Password should contain letters andnumbers.
Password should contain specialcharacters.
Minimum length of the password (the default value is8).

On successful SIGN UP proceed to the next Login activity. Here the user should SIGN IN using the Username and Password created during signup activity. If the Username and Password are matched then navigate to the next activity whichdisplays a message saying “Successful Login” or else display a toast message saying “Login Failed”.The user is given only two attempts and after thatdisplay a toast message saying “Failed Login Attempts” and disable the SIGN IN button. Use Bundle to transfer information from one activity to another.

</td>
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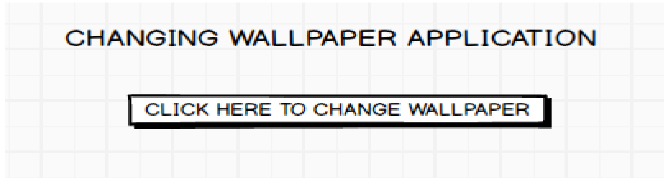
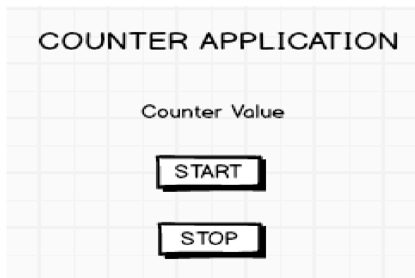
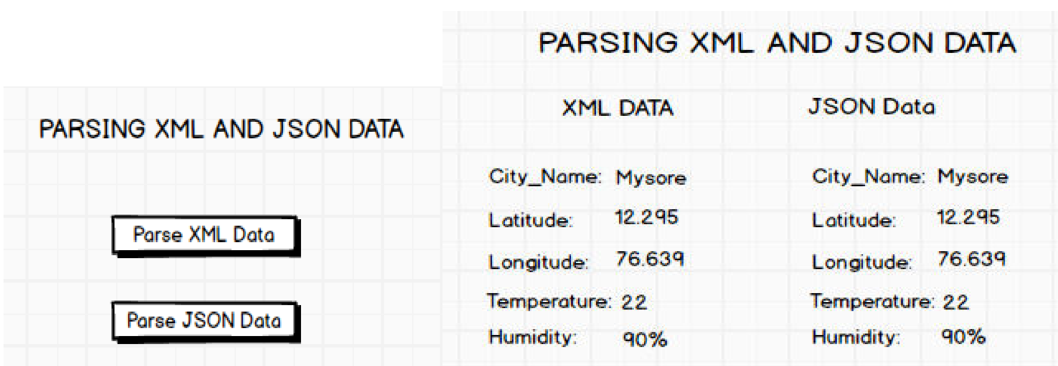
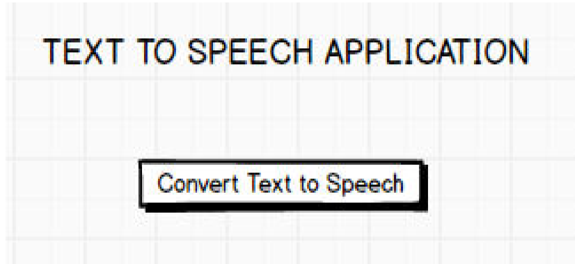
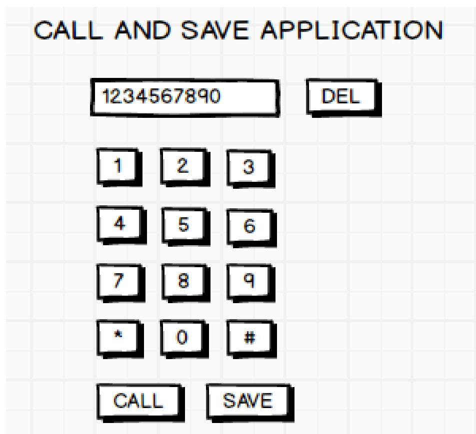
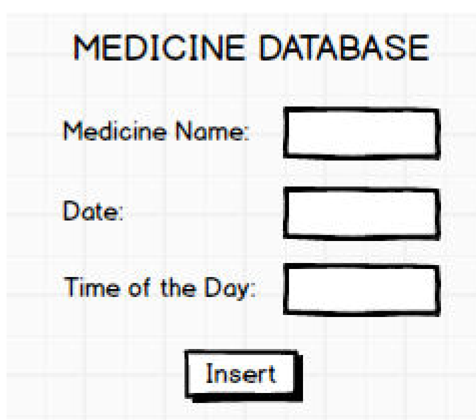
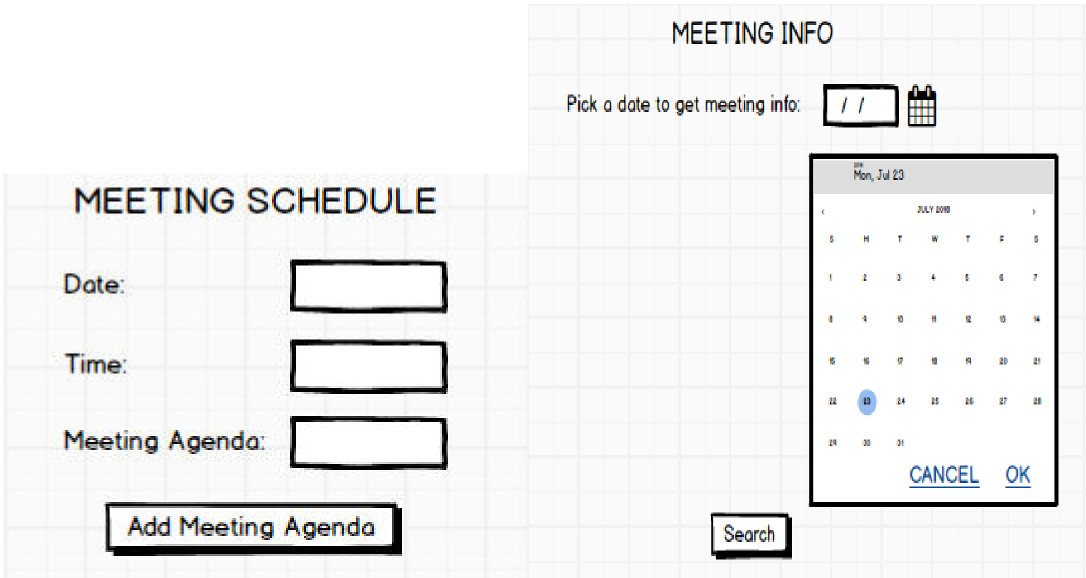
</table>

4	Develop an application to set an image as wallpaper. On click of a button, the wallpaper image should start to change randomly every 30 seconds. 
5	Write a program to create an activity with two buttons START and STOP. On pressin g of the START button, the activity must start the counter by displaying the numbers from One and the counter must keep on counting until the STOP button is pressed. Display the counter value in a TextViewcontrol. 
6	Create two files of XML and JSON type with values for City_Name, Latitude, Longitude, Temperature, and Humidity. Develop an application to create an activity with two buttons to parse the XML and JSON files which when clicked should display the data in their respective layouts side by side. 

7	Develop a simple application with one Edit Text so that the user can write some text in it. Create a button called “Convert Text to Speech” that converts the user input text into voice. 
8	Create an activity like a phone dialer with CALL and SAVE buttons. On pressing the CALL button, it must call the phone number and on pressing the SAVE button it must save the number to the phonecontacts. 
PART - B	
1	Write a program to enter Medicine Name, Date and Time of the Day as input from the user and store it in the SQLite database. Input for Time of the Day should be either Morning or Afternoon or Evening or Night. Trigger an alarm based on the Date and Time of the Day and display the Medicine Name. 

<table>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Develop a content provider application with an activity called “Meeting Schedule” which takes Date, Time and Meeting Agenda as input from the user and store this information into the SQLite database. Create another application with an activity called “Meeting Info” having DatePicker control, which on the selection of a date should display the Meeting Agenda information for that particular date, else it should display a toast message saying “No Meeting on this Date”.

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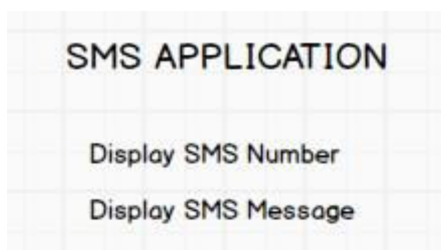
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Create an application to receive an incoming SMS which is notified to the user. On clicking this SMS notification, the message content and the number should be displayed on the screen. Use appropriate emulator control to send the SMS message to your application.

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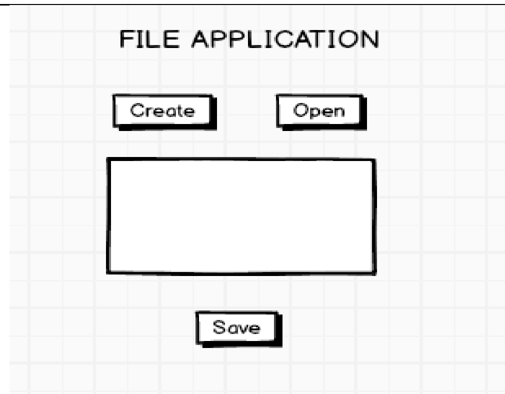
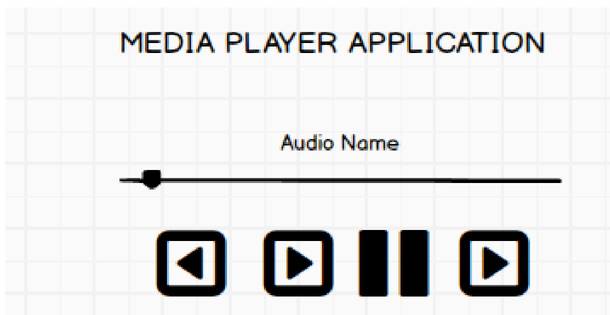
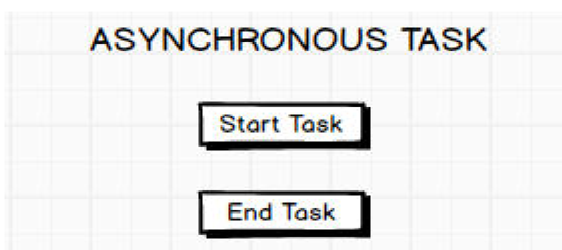
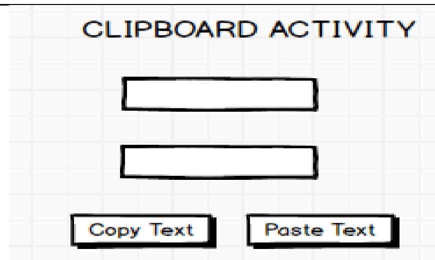
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Write a program to create an activity having a Text box, and also Save, Open and Create buttons. The user has to write some text in the Text box. On pressing the Create button the text should be saved as a text file in MkSDcard. On subsequent changes to the text, the Save button should be pressed to store the latest content to the same file. On pressing the Open button, it should display the contents from the previously stored files in the Text box. If the user tries to save the contents in the Textbox to a file without creating it, then a toast message has to be displayed saying “First Create aFile”.</td>
</tr>
</table>

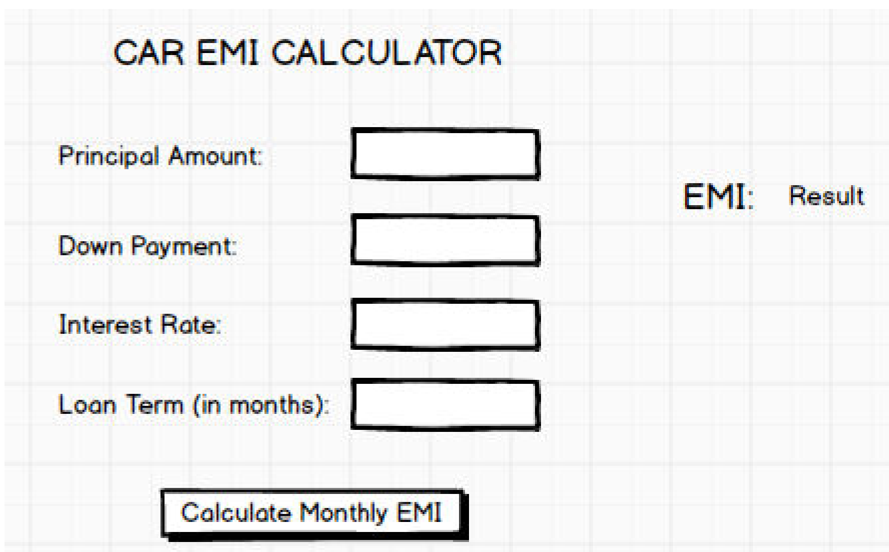
	
5	Create an application to demonstrate a basic media player that allows the user to Forward, Backward, Play and Pause an audio. Also, make use of the indicator in the seek bar to move the audio forward or backward as required. 
6	Develop an application to demonstrate the use of Asynchronous tasks in android. The asynchronous task should implement the functionality of a simple moving banner. On pressing the **Start Task** button, the banner message should scroll from right to left. On pressing the **Stop Task** button, the banner message should stop. Let the banner message be “Demonstration of Asynchronous Task”. 
7	Develop an application that makes use of the clipboard framework for copying and pasting of the text. The activity consists of two Edit Text controls and two Buttons to trigger the copy and paste functionality.

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>8</td><td>Create an AIDL service that calculates Car Loan EMI. The formula to calculate EMI is

$$\mathbf{E = P * (r(1+r)^n)/((1+r)^n-1)}$$

where
E = The EMI payable on the car loan amount
P = The Car loan Principal Amount
r = The interest rate value computed on a monthly basis
n = The loan tenure in the form of months

The down payment amount has to be deducted from the principal amount paid towards buying the Car. Develop an application that makes use of this AIDL service to calculate the EMI. This application should have four Edit Text to read the Principal Amount, Down Payment, Interest Rate, Loan Term (in months) and a button named as “Calculate Monthly EMI”. On click of this button, the result should be shown in a Text View. Also, calculate the EMI by varying the Loan Term and Interest Rate values.


</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td></tr>
</table>

Laboratory Outcomes: After studying these laboratory programs, students will be able to

- Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android developmentenvironment.
- Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range ofdevices.
- Infer long running tasks and background work in Androidapplications.
- Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Androidapplications.

- Infer the role of permissions and security for Androidapplications.

Procedure to Conduct Practical Examination

- **Experiment distribution**
    - **For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.**
    - **For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A with equal opportunity and in Part B demonstrate the Mini project.**
- **Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.**
- **Marks Distribution** ***(Subjected to change in accoradance with university regulations)***
    - **q) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks**
    - **r) For laboratories having PART A and PART B**
        - **i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks**
        - ii. **Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks**

Text Books:

1. Google Developer Training, **"Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference",** Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-training/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts/details
   (Download pdf file from the above link)

Reference Books:

1. Erik Hellman, **"Android Programming – Pushing the Limits",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014. ISBN-13: 978-8126547197
2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, **"Head First Android Development",** 1st Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015. ISBN-13:978-9352131341
3. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart and Kristin Marsicano, **"Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide",** 3rd Edition, Big Nerd Ranch Guides, 2017. ISBN-13:978-0134706054

ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL INTLLIGENCE (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI71	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	4:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents
- Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge
- Explore the explanation based learning in solving AI problems
- Demonstrate the applications of Rough sets and Evolutionary Computing algorithms

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
IntelligentAgents: Agents and Environments, Good Behavior: The Concept of Rationality, The Nature of Environments, The Structure of Agents **Problem Solving :**Game Paying **T1: Chapter 2, Chapter 5 (2.1 to 2.4, 5.1 to 5.6)**	10
Module 2	
Uncertain knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty**,** Acting under Uncertainty , Basic Probability Notation, Inference Using Full Joint Distributions, Independence , Bayes'Rule and Its Use The WumpusWorld Revisited, **T1: Chapter 13**	10
Module 3	
Probabilistic Reasoning, Representing Knowledge in an Uncertain Domain, The Semantics of Bayesian Networks , Efficient Representation of Conditional Distributions Exact Inference in Bayesian Networks, Approximate Inference in Bayesian Networks. **T1: Chapter 14**	10
Module 4	
Perception: Image Formation, Early Image-Processing Operation, Object Recognition by Appearance, Reconstructing the 3DWorld. Object Recognition from Structural Information, Using Vision **T1: Chapter 24**	10
Module 5	
Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model. **T2: Chapter 1, 2**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents
- Illustrate the reasoning on Uncrtain Knowledge

- Explore the explanation based learning in solving AI problems
- Demonstrate the applications of Rough sets and Evolutionary Computing algorithms

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Artificial Intelligence, A Modern Approach, Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Third Edition, Pearson, 2010
2. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. An Introduction to Multi Agent Systems, Michael Wooldridge, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons

ADVANCED MACHINE LEARNING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI72	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	4:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –4			
Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:			
• Demonstrate the fundamentals of GDT • Illustrate the use of KNN • Explore the Text feature Engineering concepts with Applications • Demonstrate the use of Ensemble Methods			

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Advanced Machine Learning: Overview, Gradient Descent algorithm, Scikit-learn library for ML, Advanced Regression models, Advanced ML algorithms, KNN, ensemble methods. **T2: Chapter 6 (upto 6.5.4)** **Forecasting:**Overview, components, moving average, decomposing time series, auto-regressive Models. **T2: Chapter: 8**	10
Module 2	
Hidden Markov Model: Introduction, Issues in HMM(Evalution, decoding, learning, classifier) **T3: Chapter 12** **CLUSTERING** **Introduction,** Types of clustering, Partitioning methods of clustering (k-means, k-medoids), hierarchical methods **T3: Chapter 13**	10
Module 3	
Recommender System: Datasets, Association rules, Collaborative filtering, User-based similarity, item-based similarity, using surprise library, Matrix factorization **Text Analytics:** Overview, Sentiment Classification, Naïve Bayes model for sentiment classification, using TF-IDF vectorizer, Challenges of text analytics **T2: Chapter 9 and** 10	10
Module 4	
Neural networks and genetic algorithms: Brief history and Evolution of Neural network, Biological neuron, Basics of ANN,Activation function, MP model. **T3: Chapter 6** Neural Network Representation – Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Networks and Back Propagation Algorithms – Genetic Algorithms – Hypothesis Space Search – Genetic	10

Programming – Models of Evolution and Learning. **T1: Chapter 4 & 9**	
Module 5	
Instant based learning and learning set of rules: Evaluating Hypothesis: Motivation, Estimating hypothesis accuracy, Basics of sampling theorem, General approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in error of two hypothesis, Comparing learning algorithms. Instance Based Learning: Introduction, k-nearest neighbor learning(review), locally weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning, Reinforcement Learning: Introduction, Learning Task, Q Learning **T1 :Sections: 5.1-5.6, 8.1-8.5, 13.1-13.3**	10
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :	
• Apply effectively ML algorithmsto solve real world problems. • Apply Instant based techniques and derive effectively learning rules to real world problems.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Textbooks:	
T1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013 T2. Machine Learning using Python ,Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley 2019 T3. Machine Learning, Anuradha Srinivasaraghavan, VincyJoeph, Wiley 2019	
Reference Books:	
1. EthemAlpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2^{nd} Ed., 2013 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001 3. Machine Learning, SaikatDutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson,2020	

INTERNET OF THINGS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI731	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Assess the genesis and impact of IoT applications, architectures in real world.
- Illustrate diverse methods of deploying smart objects and connect them to network.
- Compare different Application protocols for IoT.
- Infer the role of Data Analytics and Security in IoT.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
What is IoT, Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact, Convergence of IT and IoT, IoT Challenges, IoT Network Architecture and Design, Drivers Behind New Network Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectures, A Simplified IoT Architecture, The Core IoT Functional Stack, IoT Data Management and Compute Stack. **Textbook 1: Ch.1, 2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Smart Objects: The “Things” in IoT, Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects, Sensor Networks, Connecting Smart Objects, Communications Criteria, IoT Access Technologies. **Textbook 1: Ch.3, 4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
IP as the IoT Network Layer, The Business Case for IP, The need for Optimization, Optimizing IP for IoT, Profiles and Compliances, Application Protocols for IoT, The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods. **Textbook 1: Ch.5, 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Data and Analytics for IoT, An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT, Machine Learning, Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology, Edge Streaming Analytics, Network Analytics, Securing IoT, A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT Security, How IT and OT Security Practices and Systems Vary, Formal Risk Analysis Structures: OCTAVE and FAIR, The Phased Application of Security in an Operational Environment **Textbook 1: Ch.7, 8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints – Arduino UNO: Introduction to Arduino, Arduino UNO, Installing the Software, Fundamentals of Arduino Programming. IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints –RaspberryPi: Introduction to RaspberryPi, About the RaspberryPi Board: Hardware Layout, Operating Systems on RaspberryPi, Configuring RaspberryPi, Programming RaspberryPi with Python, Wireless Temperature Monitoring System Using Pi, DS18B20 Temperature Sensor, Connecting Raspberry Pi via SSH, Accessing Temperature from DS18B20 sensors, Remote access to RaspberryPi, Smart and Connected Cities, An IoT Strategy for Smarter Cities, Smart City IoT Architecture, Smart City Security Architecture,	08

Smart City Use-Case Examples. **Textbook 1: Ch.12** **Textbook 2: Ch.7.1 to 7.4, Ch.8.1 to 8.4, 8.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.
- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry,**"IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things",** 1st Edition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (**ISBN:** 978-9386873743)
2. Srinivasa K G, **"Internet of Things",**CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017

Reference Books:

1. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, **"Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",** 1st Edition, VPT, 2014. (**ISBN:** 978-8173719547)
2. Raj Kamal, **"Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles",** 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (**ISBN:** 978-9352605224)

Mandatory Note:

Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (Total 40 Marks):

- 20 Marks through IA Tests
- 20 Marks through practical assessment

Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Posssible list of practicals:

1. Transmit a string using UART
2. Point-to-Point communication of two Motes over the radio frequency.
3. Multi-point to single point communication of Motes over the radio frequency.LAN (Sub-netting).
4. I2C protocol study
5. Reading Temperature and Relative Humidity value from the sensor

MULTIAGENT SYSTEMS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI732	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To introduce the concept of amultiagent systems and Distributed Constraints
- To explore the main issues surrounding the 93omputer and extended form games.
- To understand learning in Multiagent Systems
- To introduce a contemporary platform for implementing agents and multiagent systems.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Multiagent Problem Formulation: Utility, Markov Decision Processes, Planning **Distributed Constraints**:Distributed Constraint Satisfaction, Distributed Constraint Optimization **T1: Chapters 1 &2, T2: Chapter 1**	08
Module – 2	
Standard and Extended Form Games: Games in Normal Form, Games in Extended Form, Self-interested agents, Characteristic Form Games, Coalition Formation **T1: Chapters 3&4, T2: Chapter 3**	08
Module – 3	
Learning in Multiagent Systems: The Machine Learning Problem, Cooperative Learning, Repeated Games, Stochastic Games, General Theories for Learning Agents, Collective Intelligence **T1: Chapters 5**	08
Module – 4	
Negotiation: The Bargaining Problem, Monotonic Concession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc Negotiation Strategies, The Task Allocation Problem. **Protocols for Multiagent Resource Allocation: Auctions:** Simple Auctions,Combinatorial Auctions **T1: Chapters 6&7,** **T2: Chapter 11**	08
Module – 5	
Voting and Mechanism Design: The Voting Problem, Mechanism Design. **Nature-Inspired Approaches:**Ants and Termites, Immune System **T1: Chapters 8&10,** **T2: Chapter 10**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the concept of anmulti-agent systems and Distributed Constraints
- Explore the applications of 93omputer and extended form games.
- Understand learning in Multiagent Systems
- Introduce a contemporary platform for implementing agents and multi-agent systems.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.

• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos´e M. Vidal, 2006, available online http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf 2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2nd edhttp://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf
Reference Books:
1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial IntelligenceGerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000

BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI733	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Define and Explain the fundamentals of Blockchain
- Illustrate the technologies of blockchain
- Decribe the models of blockchain
- Analyze and demonstrate the Ethereum

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Blockchain 101: Distributed systems, History of blockchain, Introduction to blockchain, Types of blockchain, CAP theorem and blockchain, Benefits and limitations of blockchain. **Text Book 1: Chapter 1**	08
Module-2	
Decentralization and Cryptography: Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Routes to decentralization, Decentralized organizations. Cryptography and Technical Foundations: Cryptographic primitives, Asymmetric cryptography, Public and private keys **Text Book 1: Chapter 2,Chapter 4**	08
Module-3	
Bitcoin and Alternative Coins A: Bitcoin, Transactions, Blockchain, Bitcoin payments B: Alternative Coins Theoretical foundations, Bitcoin limitations, Namecoin, Litecoin, Primecoin, Zcash **Text Book 1: Chapter 3, Chapter 6, Chapter 8**	08
Module-4	
Smart Contracts and Ethereum 101: Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricardian contracts. Ethereum 101: Introduction, Ethereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled contracts. **Text Book 1: Chapter 10**	08
Module-5	
Alternative Blockchains: Blockchains Blockchain-Outside of Currencies: Internet of Things, Government, Health, Finance,	08

Media **Text Book 1: Chapter 17**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Define and Explain the fundamentals of Blockchain
- Illustrate the technologies of blockchain
- Decribe the models of blockchain
- Analyze and demonstrate the Ethereum
- Analyze and demonstrate Hyperledger fabric

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbook:

1.**Mastering Blockchain - Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017**

Reference Books:

1. Blockchain Technology (Concepts and applications), Kumar saurabh, Ashutosh saxena, Wiley, 2020
2. Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies, Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten,2016
3. Blockchain Basics: A Non-Technical Introduction in 25 Steps, Daniel Drescher, Apress, First Edition, 2017
4. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, Andreas M. Antonopoulos, O'Reilly Media, First Edition, 2014

CLOUD COMPUTING AND VIRTUALIZATION (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI734	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Interpret the data in the context of cloud computing.
- Identify an appropriate method to analyze the data in cloud enviornmnet
- Understanding of virtalization concept

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction, Cloud Infrastructure: Cloud computing, Cloud computing delivery models and services, Ethical issues, Cloud vulnerabilities, Cloud computing at Amazon, Cloud computing the Google perspective, Microsoft Windows Azure and online services, Open-source software platforms for private clouds, Cloud storage diversity and vendor lock-in, Energy use and ecological impact, Service level agreements, Exercises and problems. **Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (1.3-1.6), Chapter 3 (3.1-3.5, 3.7,3.8)** RBT: L1, L2	08
Module – 2	
Cloud Computing: Application Paradigms.: Challenges of cloud computing, Architectural styles of cloud computing, Workflows: Coordination of multiple activities, Coordination based on a state machine model: The Zookeeper, The Map Reduce programming model, A case study: The GreThe Web application, Cloud for science and engineering, High-performance computing on a cloud, Cloud computing for Biology research, Social computing, digital content and cloud computing. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (4.1-4.11)** RBT:L1,L2	08
Module – 3	
Cloud Resource Virtualization: Virtualization, Layering and virtualization, Virtual machine monitors, Virtual Machines, Performance and Security Isolation, Full virtualization and paravirtualization, Hardware support for virtualization, Case Study: Xen a VMM based paravirtualization, Optimization of network virtualization, vBlades, Performance comparison of virtual machines, The dark side of virtualization, Exercises and problems	08

Textbook 1: Chapter 5 (5.1-5.9, 5.11,5.12,5.16) RBT:L1,L2	
Module – 4	
Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two-level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling, Exercises and problems. **Textbook1: Chapter 6 (6.1-6.14, 6.16)** RBT : L1, L2, L3	08
Module – 5	
Cloud Security, Cloud Application Development: Cloud security risks, Security: The top concern for cloud users, Privacy and privacy impact assessment, Trust, Operating system security, Virtual machine Security, Security of virtualization, Security risks posed by shared images, Security risks posed by a management OS, A trusted virtual machine monitor, Amazon web services: EC2 instances, Connecting clients to cloud instances through firewalls, Security rules for application and transport layer protocols in EC2, How to launch an EC2 Linux instance and connect to it, How to useS3 in java **Textbook1: Chapter 9 (**9.1-9.9, 11.1-11.5) RBT: L1, L2, L3	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Understand the concepts of cloud computing, virtualization and classify services of cloud computing • Illustrate architecture and programming in cloud • Define the platforms for development of cloud applications and List the application of cloud.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.	

• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Dan C. Marinescu, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.
Reference Books:
1. Mastering Cloud Computing Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and ThamaraiSelvi McGraw Hill Education

FUZZY LOGIC AND ITS APPLICATION **(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)** **SEMESTER – VII**			
Subject Code	18AI741	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Define crisp set and fuzzy set theory.
- Identify the requirements to make calculation of fuzzy set theory.
- Describe fuzzy arithmetic principles.
- Explain fuzzy rules based systems.
- Apply fuzzy graphical techniques to draw inference over the computing problems.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: Historical perspective, utility of fuzzy systems, limitations of fuzzy systems, statistics andrandom processes, uncertainty in information, fuzzy sets and membership, chance versus fuzziness, sets aspoints in Hypercube.**Classical Sets and Fuzzy Sets:** classical sets, operations on them, mapping of classical sets to functions, fuzzysets, fuzzy set operations, properties of fuzzy sets, non-interactive fuzzy sets. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Classical Relations and Fuzzy Relations: Cartesian Product, Crisp Relations – Cardinality of Crisp Relations,Operations on Crisp Relations, and Properties of Crisp Relations, Composition. Fuzzy Relations –Cardinalityof Fuzzy Relations, Operations on Fuzzy Relations, Properties of Fuzzy Relations, Fuzzy Cartesian Productand Composition, Non-interactive Fuzzy Sets. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Membership Functions: Features of the Membership Function, Standard Forms and Boundaries,Fuzzification, defuzzification to crisp sets, Lambda-Cuts for Fuzzy Sets, Lambda-Cuts for Fuzzy Relations,DefuzzificationMethods.Development of membership Functions: Membership value assignments **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Fuzzy Arithmetic and the Extension Principle : Crisp Functions, Mapping and Relations,	08

Functions of fuzzySets – Extension Principle, Fuzzy Transform (Mapping), Practical Considerations. Fuzzy Numbers IntervalAnalysis in Arithmetic, Approximate Methods of Extension – Vertex method, DSW Algorithm, RestrictedDSW Algorithm, Comparisons. Fuzzy Vectors. **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module – 5	
Fuzzy Rule Based Systems: Natural Language, Linguistic Hedges, Rule-Based Systems – Canonical RuleForms, Decomposition of Compound Rules, Likelihood and Truth Qualification, Aggregation of Fuzzy Rules.Graphical Techniques of Inference. **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Provide basic elements of fuzzy sets.
- Differentiate between fuzzy set and classical set theory.
- Apply fuzzy membership functions to solve value assignment problems.
- Explain approximate methods of fuzzy arithmetic and extension principle.
- Discuss the applications of fuzzy rule based systems.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Fuzzy Logic with EngineeringApplicationsTimothy J. Ross Wiley IndiaInternational edition,2010 reprint

Reference Books:

1. Fuzzy Logic- Intelligence,Control, and informationJohnYenRezaLangariPearson Education 1st Edition, 2004
2. Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic-Theory and ApplicationsGeorge J. KlirBoYuanPrentice Hall of India 1st Edition, 2000
3. Fuzzy Mathematical approach to pattern Recognition, S K Pal, and D Dutta majumder , John wiley 1986
4. Neuro-fuzzy pattern recognition: methods in Soft computing, S K Pal and S Mitra
5. Fuzzy set theory and its applications by H J Zimmermann, Springer Publications

COMPUTER VISION
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	18AI742	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn basic principles of image formation, image processing algorithms and different

algorithms for recognition from single or multiple images (video). • Understand the core vision tasks of scene understanding and recognition. • Applications to 3D modelling, video analysis, video surveillance, object recognition	
Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction and Image Formation: What is computer vision? A brief history, Geometric primitives and transformations, Photometric image formation, The digital camera. Pinhole Perspective, Weak Perspective, Cameras with Lenses, The Human Eye, Intrinsic Parameters and Extrinsic Parameters, Geometric Camera Calibration **T1: Chap 1-1.1 & 1.2, Chap 2-2.1 to 2.3. T2:Chap 1-1.1 to 1.3**	08
Module – 2	
Early Vision – One Image: Linear Filters and Convolution, Shift Invariant Linear Systems, Spatial Frequency and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing, Filters as Templates, Local Image Features, Texture **T2:Chap 4-4.1 to 4.5, Chap5-5.1 to 5.5, Chap6-6.1 to 6.3, 6.5**	08
Module – 3	
Early Vision – Multiple Images: Stereopsis and Structure from Motion **T2:Chap7-7.1 to 7.7, Chap 8-8.1 to 8.3**	08
Module – 4	
Mid-level Vision: Segmentation by Clustering, Grouping and Model fitting, Tracking **T2:Chap9-9.1 to 9.4, Chap 10-10.1 to 10.7, Chap 11-11.1 to 11.3**	08
Module – 5	
High-level Vision: Registration, Smooth Surface and their Outlines, Range Data Detecting Objects in Images, Recognition **T2:Chap12-12.1 to 12.3, Chap 13-13.1 to 13.3, Chap 14-14.1 to 14.4, Chap 17-17.1 to 17.3. T1:Chap 6-6.1 to 6.6**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision • Understand Image formation process • Perform shape analysis • Develop applications using computer vision techniques • Understand video processing and motion computation	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions.	

- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications (CVAA), Richard Szeliski, Springer, 2nd edition, 2020, http://szeliski.org/Book/
2. Computer Vision – A modern approach, by D. Forsyth and J. Ponce, Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2012

Reference Books:

1. R. C. Gonzalez, R. E. Woods. Digital Image Processing. Addison Wesley Longman, Inc., 1992.
2. D. H. Ballard, C. M. Brown. Computer Vision. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1982.
3. Image Processing, Analysis, and Machine Vision. Sonka, Hlavac, and Boyle. Thomson.
4. Simon J. D. Prince, Computer Vision: Models, Learning, and Inference, Cambridge University, Press, 2012
5. Introductory Techniques for 3D Computer Vision, by E. Trucco and A. Verri, Publisher: Prentice Hall.
6. Building Computer Vision Applications Using Artificial Neural Networks - With Step-by-step Examples in OpencvAndTensorflow With Python, Shamshad Ansari, Apress, 2020

SEMANTIC WEB AND SOCIAL NETWORKS

(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	18AI743	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To understand the components of the social network.
- To model and visualize the social network.
- To mine the users in the social network.
- To understand the evolution of the social network.
- To know the applications in real time systems.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Web Intelligence: Thinking and Intelligent Web Applications, The Information Age ,The World Wide. Web, Limitations of Today's Web, The Next Generation Web, Machine Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence, Ontology, Inference engines, Software Agents, Berners-Lee www, Semantic Road Map,Logic on the semantic Web. **T1: Chapter 1,3,4**	08

RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 2	
Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web: Ontologies and their role in the semantic web, Ontologies Languages for the Semantic Web –Resource Description Framework(RDF) / RDF Schema, Ontology Web Language(OWL), UML, XML/XML Schema. **T1: Chapter 2,5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Ontology Engineering: Ontology Engineering, Constructing Ontology, Ontology Development Tools,Ontology Methods, Ontology Sharing and Merging, Ontology Libraries and Ontology Mapping, Logic,Rule and Inference Engines. **T1: Chapter 7,8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology: Semantic Web applications and services,Semantic Search, e-learning, Semantic Bioinformatics, Knowledge Base ,XML Based Web Services,Creating an OWL-S Ontology for Web Services, Semantic Search Technology, Web Search Agents and Semantic Methods **T1: Chapter 10,11,12** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Social Network Analysis and semantic web. What is social Networks analysis, development of the social networks analysis, Electronic Sources forNetwork Analysis – Electronic Discussion networks, Blogs and Online Communities, Web Based Networks. Building Semantic Web Applications with social network features. **T2: Chapter 2,3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Work on the internal components of the social network. • Model and visualize the social network. • Analyse the behaviour of the users in the social network. • Predict the possible next outcome of the social network. • Apply social network in real time applications.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks	

• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. Thinking on the Web – Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley inter science, 2008. 2. Social Networks and the Semantic Web, Peter Mika, Springer, 2007.
Reference Books:
1. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems, J. Davies, R. Studer, P. Warren, John Wiley & Sons. 2. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services -Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers,(Taylor & Francis Group) 3. Information Sharing on the semantic Web – Heiner Stuckenschmidt; Frank Van Harmelen,Springer Publications. 4. Programming the Semantic Web, T. Segaran, C.Evans, J. Taylor, O'Reilly, SPD.

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI744	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.
- Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematicalmodelling behind decision support.
- Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.Explore knowledge management, explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

Module – 1	Contact Hours
Decision Support and Business Intelligence: Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments andComputerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, AnEarly Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), Aframework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support. **Text Book 1: Chapter 1** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Computerised Decision Support: Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, TheIntelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions AreSupported.**Modelling and Analysis:**Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, andRisk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, andGoal Seeking **Text Book 1: Chapter 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Data Warehousing: Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview, DataWarehousing Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes. **Text Book 1: Chapter 5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Knowledge Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning andTransformation, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, InformationTechnology (IT) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation. **Text Book 1: Chapter 11** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Expert Systems: Basic Concepts of Expert Systems, Applications of Expert Systems, Structure of ExpertSystems, Knowledge Engineering, Problem Areas Suitable for Expert Systems, Development of Expert Systems,Benefits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems.

Text Book 1: Chapter 12

RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">
Apply the basics of data and business to understand Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.
Describe the significance of 106omputerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to understand the mathematical modelling behind decision support.
Explain Data warehousing , its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
Analyze the importance of knowledge management and explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
Describe the Expert systems and analyze its development , discuss areas suitable forapplication of experts system.
</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question Paper Pattern:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">
The question paper will have ten questions.
Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Textbooks:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">
Business Intelligence and Analytics: Systems for decision support, RameshSharda,DursunDelden, Efraim Turban, Pearson Tenth edition
</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reference Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">
Data Mining Techniques. ForMarketing, Sales and CustomerRelationshipManagementBerry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O’Reilly Media,Inc2013
</td></tr>
</table>

INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA ANALYTICS (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18CS751	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Interpret the data in the context of the business.
- Identify an appropriate method to analyze the data
- Show analytical model of a system

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to Data Analytics and Decision Making: Introduction, Overview of the Book, The Methods, The Software, Modeling and Models, Graphical Models, Algebraic Models, Spreadsheet Models, Seven-Step ModelingProcess.**Describing the Distribution of a Single Variable**:Introduction,Basic Concepts, Populations and Samples, Data Sets,Variables,and Observations, Types of Data, Descriptive Measures for Categorical Variables, Descriptive Measures for Numerical Variables, Numerical Summary Measures, Numerical Summary Measures with StatTools,Charts for Numerical Variables, Time Series Data, Outliers and Missing Values,Outliers,Missing Values, Excel Tables for Filtering,Sorting,and Summarizing. **Finding Relationships among Variables**: Introduction, Relationships among Categorical Variables, Relationships among Categorical Variables and a Numerical Variable, Stacked and Unstacked Formats, Relationships among Numerical Variables, Scatterplots, Correlation and Covariance, Pivot Tables. **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2,3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 2	
Probability and Probability Distributions:Introduction,Probability Essentials, Rule of Complements, Addition Rule, Conditional Probability and the Multiplication Rule, Probabilistic Independence, Equally Likely Events, Subjective Versus Objective Probabilities, Probability Distribution of a Single Random Variable, Summary Measures of a Probability Distribution, Conditional Mean and Variance, Introduction to Simulation. **Normal,Binormal,Poisson,and Exponential Distributions**:Introduction,The Normal Distribution, Continuous Distributions and Density Functions, The Normal Density,Standardizing:Z-Values,Normal Tables and Z-Values, Normal Calculations in Excel, Empirical Rules Revisited, Weighted Sums of Normal Random Variables, Applications of the Normal Random Distribution, The Binomial Distribution, Mean and Standard Deviation of the Binomial Distribution, The Binomial Distribution in the Context of Sampling, The Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Applications of the Binomial Distribution, The Poisson and Exponential Distributions, The Poisson Distribution, The Exponential Distribution. **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Module – 3	
Decision Making under Uncertainty:Introduction,Elements of Decision Analysis, Payoff Tables, Possible Decision Criteria, Expected Monetary Value(EMY),Sensitivity Analysis, Decision Trees, Risk Profiles, The Precision Tree Add-In,Bayes' Rule, Multistage Decision Problems and the Value of Information, The Value of Information, Risk Aversion and Expected Utility, Utility Functions, Exponential Utility, Certainty Equivalents, Is Expected Utility Maximization Used? **Sampling and Sampling Distributions**: Introduction, Sampling Terminology, Methods for Selecting Random Samples, Simple Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling, Stratified Sampling, Cluster Sampling, Multistage Sampling Schemes, Introduction to Estimation, Sources of Estimation Error, Key Terms in Sampling, Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean, The Central Limit Theorem, Sample Size Selection, Summary of Key Ideas for Simple Random Sampling. **Textbook 1: Ch. 6,7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Confidence Interval Estimation: Introduction, Sampling Distributions, The t Distribution, Other Sampling Distributions, Confidence Interval for a Mean, Confidence Interval for a Total, Confidence Interval for a Proportion, Confidence Interval for a Standard Deviation, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Means, Independent Samples, Paired Samples, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Proportions, Sample Size Selection, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of the Mean, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of Other Parameters. **Hypothesis Testing**:Introduction,Concepts in Hypothesis Testing, Null and Alternative Hypothesis, One-Tailed Versus Two-Tailed Tests, Types of Errors, Significance Level and Rejection Region, Significance from p-values, Type II Errors and Power, Hypothesis Tests and Confidence Intervals, Practical versus Statistical Significance, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Mean, Hypothesis Tests for Other Parameters, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Proportion, Hypothesis Tests for Differences between Population Means, Hypothesis Test for Equal Population Variances, Hypothesis Tests for Difference between Population Proportions, Tests for Normality, Chi-Square Test for Independence. **Textbook 1: Ch. 8,9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 5	
Regression Analysis: Estimating Relationships: Introduction, Scatterplots : Graphing Relationships, Linear versus Nonlinear Relationships,Outliers,Unequal Variance, No Relationship,Correlations:Indications of Linear Relationships, Simple Linear Regression, Least Squares Estimation, Standard Error of Estimate, The Percentage of Variation Explained:R-Square,Multiple Regression, Interpretation of Regression Coefficients, Interpretation of Standard Error of Estimate and R-Square, Modeling Possibilities, Dummy Variables, Interaction Variables, Nonlinear Transformations, Validation of the Fit. **Regression Analysis**: Statistical Inference:Introduction,The Statistical Model, Inferences About the Regression Coefficients, Sampling Distribution of the Regression Coefficients, Hypothesis Tests for the Regression Coefficients and p-Values, A Test for the Overall Fit: The ANOVA Table,Multicollinearity,Include/Exclude Decisions, Stepwise Regression,Outliers,Violations of Regression Assumptions,Nonconstant Error Variance,Nonnormality of Residuals,Autocorrelated Residuals ,Prediction. **Textbook 1: Ch. 10,11** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the importance of data and data analysis
- Interpret the probabilistic models for data
- Define hypothesis, uncertainty principle
- Evaluate regression analysis

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. S C Albright and W L Winston, Business analytics: data analysis and decision making, 5/e Cenage Learning

Reference Books:

1. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Analytics: A Hands-On Approach", 1st Edition, VPT Publications, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0996025577
2. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, "Big Data Analytics Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2018 ISBN: 9789353164966, 9353164966

PYTHON APPLICATION PROGRAMMING
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	18CS752	**IA Marks**	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3:0:0	**Exam Marks**	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

- Learn Syntax and Semantics and create Functions in Python.
- Handle Strings and Files in Python.
- Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular expressions in Python.
- Implement Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python
- Build Web Services and introduction to Network and Database Programmingin Python.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Why should you learn to write programs, Variables, expressions and statements, Conditional execution, Functions **Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 2	
Iteration, Strings, Files **Textbook 1: Chapters 5– 7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 3	
Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, Regular Expressions **Textbook 1: Chapters 8 – 11** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Classes and objects, Classes and functions, Classes and methods **Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 17** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 5	
Networked programs, Using Web Services, Using databases and SQL **Textbook 1: Chapters 12– 13, 15** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Examine Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
- Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
- Create, run and manipulate Python Programs using core data structures like Lists, Dictionaries and use Regular Expressions.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.

Question paper pattern:
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Charles R. Severance, **"Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3",** 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. (http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf) 2. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist",** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf) (Download pdf files from the above links)
Reference Books:
1. Charles Dierbach, **"Introduction to Computer Science Using Python",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014 2. Gowrishankar S, Veena A, **"Introduction to Python Programming",** 1st Edition, CRC Press/Taylor & Francis, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0815394372 3. Mark Lutz, **"Programming Python",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2011.ISBN-13: 978-9350232873 4. Roberto Tamassia, Michael H Goldwasser, Michael T Goodrich, **"Data Structures and Algorithms in Python",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126562176 5. ReemaThareja, **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach",** Oxford university press, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-0199480173

INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18CS753	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			
Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:			
• Identify the problems where AI is required and the different methods available • Compare and contrast different AI techniques available. • Define and explain learning algorithms			

Module – 1	**ContactHours**
What is artificial intelligence?, Problems, Problem Spaces and search **TextBook1: Ch 1, 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Module – 2	
Knowledge Representation Issues, Using Predicate Logic, Representing knowledge using Rules, **TextBoook1: Ch 4, 5 and 6.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning **TextBoook1: Ch 7, 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Game Playing, Natural Language Processing **TextBoook1: Ch 12 and 15** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Learning, Expert Systems. **TextBook1: Ch 17 and 20** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Identify the AI based problems • Apply techniques to solve the AI problems • Define learning and explain various learning techniques • Discuss on expert systems	
Question paper pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. E. Rich , K. Knight & S. B. Nair – Artificial Intelligence, 3/e, McGraw Hill.	
Reference Books:	
1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Pearson Education 2nd Edition. 2. Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems – Prentice Hal of India. 3. G. Luger, “Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem Solving”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2002. 4. Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Development by D W Rolston-Mc Graw hill. 5. N.P. Padhy “Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems” , Oxford University Press-2015	

INTRODUCTION TO DOT NET FRAMEWORK FOR APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	18CS754	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Inspect Visual Studio programming environment and toolset designed to build applications for Microsoft Windows
- Understand Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language.
- Interpret Interfaces and define custom interfaces for application.
- Build custom collections and generics in C#
- Construct events and query data using query expressions

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introducing Microsoft Visual C# and Microsoft Visual Studio 2015: Welcome to C#, Working with variables, operators and expressions, Writing methods and applying scope, Using decision statements, Using compound assignment and iteration statements, Managing errors and exceptions **T1: Chapter 1 – Chapter 6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Understanding the C# object model: Creating and Managing classes and objects, Understanding values and references, Creating value types with enumerations and structures, Using arrays **Textbook 1: Ch 7 to 10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Understanding parameter arrays, Working with inheritance, Creating interfaces and defining abstract classes, Using garbage collection and resource management **Textbook 1: Ch 11 to 14** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Defining Extensible Types with C#: Implementing properties to access fields, Using indexers, Introducing generics, Using collections **Textbook 1: Ch 15 to 18** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Enumerating Collections, Decoupling application logic and handling events, Querying in-memory data by using query expressions, Operator overloading **Textbook 1: Ch 19 to 22** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Build applications on Visual Studio .NET platform by understanding the syntax and semantics of

C#

- Demonstrate Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language
- Design custom interfaces for applications and leverage the available built-in interfaces in building complex applications.
- Illustrate the use of generics and collections in C#
- Compose queries to query in-memory data and define own operator behaviour

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. John Sharp, Microsoft Visual C# Step by Step, 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2016

Reference Books:

1. Christian Nagel, "C# 6 and .NET Core 1.0", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, "Head First C#", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013.
2. Mark Michaelis, "Essential C# 6.0", 5th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016.
3. Andrew Troelsen, "Prof C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework", 6th Edition, Apress and Dreamtech Press, 2012.

AI AND ML APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	18AIL76	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours		**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explore the knowledge of AI and ML concepts and practice to groom students into well-informed application developers.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of human cognition, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and data engineering for designing intelligent systems
- Apply computational knowledge and project development skills to provide innovative solutions.
- Strong practice in AI and ML programming through a variety of AI and ML problems.
- Develop AI and ML applications using front-end and back-end tools

Descriptions (if any): 1. The programs can be implemented in either JAVA or Python.

2. Data sets can be taken from standard repository

Part A

1. Write a program to implement **k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm** to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions.
2. Develop a program to apply K-means algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using **EM algorithm**. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering.
3. Implement the non-parametric **Locally Weighted Regressionalgorithm** in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs
4. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the **Backpropagation algorithm** and test the same using appropriate data sets
5. Demonstrate **Genetic algorithm** by taking a suitable data for any simple application.
6. Demonstrate **Q learning** algorithm with suitable assumption for a problem statement.

PART B

Mini Project

- Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. Developed mini projectns must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application
- Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.
- Indicative areas include: health care, education, agriculture, banking, library, agent based systems, registration systems, industry, reservation systems, facility management, super market etc.,Similar to but not limited to:

  Handwritten Digit Recognition
  Prediction of Cardiac Arrhythmia type using Clustering and Regression Approach
  Hybrid Regression Technique for House Prices Prediction
  An Iris Recognition Algorithm for Identity Authentication
  An Approach to Maintain Attendance using Image Processing Techniques
  Unconstrained Face Recognition
  Vehicle Number Plate Detection System
  Detection of Fake News
  Stock Prediction using Linear Regression
  Prediction of Weather Report
  Analyzing Bike Sharing Trends
  Sentiment Analysis for Movie Reviews
  Analyzing and Recommendations of Music Trends
  Forecasting Stock and Commodity Prices
  Diabetes Prediction
  Speech Recognition
  Spam Detection using neural Networks in Python

Combining satellite imagery and to predict poverty

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution

- For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
- For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.

- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Subjected to change in accordance with university regulations)*
  - s) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - t) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	18AI81	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Identify the deep learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks in various domains.
- Implement deep learning algorithms and solve real-world problems.
- Execute performance metrics of Deep Learning Techniques.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to ANN: Biological to Artificial neuron, Training an MLP, Training a DNN with TensorFlow , Fine tuning NN HyperParametersUp and Running with TensorFlow **Chapter 9 and 10**	08
Module-2	
Deep Neural network: Introduction, Vanishing Gradient problems, Reusing Pretrained layers, Faster optimizers, avoiding over fitting through regularization **Chapter 11**	08
Module-3	
Distributing Tensor flow across devices and servers: Multiple devices on a single machine, multiple servers, parallelizing NN on a Tensor Flow cluster **Convolution Neural Network**: Architecture of the visual cortex, Convolutional layer, Pooling layer, CNN architecture	08

Chapter 12 and 13	
Module-4	
Recurrent Neural Network: Recurrent neurons, Basic RNN in Tensor Flow, Training RNN , Deep RNNs, LSTM Cell, GRU Cell, NLP **Chapter 14**	08
Module-5	
Autoencoders: Efficient data representation, Performing PCA, Stacked autoencoders, Unsupervised pretraining using SA, Denoising, Sparse autoencoders, variational and other autoencoders. **Reinforcement Learning:** Learning to optimize rewards, policy search, Introduction to OpenAI Gym, Neural network polices, Evaluating actions, Policy gradients, Markov decision processes, TDL and Q-learning, Learning to play Ms.Pac-man using Deep Q Learning **Chapter 15 and 16**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify the deep learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks in various domains.
- Implement deep learning algorithms and solve real-world problems.
- Execute performance metrics of Deep Learning Techniques.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Hands on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn &TensorFlow, AurelienGeron, O'Reilly, 2019

Reference Books:

1. Deep Learning Lan Good fellow and YoshuaBengio and Aaron CourvilleMIT Press2016.
2. Neural Networks and Deep Learning, Charu C. Aggarwal, Springer International Publishing, 2018

SYSTEM MODELLING AND SIMULATION
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	18AI821	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the basic system concept and definitions of system;
- Discuss techniques to model and to simulate various systems;
- Analyze a system and to make use of the information to improve the performance.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: When simulation is the appropriate tool and when it is not appropriate, Advantages and disadvantages of Simulation; Areas of application, Systems and system environment; Components of a system; Discrete and continuous systems, Model of a system; Types of Models, Discrete-Event System Simulation Simulation examples: Simulation of queuing systems. **General Principles.** **Textbook 1: Ch. 1, 2, 3.1.1, 3.1.3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Statistical Models in Simulation :Review of terminology and concepts, Useful statistical models,Discrete distributions. Continuous distributions,Poisson process, Empirical distributions. **Queuing Models:**Characteristics of queuing systems,Queuingnotation,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems cont…,Steady-state behavior of M/G/1 queue, Networks of queues, **Textbook 1: Ch. 5,6.1 to 6.3, 6.4.1,6.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Random-NumberGeneration: Properties of random numbers; Generation of pseudo-random numbers, Techniques for generating random numbers,Tests for Random Numbers, **Random-Variate Generation:** ,Inverse transform technique Acceptance-Rejection technique. **Textbook 1: Ch. 7,8.1, 8.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Input Modeling: Data Collection; Identifying the distribution with data, Parameter estimation, Goodness of Fit Tests, Fitting a non-stationary Poisson process, Selecting input models without data, Multivariate and Time-Series input models. **Estimation of Absolute Performance:** Types of simulations with respect to output analysis ,Stochastic nature of output data, Measures of performance and their estimation, **Textbook 1: Ch. 9, 11.1 to 11.3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Measures of performance and their estimation,Output analysis for terminating simulations Continued..,Output analysis for steady-state simulations. **Verification, Calibration And Validation:** Optimization: Model building, verification and validation, Verification of simulation models, Verification of simulation models,Calibration and validation of models, Optimization via Simulation.	08

Textbook 1: Ch. 11.4, 11.5, 10 RBT: L1, L2, L3	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the system concept and apply functional modeling method to model the activities of a static system
- Describe the behavior of a dynamic system and create an analogous model for a dynamic system;
- Simulate the operation of a dynamic system and make improvement according to the simulation results.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M. Nicol: Discrete-Event System Simulation, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Lawrence M.Leemis, Stephen K. Park: Discrete – Event Simulation: A First Course, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Averill M. Law: Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 4 th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">SOFT AND EVOLUTIONARY COMPUTING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VIII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>18AI822</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>3 Hrs</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Describe the basics of Soft computing
• Explain the process Fuzzy &Genetic Algorithm to solve the optimization problem.
• Analyse the Neuro Fuzzy system for clustering and classification.
• Illustrate the process of swarm intelligence system to solve real world problems.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introduction to Soft computing: Neural networks, Fuzzy logic, Genetic algorithms, Hybrid systems and its applications.

Introduction to classical sets and fuzzy sets: Classical relations and fuzzy relations, Membership functions.
T1: Chapter 1 and 7& 8</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Fuzzification and Defuzzification
T1: Chapter 9 & 10</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Genetic algorithms: Introduction, Basic operations, Traditional algorithms, Simple GA General genetic algorithms, Operators, Stopping conditions for GA flow.
T1: Chapter 15.1 To 15.10
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Swarm Intelligence System: Introduction, background of SI, Ant colony system

Working of ant colony optimization, ant colony for TSP.

T2: 8.1 to 8.5
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Unit commitment problem, particle Swarm Intelligence system

Artificial bee colony system, Cuckoo search system.

T2: 8.6 to 8.9
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Implement machine learning through neural networks.
• Design Genetic Algorithm to solve the optimization problem.
• Develop a Fuzzy expert system.</td></tr>
</table>

- Model Neuro Fuzzy system for clustering and classification

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Principles of Soft computing, Shivanandam, Deepa S. N, Wiley India, 2011/Reprint2014
2. Soft Computing with MATLAB Programming, N. P. Padhy, S.P. Simon, Oxford, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Neuro-fuzzy and soft computing, .S.R. Jang, C.T. Sun, E. Mizutani, Phi (EEE edition), 2012
2. Soft Computing, SarojKaushik, SunitaTiwari, McGrawHill, 2018

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	18AI823	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To understand basic concepts of RPA
- To DescribeRPA,where it can be applied and how it is implemented
- To Describe the different types of variables,Control Flow and data manipulation techniques
- To Underst and Image,Text and DataTables Automation
- To Describe various types of Exceptions and strategies to handle

Module – 1	Contact Hours
RPA Foundations- What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps- Flowcharts. **Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2** **RBT:L1,L2**	08
Module – 2	
RPA Platforms- Components of RPA- RPA Platforms-About Ui Path- About UiPath - The future of automation - Record and Play - Downloading and installing UiPath Studio - Learning Ui Path Studio- - Task recorder - Step-by-step examples using the recorder. **Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Sequence, Flowchart, and Control Flow-Sequencing the workflow-Activities-Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example). **Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4** **RBT:L1,L2**	08
Module – 4	
Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control-Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities-Working with UiExplorer- Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points. **Text book 2: Ch 5** **RBT:L1,L2**	08
Module – 5	

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screenshots- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA **Text book 2: Ch 8** **Text book 1: Ch 13** **RBT:L1,L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- ToUnderstand the basicconcepts of RPA
- To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- To Describe the different types of variables,control flow and data manipulation techniques
- To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- To Describe varioustypes and strategies to handle exceptions

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- There will be 2 questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems,2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher:Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN:9781788470940

Reference Books:

1. Frank Casale,Rebecca Dilla,Heidi Jaynes,Lauren Livingston,"Introductionto Robotic Process Automation :A Primer",Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots,Automate Repetitive Tasks& Become An RPA Consultant
3. Srikanth Merianda,Robotic Process Automation Tools,Process Automation and their benefits:Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

MODERN INFORMATION RETRIEVAL (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VIII			
Subject Code	18AI824	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	3 Hrs
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To learn the classical techniques of Information Retrieval and extract meaningful patterns from it.
- To get an insight into practical algorithms of textual document indexing, relevant ranking, web mining, text analytics and their performance evaluations.
- To acquire the necessary experience to design, and implement applications using Information Retrieval systems

Module – 1	Contact Hours
Introduction: Basic Concepts – Retrieval Process – Modeling – Classic Information Retrieval – Set Theoretic, Algebraic and Probabilistic Models. **Text Book 1: Chapter 1, Chapter 2**	08
Module – 2	
Retrieval Techniques: Structured Text Retrieval Models –Retrieval Evaluation – Word Sense Disambiguation. **Text Book 1: Chapter 3**	08
Module – 3	
Querying: Languages – Key Word based Querying – Pattern Matching – Structural Queries – Query Operations – User Relevance Feedback – Local and Global Analysis **Text Book 1: Chapter 4, Chapter 5**	08
Module – 4	
Text Operations: Document Pre-processing – Clustering – Text Compression - Indexing and Searching – Inverted files – Boolean Queries – Sequential searching – Pattern matching. **Text Book 1: Chapter 7, Chapter 8**	08
Module – 5	
User Interface&Applications: User Interface and Visualization – Human Computer Interaction – Access Process – Starting Points – Query Specification - Context – User relevance Judgment – Interface for Search. Searching the Web – Challenges – Characterizing the Web – Search Engines – Browsing – Metasearchers – Online IR systems – Online Public Access Catalogs. **Text Book 1: Chapter 10, Chapter 13, Chapter 14**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Apply information retrieval principles to locate relevant information in large collections of data
- Implement features of retrieval systems for web-based search tasks.
- Apply the common algorithms and techniques for information retrieval related to document indexing and query processing
- Demonstrate a thorough understanding and solid knowledge of the principles and techniques of

human-computer interaction • Implement graphical user interfaces with modern software tools • Develop and design interactive software systems applications for real time applications • Design and develop web applications for the effective informational retrieval
Question Paper Pattern:
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. Ricardo Baeza-Yate, Berthier Ribeiro-Neto, Modern Information Retrieval, Pearson Education Asia, 2012.
Reference Books:
1. G.G. Chowdhury, Introduction to Modern Information Retrieval, Second Edition, Neal- Schuman Publishers, 2010.

III Semester

TRANSFORM CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES			
Course Code:	**21MAT31**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. To have an insight into solving ordinary differential equations by using Laplace transform techniques

CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier series to represent periodical physical phenomena in engineering analysis.

CLO 3. To enable the students to study Fourier Transforms and concepts of infinite Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms and to learn the method of solving difference equations by the z-transform method.

CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in solving ordinary and partial differential equations arising in engineering applications, using numerical methods

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Definition and Laplace transforms of elementary functions (statements only). Problems on Laplace transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$. Laplace transforms of Periodic functions (statement only) and unit-step function – problems.

Inverse Laplace transforms definition and problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms (without Proof) and problems. Laplace transforms of derivatives, solution of differential equations.

Self-study: Solution of simultaneous first-order differential equations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /

Module-2

Introduction to infinite series, convergence and divergence. Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series of periodic functions with period 2π and arbitrary period. Half range Fourier series. Practical harmonic analysis.

Self-study: Convergence of series by D'Alembert's Ratio test and, Cauchy's root test

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation

Module-3	
Infinite Fourier transforms definition, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms, Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transforms. Problems. Difference equations, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, Problems. Inverse z-transform and applications to solve difference equations. **Self-Study:** Initial value and final value theorems, problems.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Module-4	
Classifications of second-order partial differential equations, finite difference approximations to derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by Schmidt explicit formula and Crank- Nicholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems. **Self-Study:** Solution of Poisson equations using standard five-point formula.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Module-5	
Second-order differential equations - Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. (No derivations of formulae). Calculus of Variations: Functionals, Euler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a plane, Variational problems. **Self- Study:** Hanging chain problem	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. To solve ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform.
- CO 2. Demonstrate Fourier series to study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing and field theory.
- CO 3. To use Fourier transforms to analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-Transform techniques to solve difference equations
- CO 4. To solve mathematical models represented by initial or boundary value problems involving partial differential equations
- CO 5. Determine the extremals of functionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in dynamics of rigid bodies and vibrational analysis.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018
2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016.

Reference Books:

1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed.
2. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Reprint, 2016.
3. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest edition.
4. C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw – Hill Book Co.Newyork, Latest ed.
5. Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
6. H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014).
7. James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
2. http://academicearth.org/
3. http://www.bookstreet.in.
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program
5. VTU EDUSAT Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS

Course Code:	**21CS32**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for implementing solutions to problems.

CLO 2. Illustrate representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.

CLO 3. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists.
CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development.
CLO 5. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure operations (Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting). Review of Arrays. Structures: Array of structures Self-Referential Structures.
Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.
Demonstration of representation of Polynomials and Sparse Matrices with arrays.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array Operations
   a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
   b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
   c. Exit.

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations
   a. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
   b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)
   c. Display of Array Elements
   d. Exit.

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to illustrate application of arrays and structures. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-1/List%20of%20experiments.html

Module-2	
Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays. Different representation of expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to prefix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression, recursion. **Queues:** Definition, Array Representation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues. **Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4, 3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13**	
Laboratory Component: 1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX) a. *Push* an Element on to Stack b. *Pop* an Element from Stack c. Demonstrate *Overflow* and *Underflow* situations on Stack d. Display the status of Stack e. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations 2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html
Module-3	
Linked Lists: Definition, classification of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Memory, Traversing, Insertion, Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9**	
Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) of Integer Data a. Create a SLL stack of N integer. b. Display of SLL c. Linear search. Create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of integers. 2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of specialization a. Create a DLL stack of N Professor's Data. b. Create a DLL queue of N Professor's Data Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.	
Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Module-4

Trees 1: Terminologies, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching operation on Binary search tree. Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9

Laboratory Component:

1. Given an array of elements, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order fashion. That is, elements from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from level 0. Ex: Input :
   arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
   Output : Root of the following tree
   ```
         1
        / \
       2   3
      / \  /\
     4    5  6
   ```
2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers
   a. Create a BST of N Integers
   b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html

Module-5

Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree, Splay tree, B-tree.

Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth FirstSearch.

Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1: Chapter 6 : 6.1–6.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3, Textbook 2: 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7

Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities
   a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
   b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.

2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.

	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.

2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications,2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

III Semester

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS			
Course Code	**21CS33**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the use of photo electronics devices, 555 timer IC, Regulator ICs and uA741

CLO 2. Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits.

CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits

CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipflops and apply for registers

CLO 5. Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion techniques.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to base Bias, voltage divider bias

Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Peak Detector, Schmitt trigger, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-to-Voltage and Voltage-to-Current Converter, Regulated Power Supply Parameters, adjustable voltage regulator, D to A and A to D converter.

Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9.

Laboratory Component:

1. Simulate BJT CE voltage divider biased voltage amplifier using any suitable circuit simulator.
2. Using ua 741 Opamp, design a 1 kHz Relaxation Oscillator with 50% duty cycle
3. Design an astable multivibrator circuit for three cases of duty cycle (50%, <50% and >50%) using NE 555 timer IC.
4. Using ua 741 opamap, design a window comparator for any given UTP and LTP.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of circuits using simulation. 2. Project work: Design a integrated power supply and function generator operating at audio frequency. Sine, square and triangular functions are to be generated. 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-2

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical 2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3,SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-5

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-segment display to display the output 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.

CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.

CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods

CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.

CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Raghunandan G H Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019

Reference Books

1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving **-** applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

III Semester

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE			
Course Code	**21CS34**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand the organization and architecture of computer systems, their structure and operation
- CLO 2. Illustrate the concept of machine instructions and programs
- CLO 3. Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices
- CLO 4. Describe different types memory devices and their functions
- CLO 5. Explain arithmetic and logical operations with different data types
- CLO 6. Demonstrate processing unit with parallel processing and pipeline architecture

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.

Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 2.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits

Textbook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Virtual memories

Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 (5.5.1, 5.5.2)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers **Basic Processing Unit:** Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control, Microprogrammed control **Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Chapter6 – 6.1 to 6.3** **Textbook 1: Chapter7 – 7.1, 7.2,7.4, 7.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors **Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.6, 9.7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain the organization and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and programs
- CO 2. Analyze the input/output devices communicating with computer system
- CO 3. Demonstrate the functions of different types of memory devices
- CO 4. Apply different data types on simple arithmetic and logical unit
- CO 5. Analyze the functions of basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall

be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
6. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
- Quizzes

III Semester

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA LABORATORY			
Course Code	**21CSL35**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of Eclipse/Netbeans IDE to create Java Applications.
CLO 2. Using java programming to develop programs for solving real-world problems.
CLO 3. Reinforce the understanding of basic object-oriented programming concepts.

	Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.
	Prerequisite
	• Students should be familiarized about java installation and setting the java environment. • Usage of IDEs like Eclipse/Netbeans should be introduced.
Sl. No.	***PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory***
1	Aim: Introduce the java fundamentals, data types, operators in java Program: Write a java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula.
2	Aim: Demonstrating creation of java classes, objects, constructors, declaration and initialization of variables. Program: Create a Java class called **Student** with the following details as variables within it. USN Name Branch Phone Write a Java program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.
3	Aim: Discuss the various Decision-making statements, loop constructs in java Program: A. Write a program to check prime number B.Write a program for Arithmetic calculator using switch case menu
4	Aim: Demonstrate the core object-oriented concept of Inheritance, polymorphism Design a super class called **Staff** with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories.
5	Aim: Introduce concepts of method overloading, constructor overloading, overriding. Program: Write a java program demonstrating Method overloading and Constructor overloading.
6	Aim: Introduce the concept of Abstraction, packages. Program: Develop a java application to implement currency converter (Dollar to INR, EURO to INR, Yen to INR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM and vice versa), time converter (hours to minutes, seconds and vice versa) using packages.
7	Aim: Introduction to abstract classes, abstract methods, and Interface in java

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
8	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi-threaded programming. Program: Write a Java program that implements a **multi-thread** application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
9	Aim: Introduce java Collections. Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
10	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally. Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. **Compute** a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
11	Aim: Introduce File operations in java. Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
12	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings. Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set)
At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Use Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
- CO 2. Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object-oriented data and document results.
- CO 4. Apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop robust programs.
- CO 5. Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks.**

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40.**

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8^{th} week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14^{th} week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of $PART\ A$ with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For $PART\ B$ examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.*
- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6^{th} Edition, 2019.
2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11^{th} Edition, 2020

III Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">MASTERING OFFICE
(Practical based)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21CSL381</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>0:0:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>12T + 12P</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>02</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives:
CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations.
CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options.
CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available.
CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.
CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students’ Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.</td></tr>
</table>

Textbook 1: Chapter 5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies
Module-4	
MS-Access - Using Access database wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design view. Datasheet Records – Adding, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows and columns, finding data in a table & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.
Module-5	
Microsoft Outlook- Introduction, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook, Outlook Data Files **Textbook 1: Chapter 7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet.
- CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker
- CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc.
- CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.
- CO 5. Use Google Suite for office data management tasks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE
2. https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I
3. https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4
4. https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc
5. https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw
6. http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx
7. https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center
8. http://spoken-tutorial.org

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

III Semester

PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	**21CS382**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9) .

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving
Module-4	
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file operations. **Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Chapter 13 (13.6,13.7)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Exception Handling: Introduction to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block- Throw statement- Pre-defined exceptions in C++ . **Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13.6)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to understand and design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming concepts.
- CO 2. Able to reuse the code with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function Overloading.
- CO 3. Achieve code reusability and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism
- CO 4. Identify and explore the Performance analysis of I/O Streams.
- CO 5. Implement the features of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for providing programmed solutions to complex problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++" , apress, 2010
3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Basics of C++ - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA
2. Functions of C++ - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw

Tutorial Link:

1. https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp
2. https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- **Demonstration of simple projects**

03.09.2022

IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
Course Code	**21CS42**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.
CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.
CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.
CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.
CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning. 2. Chalk & board, Active Learning. 3. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-2

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5(Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

   complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-4

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. **All Pairs Shortest Paths**: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-5

Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

1. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,…, Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

IV Semester

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS			
Course Code	**21CS43**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1: Understand the fundamentals of ARM-based systems, including programming modules with registers and the CPSR.

CLO 2: Use the various instructions to program the ARM controller.

CLO 3: Program various embedded components using the embedded C program.

CLO 4: Identify various components, their purpose, and their application to the embedded system's applicability.

CLO 5: Understand the embedded system's real-time operating system and its application in IoT.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. The lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show video/animation films to explain the functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (group learning) learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in multiple representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world, and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software.

ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5

Laboratory Component:

1. Using Keil software, observe the various registers, dump, CPSR, with a simple ALP programme.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of registers, memory access, and CPSR in a programme module. 2. For concepts, numerical, and discussion, use chalk and a whiteboard, as well as a PowerPoint presentation.

Module-2

Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set: Data Processing Instructions , Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants

C Compilers and Optimization : Basic C Data Types, C Looping Structures, Register Allocation, Function

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Laboratory Component:
2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
2. Laboratory Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">C Compilers and Optimization :Structure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness, Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.

ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs

Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Laboratory Component:
1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.
3. Display “Hello World” message using Internal UART.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
2. Chalk and Board for numerical</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.
Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface (onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.

Textbook 2: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Laboratory Component:
1. Interface and Control a DC Motor.
2. Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
3. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
4. Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
5. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
6. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
7. Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil.
2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization</td></tr>
</table>

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4 , 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion 2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using raspberry pi

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019
2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

IV Semester

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	**21CS44**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS
CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources
CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands
CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning and problem solving 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuVcp2O 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2

Module-2

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling. **Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors. **Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and problem solving 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo
Module-3	
Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. **Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation. **Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PLEJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30
Module-4	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. **File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. **Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLIY8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY
Module-5	
Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems. **Case Study: The Linux Operating System:** Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication. **Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=PLEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.	

CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuVcp2O

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mkO
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning • Real world problem solving using group discussion. • Role play for process scheduling. • Present animation for Deadlock. • Real world examples of memory management concepts

03.09.2022

IV Semester

PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY			
Course Code	**21CSL46**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications
CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems
CLO 3. Implement the Object-Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
CLO 4. Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others
CLO 5. Demonstrate regular expression using python programming

Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.

Prerequisite

- Students should be familiarized about Python installation and setting Python environment
- Usage of IDLE or IDE like PyCharm should be introduced

Python Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Kn1HF3oD19c
PyCharm Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZUNUB6nz3g

Sl. No.	***PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory***
1	**Aim:** Introduce the Python fundamentals, data types, operators, flow control and exception handling in Python a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's marks accepted from the user. b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number. Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU Operators: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI Flow Control: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw
2	**Aim:** Demonstrating creation of functions, passing parameters and return values a) Defined as a function F as Fn = Fn-1 + Fn-2. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where N >0) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable error message if the condition for input value is not followed. b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using functions. Functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVfCWuca9nw Arguments: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ Return value: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44
3	**Aim:** Demonstration of manipulation of strings using string methods a) Write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits, uppercase letters and lowercase letters.

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>b) Write a Python program to find the string similarity between two given strings
Sample Output:
Original string:
Python Exercises
Python Exercises
Similarity between two said strings:
1.0
Sample Output:
Original string:
Python Exercises
Python Exercise
Similarity between two said strings:
0.967741935483871

Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lSItwlnF0eU
String functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tuple and dictionary

a) Write a python program to implement insertion sort and merge sort using lists
b) Write a program to convert roman numbers in to integer values using dictionaries.

Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eaz5e6M8tL4
List methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8-RDVWGktuI
Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bdS4dHIJGBc
Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TItKabcTTQ4
Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Q0pW8XBOkc
Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition with and without using regular expressions

a) Write a function called isphonenumber () to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression.
b) Develop a python program that could search the text in a file for phone numbers (+919900889977) and email addresses (sample@gmail.com)

Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LnzFnZfHLS4</td></tr>
<tr><td>6</td><td>Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing and organizing files.

a) Write a python program to accept a file name from the user and perform the following operations
1. Display the first N line of the file
2. Find the frequency of occurrence of the word accepted from the user in the file
b) Write a python program to create a ZIP file of a particular folder which contains several files inside it.

Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuyb7CxZgbU
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKewJTQ0

File organization: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses</td></tr>
<tr><td>7</td><td>Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of classes, methods, objects and inheritance</td></tr>
</table>

	a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle. b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department. OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU
8	**Aim:** Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance. Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
9	**Aim:** Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comics b) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
10	**Aim:** Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFs b) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Full Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc	
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
PART B – Practical Based Learning	
A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.	
Course Outcomes: CO 1. Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. CO 2. Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. CO 3. Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. CO 4. Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python. CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.	

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8^{th} week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14^{th} week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.*

- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

1. Al Sweigart, **“Automate the Boring Stuff with Python”,**1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
2. Reema Thareja “**Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**” Oxford University Press.
3. Allen B. Downey, **“Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist”,** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

IV Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">WEB PROGRAMMING
(Practical based)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21CSL481</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>0:0:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>12T + 12P</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>02</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives:
CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and history of web browsers.
CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags with utilizations.
CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic document utilizations.
CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Element access in JavaScript.
CLO 5. Logically plan and develop web pages..</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction to WEB Programming: Internet, WWW, Web Browsers, and Web Servers, URLs, MIME, HTTP, Security, The Web Programmers Toolbox.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">HTML and XHTML: Origins of HTML and XHTML, Basic syntax, Standard XHTML document structure, Basic text markup, Images, Hypertext Links, Lists, Tables. Forms, Frames in HTML and XHTML, Syntactic differences between HTML and XHTML.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.10)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CSS: Introduction, Levels of style sheets, Style specification formats, Selector forms, Property value forms, Font properties, List properties, Color, Alignment of text, Background images, tags.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Java Script – I: Object orientation and JavaScript; General syntactic characteristics; Primitives,</td></tr>
</table>

Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM
2. HTML and XHTML: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg
3. CSS: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE
4. Java Script and HTML Documents: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0
5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc

Tutorial Link:

1. http://www.tutorialspoint.com
2. http://www.w3schools.com

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	**21CS482**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.
CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.
CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.
CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.
CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4) , Chapter 2- 2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving

Module-4

Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, $, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

IV Semester

R PROGRAMMING (Practical based)			
Course Code	**21CSL483**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Explore and understand how R and R Studio interactive environment.
CLO 2. To learn and practice programming techniques using R programming.
CLO 3. Read Structured Data into R from various sources.
CLO 4. Understand the different data Structures, data types in R.
CLO 5. To develop small applications using R Programming

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignment, and Vectors: R for Basic Math, Arithmetic, Variables, Functions, Vectors, Expressions and assignments Logical expressions.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

Matrices and Arrays: Defining a Matrix, Sub-setting, Matrix Operations, **Conditions and Looping:** if statements, looping with for, looping with while, vector based programming.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter 3- 3.2 to 3.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

Lists and Data Frames: Data Frames, **Lists,** Special values, The apply facmily.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving

Module-4

Functions: Calling functions, scoping, Arguments matching, writing functions: The function command, Arguments, specialized function.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code. **Textbook 1: Chapter 8- 8.1 to 8.8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,
- CO 2. To demonstrations, and writing R code.
- CO 3. To apply critical programming language concepts such as data types, iteration,
- CO 4. To understand control structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs and through examples
- CO 5. To import a variety of data formats into R using R-Studio
- CO 6. To prepare or tidy data for in preparation for analyze.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks.**

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley,2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN			
Course Code	**21CS51**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Automata Theory: Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4
Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design: Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering , Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 – 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-3	
Context Free Grammars: Definition and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees, Ambiguity and Elimination of Ambiguity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring. **Syntax Analysis Phase of Compilers: part-1:** Role of Parser , Top-Down Parsing **Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5.1.6, 5.2 (5.2.1, 5.2.2), 5.4** **Textbook 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 (4.3.2 to 4.3.4) ,4.4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	**Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration**
Module-4	
Push Down Automata: Definition of the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA. **Syntax Analysis Phase of Compilers: Part-2:** Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More Powerful LR parsers **Textbook1: Chapter 6 – 6.1, 6.2** **Textbook2: Chapter 4 – 4.5, 4.6, 4.7 (Up to 4.7.4)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Introduction to Turing Machine: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine, problems, Programming Techniques for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine **Undecidability :** A language That Is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE. **Other Phases of Compilers: Syntax Directed Translation-** Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's. **Intermediate-Code Generation-** Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code. **Code Generation-** Issues in the Design of a Code Generator **Textbook1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 8.2,8.3,8.4 Chapter 9 – 9.1,9.2** **Textbook2: Chapter 5 – 5.1, 5.2, Chapter 6- 6.1,6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1**	
Teaching-Learning Process	**Chalk and board, MOOC**
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators CO 3. Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers. CO 4. Acquire fundamental understanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata theory and Theory of Computation to design Compilers CO 5. Design computations models for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in the field of compilers	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:
Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)
1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**
1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)
1. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**
(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.
Semester End Examination:
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks
1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam,Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition,Perason.

Reference:
1. Elain Rich, "Automata,Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education,2018.
2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran , 3rd Edition , 'Theory of Computer Science",PHI,2012.
3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers,1998.
4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
3. https://www.jflap.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

V Semester

COMPUTER NETWORKS			
Course Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Fundamentals of data communication networks.
- CLO 2. Software and hardware interfaces
- CLO 3. Application of various physical components and protocols
- CLO 4. Communication challenges and remedies in the networks.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to networks: Network hardware, Network software, Reference models,

Physical Layer: Guided transmission media, Wireless transmission

Textbook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to 2.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement Three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them for different topologies. 1Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped for various iterations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-2

The Data link layer: Design issues of DLL, Error detection and correction, Elementary data link protocols, Sliding window protocols.

The medium access control sublayer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols.

Textbook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 and 4.2

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the throughput with respect to transmission of packets
2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-3

The Network Layer:
Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.

Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion in the network.
2. Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

The Transport Layer: The Transport Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The internet transport protocols.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.1 to 6.5.7

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
2. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-5

Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the Internet, DNS—The Internet's Directory Service.

Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Learn the basic needs of communication system.
- CO 2. Interpret the communication challenges and its solution.
- CO 3. Identify and organize the communication system network components
- CO 4. Design communication networks for user requirements.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html
2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

V Semester

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS53	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
CLO 2. Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
CLO 3. Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database
CLO 4. Design and build database applications for real world problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema
architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.

Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Examples

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational

mapping. **Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-3	
SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL. **Advances Queries:** More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database **Application Development:** Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. **Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms. **Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms **Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation. CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression. CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.	

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan's Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning **Demonstration of real time Database projects -** E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

PRINCIPLES OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE			
Course Code	21AI54	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Gain a historical perspective of AI and its foundations
CLO 2. Become familiar with basic principles of AI toward problem solving
CLO 3. Get to know approaches of inference, perception, Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is AI? Foundations and History of AI

Intelligent Agents: Agents and environment, Concept of Rationality, The nature of environment, The structure of agents.

Text book 1: Chapter 1- 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 Chapter 2- 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning.

Module-2

Problem-solving: Problem-solving agents, Example problems, Searching for Solutions Uninformed Search Strategies: Breadth First search, Depth First Search, Iterative deepening depth first search;

Text book 1: Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Informed Search Strategies: Heuristic functions, Greedy best first search, A*search. Heuristic Functions

Logical Agents: Knowledge–based agents, The Wumpus world, Logic, Propositional logic, Reasoning patterns in Propositional Logic

Text book 1: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2 Chapter 7- 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5

Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Process	
Module-4	
First Order Logic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order logic. **Inference in First Order Logic :**Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Resolution **Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-5	
Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Basic Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumpus World Revisited **Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
- CO 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
- CO 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic
- CO 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing
- CO 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
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3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**) **OR** Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to the students to submit the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept learning, implementation of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc...)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig , Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson,2015

Reference:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd edition,Tata McGraw Hill,2013
2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies – DFS & BFS, Reasoning and Uncertainty problems - reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule , A teacher does not know exactly what a student understand etc.

V Semester

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT			
Course Code	**21CSL55**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.

CLO 2. Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.

CLO 3. Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS..

Sl. No.	PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Marks. 50)
	Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment. Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation of tables, applying the view concepts on the tables. ProgramConsider the following schema for a Library Database: **BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year)** **BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id, Author_Name)** **PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone)** **BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Programme_id, No-of_Copies)** **BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, Programme_id, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date)** **LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Programme_id, Programme_Name, Address)** Write SQL queries to 1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each Programme, etc. 2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation. 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query. 5. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AaSU-AOguls https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-EwEvJxS-Fw
2	Aim: Discuss the various concepts on constraints and update operations. Program: Consider the following schema for Order Database: **SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Name, City, Commission)** **CUSTOMER(Customer_id, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id)** **ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id)** Write SQL queries to Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average. 2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer. 3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.) 4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day. 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AA-KL1jbMeY

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations. Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database: **ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)** **DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)** **MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)** **MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)** **RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)** Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKJAo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table. Program: Consider the schema for College Database: **STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)** **SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)** **CLASS(USN, SSID)** **COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)** **IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)** Write SQL queries to 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section. 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses. 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding' If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average' If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak' Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords. Program: Consider the schema for Company Database: **EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)** **DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)** **DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)** **PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)** **WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)** Write SQL queries to Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator). For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000. **Reference:** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
PART B	
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.

CO 2. Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS

CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.*
- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

V Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">ANGULAR JS AND NODE JS
(Practical based)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code:</td><td>21CSL581</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week</td><td>0:0:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total No. of Hours</td><td>12T + 12P</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>02</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives: The student should be made to:
CLO 1. To learn the basics of Angular JS.
CLO 2. To understand the Angular JS Modules.
CLO 3. To implement Forms, inputs and Services
CLO 4. To implement Directives and Databases
CLO 5. To understand basics of Node JS.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction To Angular JS: Introduction – Features – Angular JSModel-View-Controller – Expression - Directives and Controllers.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Angular JS Modules: Arrays –Working with ng-model – Working with Forms – Form Validation – Error Handling with Forms – Nested Forms with ng-form – Other Form Controls.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Directives& Building Databases:
Part I- Filters – Using Filters in Controllers and Services – Angular JS Services – Internal Angular JS Services – Custom Angular JS Services</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Directives& Building Databases:
Part-II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom Directives – Understanding the Basic options – Interacting with Server –HTTP Services – Building Database, Front End and BackEnd</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction to NODE .JS: Introduction –Using the Terminals – Editors –Building a Webserver with Node – The HTTPModule – Views and Layouts.</td></tr>
</table>

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Adam Freeman - ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green –"AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014.

Reference Books

1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Introduction to Angular JS : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE
2. Angular JS Modules : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWmOKmgnQkU
3. Directives& Building Databases: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0
4. Introduction to NODE .JS: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">C# AND .NET FRAMEWORK</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code:</td><td>21CS582</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week</td><td>1:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total No. of Hours</td><td>12</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>01</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Understand the basics of C# and .NET
CLO 2. Learn the variables and constants of C#
CLO 3. Know the object-oriented aspects and applications.
CLO 4. Learn the basic structure of .NET framework.
CLO 5. Learn to create a simple project of .NET Core</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction to C#
Part-I: Understanding C#, .NET, overview of C#, Variables, Data Types, Operators, Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, implicit and explicit casting.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="2">Active learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Part-II: Constants, Arrays, Array Class, Array List, String, String Builder, Structure, Enumerations, boxing and unboxing.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="2">Active learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Object Oriented Concepts-I:
Class, Objects, Constructors and its types, inheritance, properties, indexers, index overloading, polymorphism.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="2">Active learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Object Oriented Concepts-II:</td></tr>
</table>

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Module-5	
Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK: Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, “The Complete Reference: C# 4.0”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2. Christian Nagel et al. “Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5”, Wiley India, 2012.

Reference Books

1. Andrew Troelsen , “Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.
2. Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, “Programming C# 4.0”, Sixth Edition, O‟Reilly, 2010.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Introduction to C# : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90
2. Object Oriented Concepts : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0
3. .NET FRAMEWORK : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE

Tutorial Link:

1. https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp
2. https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php
3. https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

VI Semester

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT			
Course Code	**21CS61**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs. Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to Software Engineers.
CLO 2. Describe the process of requirement gathering, requirement classification, requirement specification and requirements validation.
CLO 3. Infer the fundamentals of object oriented concepts, differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.
CLO 4. Explain the role of DevOps in Agile Implementation.
CLO 5. Discuss various types of software testing practices and software evolution processes.
CLO 6. Recognize the importance Project Management with its methods and methodologies.
CLO 7. Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics. List software quality standards and outline the practices involved

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: The evolving role of software, Software, The changing nature of software, Software engineering, A Process Framework, Process Patterns, Process Assessment, Personal and Team Process Models, Process Technology, Product and Process.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3

Process Models: Prescriptive models, Waterfall model, Incremental process models, Evolutionary process models, Specialized process models.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams

Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3

Building the Analysis Models: Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Software Testing: A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Test Strategies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.

Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to 13.7

Agile Methodology & DevOps: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,

Self-Learning Section:
What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C’s of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, Challenges with DevOps Implementation.

Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Introduction to Project Management:
Introduction, Project and Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.

Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.17</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Activity Planning:
Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.

Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16

Software Quality:
Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),</td></tr>
</table>

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill

Education, 2018. 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley. 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. **Reference:** 1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlJ 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php 4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/ (DevOps)
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Case study, Field visit

VI Semester

DATA SCIENCE AND ITS APPLICATIONS			
Course Code	21AD62	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the proficiency with statistical analysis of data to derive insight from results and interpret the data findings visually

CLO 2. Utilize the

CLO 3. skills in data management by obtaining, cleaning and transforming the data.

CLO 4. Make use of machine learning models to solve the business-related challenges

CLO 5. Experiment with decision trees, neural network layers and data partition.

CLO 6. Demonstrate how social clustering shape individuals and groups in contemporary society.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: Introduction

What is Data Science? Visualizing Data, matplotlib, Bar Charts, Line Charts, Scatterplots, **Linear Algebra,** Vectors, Matrices, **Statistics,** Describing a Single Set of Data, Correlation, Simpson's Paradox, Some Other Correlational Caveats, Correlation and Causation, **Probability,** Dependence and Independence, Conditional Probability, Bayes's Theorem, Random Variables, Continuous Distributions, The Normal Distribution, The Central Limit Theorem.

Chapters 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Laboratory Component:

1. Installation of Python/R language, Visual Studio code editors can be demonstrated along with Kaggle data set usage.
2. Write programs in Python/R and Execute them in either Visual Studio Code or PyCharm Community Edition or any other suitable environment.
3. A study was conducted to understand the effect of number of hours the students spent studying on their performance in the final exams. Write a code to plot line chart with number of hours spent studying on x-axis and score in final exam on y-axis. Use a red '*' as the point character, label the axes and give the plot a title.

Number of hrs spent studying (x)	10	9	2	15	10	16	11	16
Score in the final exam (0 – 100) (y)	95	80	10	50	45	98	38	93

4. For the given dataset mtcars.csv (www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars), plot a histogram to check the frequency distribution of the variable 'mpg' (Miles per gallon)

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of different charts 2. PPT Presentation for Theorems and different distributions 3. Live coding and execution for visualization with simple examples

Module-2: Hypothesis and Inference

Statistical Hypothesis Testing, Example: Flipping a Coin, p-Values, Confidence Intervals, p-Hacking, Example: Running an A/B Test, Bayesian Inference, **Gradient Descent,** The Idea Behind Gradient Descent Estimating the Gradient, Using the Gradient, Choosing the Right Step Size, Using Gradient Descent to Fit Models, Minibatch and Stochastic Gradient Descent, **Getting Data,** stdin and stdout, Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs, Example: Using the Twitter APIs, **Working with Data,** Exploring Your Data, Using NamedTuples, Dataclasses, Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, An Aside: tqdm, Dimensionality Reduction.

Chapters 7, 8, 9 and 10

Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the books dataset BL-Flickr-Images-Book.csv from Kaggle (https://www.kaggle.com/adeyoyintemidayo/publication-of-books) which contains information about books. Write a program to demonstrate the following.

- Import the data into a DataFrame
- Find and drop the columns which are irrelevant for the book information.
- Change the Index of the DataFrame
- Tidy up fields in the data such as date of publication with the help of simple regular expression.
- Combine str methods with NumPy to clean columns

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of Hypothesis test. 2. PPT Presentation to explore and manipulate data. 3. Live coding of concepts with simple examples 4. Case Study: Extraction of data from Books dataset

Module-3: Machine Learning

Modeling, What Is Machine Learning?, Overfitting and Underfitting, Correctness, The Bias-Variance Tradeoff, Feature Extraction and Selection, **k-Nearest Neighbors,** The Model, Example: The Iris Dataset, The Curse of Dimensionality, **Naive Bayes,** A Really Dumb Spam Filter, A More Sophisticated Spam Filter, Implementation, Testing Our Model, Using Our Model, **Simple Linear Regression,** The Model, Using

Gradient Descent, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, **Multiple Regression,** The Model, Further Assumptions of the Least Squares Model, Fitting the Model, Interpreting the Model, Goodness of Fit, Digression: The Bootstrap, Standard Errors of Regression Coefficients, Regularization, **Logistic Regression,** The Problem, The Logistic Function, Applying the Model, Goodness of Fit, Support Vector Machines.

Chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16

Laboratory Component:

1. Train a regularized logistic regression classifier on the iris dataset (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/ or the inbuilt iris dataset) using sklearn. Train the model with the following hyperparameter C = 1e4 and report the best classification accuracy.
2. Train an SVM classifier on the iris dataset using sklearn. Try different kernels and the associated hyperparameters. Train model with the following set of hyperparameters RBF-kernel, gamma=0.5, one-vs-rest classifier, no-feature-normalization. Also try C=0.01,1,10C=0.01,1,10. For the above set of hyperparameters, find the best classification accuracy along with total number of support vectors on the test data

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of Models 2. PPT Presentation for techniques 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-4: Decision Trees

What Is a Decision Tree?, Entropy, The Entropy of a Partition, Creating a Decision Tree, Putting It All Together, Random Forests, **Neural Networks,** Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation, Example: Fizz Buzz, **Deep Learning,** The Tensor, The Layer Abstraction, The Linear Layer, Neural Networks as a Sequence of Layers, Loss and Optimization, Example: XOR Revisited, Other Activation Functions, Example: Fizz Buzz Revisited, Softmaxes and Cross-Entropy, Dropout, Example: MNIST, Saving and Loading Models, **Clustering,** The Idea, The Model, Example: Meetups, Choosing k, Example: Clustering Colors, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering
Chapters 17, 18, 19 and 20

Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the following dataset. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm.

Price	Maintenance	Capacity	Airbag	Profitable
Low	Low	2	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Low	Low	4	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	No	No
Low	High	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Med	High	2	Yes	No
Med	High	5	No	Yes
High	Med	4	Yes	Yes
high	Med	2	Yes	Yes
High	High	2	Yes	No
high	High	5	yes	Yes

2. Consider the dataset spiral.txt (https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly). The first two columns in the dataset corresponds to the co-ordinates of each data point. The third column corresponds to the actual cluster label. Compute the rand index for the following methods:

- K – means Clustering
- Single – link Hierarchical Clustering
- Complete link hierarchical clustering.
- Also visualize the dataset and which algorithm will be able to recover the true clusters.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Python/ R Language 2. PPT Presentation for decision tree, Neural Network, Deep learning and clustering 3. Live coding for the concepts with simple examples 4. Project Work: Algorithm implementation

Module-5: Natural Language Processing

Word Clouds, n-Gram Language Models, Grammars, An Aside: Gibbs Sampling, Topic Modeling, Word Vectors, Recurrent Neural Networks, Example: Using a Character-Level RNN, **Network Analysis,** Betweenness Centrality, Eigenvector Centrality, Directed Graphs and PageRank, **Recommender Systems,** Manual Curation, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Collaborative Filtering, Matrix Factorization.

Chapters 21, 22 and 23

Laboratory Component:

Mini Project – Simple web scrapping in social media

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of models 2. PPT Presentation for network analysis and Recommender systems 3. Live coding with simple examples

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify and demonstrate data using visualization tools.
CO 2. Make use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate data.
CO 3. Utilize the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models.
CO 4. Demonstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering.
CO 5. Experiment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to develop data driven applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch", 2ndEdition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-9352138326

Reference Books

1. Emily Robinson and Jacqueline Nolis, "Build a Career in Data Science", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2020. ISBN: 978-1617296246.
2. AurélienGéron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-1492032649.
3. François Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1617294433
4. Jeremy Howard and Sylvain Gugger, "Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2020. ISBN-13: 978-1492045526
5. Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2", 3rd Edition, Packt Publishing Limited, 2019.ISBN-13: 978-1789955750

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Using Python : https://www.python.org
2. R Programming : https://www.r-project.org/
3. Python for Natural Language Processing : https://www.nltk.org/book/
4. Data set: https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly
5. Data set: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html
6. Data set : www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars
7. Pycharm : https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/

8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106179/
9. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/
10. http://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - Applying the machine learning techniques and developing models

VI Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">MACHINE LEARNING</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21AI63</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>3:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>40</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>03</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Define machine learning and understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.
CLO 2. Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning
CLO 3. Understand the basic concepts of learning and decision trees.
CLO 4. Understand Bayesian techniques for problems appear in machine learning
CLO 5. Perform statistical analysis of machine learning techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction:
Machine learning Landscape: what is ML?, Why, Types of ML, main challenges of ML

Concept learning and Learning Problems – Designing Learning systems, Perspectives and Issues – Concept Learning – Find S-Version Spaces and Candidate Elimination Algorithm –Remarks on VS- Inductive bias.

Text book 2: Chapter 1, Text book 1:Chapter 1 and 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">End to end Machine learning Project: Working with real data, Look at the big picture, Get the data, Discover and visualize the data, Prepare the data, select and train the model, Fine tune your model.

Classification : MNIST, training a Binary classifier, performance measure, multiclass classification, error analysis, multi label classification, multi output classification

Text book 2: Chapter 2, Chapter 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning</td></tr>
</table>

Process	
Module-3	
Training Models: Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized linear models, logistic regression **Support Vector Machine:** linear, Nonlinear , SVM regression and under the hood **Text book 2**: **Chapter 4, Chapter 5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Decision Trees Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training, computational complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability **Ensemble learning and Random Forest**: Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random forests, Boosting, stacking **Text book 2: Chapter 6, Chapter 7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Bayes Theorem – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes Optimal Classifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM Algorithm **Text book 1: Chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the concept of Machine Learning and Concept Learning.
- CO 2. Apply the concept of ML and various classification methods in a project.
- CO 3. Analyse various training models in ML and the SVM algorithm to be implemented.
- CO 4. Apply the ML concept in a decision tree structure and implementation of Ensemble learning and Random Forest.
- CO 5. Apply Bayes techniques and explore more about the classification in ML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
2. Aurelien Geron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn &TensorFlow , O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd 2019

Reference:

1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2nd Ed., 2013
2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
3. Machine Learning using Python, Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley, 2019
4. Machine Learning, Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson,2020

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6_SY5qznc77
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VI Semester

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE			
Course Code	21AI641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.
- CLO 2. Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CLO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CLO 4. Explore knowledge management; explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- CLO 5. Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Decision Support and Business Intelligence: Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments and Computerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, An Early Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), A framework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support.

Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-2

Computerized Decision Support: Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, The Intelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions Are Supported.

Modeling and Analysis: Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, and Risk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, and Goal

Seeking.

Text Book 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Data Warehousing: Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview, Data Warehousing Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.

Text Book 1: Chapter 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Knowledge Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning and Transformation, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information Technology (IT) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation.

Text Book 1: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-5

Expert Systems: Basic Concepts of Expert Systems, Applications of Expert Systems, Structure of Expert Systems, Knowledge Engineering, Problem Areas Suitable for Expert Systems, Development of Expert Systems, Benefits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems.

Text Book 1: Chapter 12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply the basics of data and business to understand Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.
- CO 2. Describe the significance of Computerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to Understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CO 4. Analyze the importance of knowledge management and explain its activities, approaches and Its implementation
- CO 5. Describe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application of experts system.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Book

1. Business Intelligence, A managerial Perspective on Analytics. Sharda, R, Delen D, Turban E.Pearson. 2014

Reference Books

1. Data Mining Techniques. For Marketing, Sales and Customer Relationship Management Berry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
2. Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O'Reilly Media,Inc2013

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3DTFmMNiGlg
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hg8zBJ1DhLQ

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VI Semester

ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS642	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations
CLO 2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs
CLO 3. Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of String operations
CLO 4. Design and develop web applications using Java servlets and JSP
CLO 5. Apply database interaction through Java database Connectivity

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same program
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations:
Enumerations, Ednumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() methods, Java enumerations are class types, enumerations inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of warning

Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, obtaining annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element interface, Using default values, Marker Annotations, Single member annotations, Built in annotations

Textbook 1: Chapter12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online demonstration, Problem based learning

Module-2

Generics: What are Generics, A Simple Generics Example, A Generic Class with Two Type Parameters, The General Form of a Generic Class, Bounded Types, Using Wildcard Arguments, Bounded Wildcards, Creating a Generic Method, Generic Interfaces, Raw types and Legacy code, Generic Class Hierarchies, Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some Generic Restrictions

Textbook 1: Chapter 14

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-3

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction,

String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder **Textbook 1: Chapter 15**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-4	
Background; The life cycle of a servlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package Reading servlet parameter; the javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Cookies; Session Tracking, Java Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control statements, Loops, Request String, Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects **Textbook 1: Chapter 31** **Textbook 2: Chapter 11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-5	
The concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data Types; Exceptions. **Textbook 2: Chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations
- CO 2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs
- CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts of String operations in Java
- CO 4. Develop web based applications using Java servlets and JSP
- CO 5. Illustrate database interaction and transaction processing in Java

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9^{th} Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7^{th} Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Programming exercises

VI Semester

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	21AI643	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Analyse the natural language text.
CLO 2. Define the importance of natural language.
CLO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining.
CLO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same program
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model.

Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online demonstration, Problem based learning

Module-2

Word level and syntactic analysis: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing.

Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-3

Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths:
Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation.

Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles: Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations.

A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search: InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience. **Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-4	
Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems, **Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments. **Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results. **Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining. **Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-5	
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora. **Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Analyse the natural language text. CO 2. Define the importance of natural language. CO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining. CO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**) 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)	

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VI Semester

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF IMAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	**21AI644**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Overview of Computer Graphics along with its applications.
- CLO 2. Exploring 2D and 3D graphics mathematics along with OpenGL API's.
- CLO 3. Use of Computer graphics principles for animation and design of GUI's .
- CLO 4. Introduction to Image processing and Open CV.
- CLO 5. Image segmentation using Open CV.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Overview: Computer Graphics hardware and software and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics.OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's).

Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 and 2 only)
Self-study topics : Input devices, hard copy devices, coordinate representation, graphics functions, fill area primitives, polygon fill areas, pixel arrays, Parallel Line algorithms

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk&board,Active Learning Virtual Lab

Module-2

2D and 3D graphics with OpenGL: 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations function,

3D Geometric Transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8 **Self-study topics:** Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning Virtual Lab:
Module-3	
Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces: Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-ConstructionTechniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-DeviceFunctions, OpenGL Menu Functions , Designing a Graphical User Interface. **Computer Animation :**Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-AnimationFunctions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures. **Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18** **Self-study topics:** Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Module-4	
Introduction to Image processing: overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images. **Digital Image Processing Operations**: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations. **Text book 2: Chapter 3** ***(Below topics is for experiential learning only , No questions in SEE)*** ***Computer vision and OpenCV**: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations*. ***<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)</u>*** **Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation
Module-5	
Image Segmentation: Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)). **Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4** ***(Below topics is for experiential learning only , No questions in SEE)*** ***Image processing with Open CV:** Resizing , Rotation/ Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.* ***<u>(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based</u>***	

Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE) ***Web source: https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b***	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, MOOC Lab practice on image processing. Virtual Lab:

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and Warren Carithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th Edition, Pearson, 2014
2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

Reference Books

1. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
2. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/
5. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/ (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES			
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Introduce elementary data structures.
- CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data Structures: Stack, Queues, Lists
- CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear Data Structures: Trees
- CLO 4. Assess appropriate data structure during program development/Problem Solving.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:
Introduction to arrays: one-dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initializing two dimensional arrays, Multidimensional arrays.
Introduction to Pointers: Pointer concepts, accessing variables through pointers, Dynamic memory allocation, pointers applications.
Introduction to structures and unions: Declaring structures, Giving values to members, structure initialization, arrays of structures, nested structure, unions, size of structures.

Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12.3 to 12.19
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,2.80 to 2.98

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Linear Data Structures-Stacks and queues:
Introduction, Stack representation in Memory, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation, Applications of Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic concept, Logical representation of Queues, Queue Operations and its types, Queue Implementation, Applications of Queue.

Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8.1,8.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem Based Learning

Module-3

Linear Data Structures-Linked List:
Introduction, Linked list Basic concept, Logical representation of Linked list, Self-Referential structure, Singly-linked List Operations and Implementation, Circular Linked List, applications of Linked list.

Textbook 1: Ch 15.1 ,15.3,15.4,15.8 **Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-4	
Non Linear Data Structures – Trees Introduction, Basic concept, Binary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, Binary Search tree, Expression Trees. **Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2** **Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,10.6.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Sorting and Searching Sorting: Introduction, Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort Searching: Introduction, Linear search, Binary search. **Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.2.4, 17.3.1,17.3.2** **Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,11.7,11.10.1,11.10.2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Express the fundamentals of static and dynamic data structure.
- CO 2. Summarize the various types of data structure with their operations.
- CO 3. Interpret various searching and sorting techniques.
- CO 4. Choose appropriate data structure in problem solving.
- CO 5. Develop all data structures in a high level language for problem solving.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl_49i0
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t_-ULoAZM
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBwOzceo
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
CLO 2. Understand the relational database design principles.
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.

Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,Examples

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relationaldatabase schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

Relational Algebra: Relational algebra: introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Operators, grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison**.** Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.

Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

SQL:SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL.Database

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Transaction management and Concurrency –Control Transaction management: ACID properties, serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, optimistic methods, database recovery management.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

03.09.2022

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO CYBER SECURITY

Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrime terminologies and ACTs
- CLO 2. Understanding cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention
- CLO 3. Understand the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators
- CLO 4. Understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal case and evidence.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Cybercrime:

Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes,

Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,

Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000.

Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Cyber offenses:
How Criminals Plan Them: Introduction, How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.

Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector

Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-3

Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime: Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, Attacks on Wireless Networks.

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies
Module-4	
Understanding the people on the scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding cyber victims, understanding cyber investigators. **The Computer Investigation process:** investigating computer crime. **Understanding Cybercrime Prevention:** Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding Basic Cryptography Concepts, Making the Most of Hardware and Software Security **Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies
Module-5	
Cybercrime Detection Techniques: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Detection Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name or IP Address. **Collecting and preserving digital Evidence:** Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a criminal case, collecting digital evidence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence, documenting evidence. **TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the cyber crime terminologies
- CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention
- CO 3. Analyze the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators
- CO 4. Apply the methods for understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal case and evidence.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013

2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC – CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8
3. https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

VI Semester

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA			
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA.
CLO 2. To create, debug and run simple Java programs.
CLO 3. Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
CLO 4. Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.
CLO 5. Discuss the String Handling examples with Object Oriented concepts.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries.

Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings

Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning.

Module-2

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses,

Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.

Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize( ) Method, A Stack Class.

A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9,Ch 8.1-8.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-5

Enumerations :Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

Reference Books:

1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

03.09.2022

VI Semester

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY			
Course Code	21AIL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 2. To learn and understand the Importance Machine learning Algorithms

CLO 3. Compare and contrast the learning techniques like ANN approach, Bayesian learning and reinforcement learning.

CLO 4. Able to solve and analyse the problems on ANN, Instance based learning and Reinforcement learning techniques.

CLO 5. To impart the knowledge of clustering and classification Algorithms for predictions and evaluating Hypothesis.

Prerequisite

- Students should be familiarized about Python installation and setting Python environment
- Usage and installation of Anaconda should be introduced https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual
- Should have the knowledge about Probability theory,Statistics theory and linear Algebra.
- Should have the knowledge of numpy,pandas,scikit-learn and scipy library packages.

Sl. No.	PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory
1	Aim: Illustrate and Demonstrate the working model and principle of Find-S algorithm. Program: For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Find-S algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples. **Text Book 1: Ch2**
2	Aim: Demonstrate the working model and principle of candidate elimination algorithm. Program: For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples. **Text Book 1: Ch2** Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tfpAm4kxGQI
3	Aim: To construct the Decision tree using the training data sets under supervised learning concept. Program: Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample. **Text Book 1: Ch 3**
4	Aim: To understand the working principle of Artificial Neural network with feed forward and feed backward principle. Program: Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets. **Text Book 1: Ch 4**

5	Aim: Demonstrate the text classifier using Naïve bayes classifier algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets. **Text Book 1: Ch6**
6	Aim: Demonstrate and Analyse the results sets obtained from Bayesian belief network Principle. Program:- Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Python ML library classes/API. **Text Book 1: Ch 6**
7	Aim: Implement and demonstrate the working model of K-means clustering algorithm with Expectation Maximization Concept. Program: Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program. **Text Book 1: Ch 8**
8	Aim: Demonstrate and analyse the results of classification based on KNN Algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem. **Text Book 1: Ch 8**
9	Aim: Understand and analyse the concept of Regression algorithm techniques. Program: Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs. **Text Book 1: Ch8**
10	Aim: Implement and demonstrate classification algorithm using Support vector machine Algorithm. Program: Implement and demonstrate the working of SVM algorithm for classification. **Text Book 2: Ch6**
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
PART B	
	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the Program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the Importance of different classification and clustering algorithms.
- CO 2. Demonstrate the working of various algorithms with respect to training and test data sets.
- CO 3. Illustrate and analyze the principles of Instance based and Reinforcement learning techniques.
- CO 4. Elicit the importance and Applications of Supervised and unsupervised machine learning.
- CO 5. Compare and contrast the Bayes theorem principles and Q learning approach.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8^{th} week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14^{th} week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should*

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Text Books:

1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Lerning",1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2. Nello Cristianini, John Shawe-Taylor, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines and Other Kernel-based Learning Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013
3. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

Suggested Web Links / E Resource

1. https://www.kaggle.com/general/95287
2. https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf

VII Semester

ADVANCED AI AND ML			
Course Code	21AI71	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents
CLO 2. Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge
CLO 3. Explore the explanation-based learning in solving AI problems
CLO 4. Illustrate the use of KNN
CLO 5. Explore the Text feature Engineering concepts with Applications

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The Concept of Rationality, The Nature of Environments, The Structure of Agents

Problem Solving : Game Paying

Text book 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 5 (2.1 to 2.4, 5.1 to 5.6)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Uncertain knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty, Acting under Uncertainty , Basic Probability Notation, Inference Using Full Joint Distributions, Independence , Bayes' Rule and Its Use The WumpusWorld Revisited,

Text book 1: Chapter 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Neural Network Representation – Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Networks and Back Propagation Algorithms – Genetic Algorithms – Hypothesis Space Search – Genetic Programming – Models of Evolution

and Learning. **Text book 2: chapter 4.1-4.6 & 9.1-9.5** **Neural networks and genetic algorithms:** Brief history and Evolution of Neural network, Biological neuron, Basics of ANN, Activation function, MP model. **Text book 3: chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Recommender System: Datasets, Association rules, Collaborative filtering, User-based similarity, item-based similarity, using surprise library, Matrix factorization **Text Analytics:** Overview, Sentiment Classification, Naïve Bayes model for sentiment classification, using TF-IDF vectorizer, Challenges of text analytics **Text book 4: Chapter 9 and 10**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Clustering **Introduction,** Types of clustering, Partitioning methods of clustering (k-means, k-medoids), hierarchical methods **Text book 3: Chapter 13** Instance Based Learning: Introduction, k-nearest neighbour learning(review), locally weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning, **Text book 2: Chapter 8.1-8.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents CO 2. Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge CO 3. Explore the explanation-based learning in solving AI problems CO 4. Apply effectively ML algorithms to solve real world problems. CO 5. Apply Instant based techniques and derive effectively learning rules to real world problems.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE	

(Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Artificial Intelligence, A Modern Approach, Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Third Edition, Pearson, 2010
2. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
3. Machine Learning, Anuradha Srinivasaraghavan, VincyJoeph, Wiley 2019
4. Machine Learning using Python ,Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley 2019

Reference:

1. An Introduction to Multi Agent Systems, Michael Wooldridge, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSHcH
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102220/
3. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6_SY5qznc77
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">CLOUD COMPUTING</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21CS72</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>2:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>24</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>02</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
CLO 2. Introduce various models of cloud computing
CLO 3. Introduction on how to design cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction`s and Enabling Technologies and cloud security</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction:
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples

Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges</td></tr>
</table>

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-4

Cloud Security: Risks, Top concern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM Security, Security Risks posed by shared images and management OS.

Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.6, 9.8, 9.9

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Module-5

Cloud Platforms in Industry

Amazon web services: - Compute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional services. Google AppEngine: - Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model, Observations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.2

Cloud Applications:

Scientific applications: - HealthCare: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis for cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: satellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and ERP, Social networking, media applications.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 to 10.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand and analyze various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
- CO 2. Illustrate various virtualization concepts.
- CO 3. Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- CO 4. Understand the Security aspects of CLOUD.
- CO 5. Define platforms for development of cloud applications

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20**

Marks (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 2 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS			
Course Code	21AI731	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand Semantic Web for social network analysis.
CLO 2. Learn the Representation, Modelling and Aggregating social network data.
CLO 3. Learn the basic algorithms and techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.
CLO 4. Study Human behaviour in social networks and its management.
CLO 5. Visual representation of social network data in different applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web - Emergence of the Social Web.

Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis.

Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities - Web-based networks.

Text book 1: Chapter1 – 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, Chapter2 – 2.2 , 2.3, Chapter3 – 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning,

Module-2

Knowledge Representation on the Semantic Web: Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web – Ontology based knowledge Representation - Ontology languages for the Semantic Web - Resource Description Framework and schema - Web Ontology Language.

Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation - Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships -

Aggregating and reasoning with social network data.

Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1(4.1.1), 4.2(4.2.1,4.2.2), Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Detecting communities in social networks - Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods for community detection - Tools for detecting communities

Decentralized online social networks - Introduction - Challenges for DOSN - The Case for Decentralizing OSNs - General Purpose DOSNs - Specialized Application Centric DOSNs - Social Distributed Systems - Delay-Tolerant DOSN.

Text book 2: Chapter 12 – 12.2 to 12.5, Chapter 17

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Understanding and predicting human behaviour for social communities: User data management - Inference and Distribution - Enabling new human experiences – The Technologies.

Managing Trust in Online Social Networks: Trust in online environment - Trust models based on subjective logic - Trust network analysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation - Trust derivation based on trust comparisons.

Text book 2: Chapter20 - 20.2, 20.3(20.3.1), Chapter22 – 22.3, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.9, 22.10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning, MOOC

Module-5

Visualization of Social Networks: Social Network Analysis - Visualization - Visualizing online social networks,

Novel Visualizations and Interactions for Social Networks Exploration: Visualizing social networks with matrix-based representations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid representations.

Applications of Social Network Analysis: Applications of Social Network Analysis - Covert networks - Community welfare - Collaboration networks - Co-Citation networks.

Text Book 2: Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis.
- CO 2. Understand the **Representation,** Modelling and Aggregating social network data.
- CO 3. Analyse the human behaviour in social network.
- CO 4. Apply techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.
- CO 5. Illustrate the visual representation of social network data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester -Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", First Edition, Springer 2007.
2. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", 1st Edition, Springer, 2010.

Reference:

1. Guandong Xu ,Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking – Techniques and applications", First Edition Springer, 2011.
2. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively", IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
3. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, "Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modelling", IGI Global Snippet, 2009.
4. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, "The Social Semantic Web", Springer, 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IiUDKDxScxI
2. http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/106106146/L21.html
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DTxE9KV3YrE
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MQsTxRMy3Xg
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQWoMRS5CGA
6. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs78/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	21CS732	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand the fundamentals of digital image processing
- CLO 2. Explain the image transform techniques used in digital image processing
- CLO 3. Apply different image enhancement techniques on digital images
- CLO 4. Evaluate image restoration techniques and methods used in digital imageprocessing
- CLO 5. Understand the Morphological Operations and Segmentation used in digital imageprocessing

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Digital Image Fundamentals: What is Digital Image Processing? Originsof Digital Image Processing, Examples of fields that use DIP, FundamentalSteps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image ProcessingSystem, Elements of Visual Perception, Image Sensing and Acquisition, Image Sampling and Quantization, Some Basic Relationships BetweenPixels, Linear and Nonlinear Operations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.5, 2.6.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intensity Transformation Functions, Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, SmoothingSpatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters

Frequency Domain: Preliminary Concepts, The Discrete FourierTransform (DFT) of Two Variables, Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filtering inthe Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing and Image Sharpening UsingFrequency Domain Filters, Selective Filtering.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.2 to 3.6 and Chapter 4: Sections 4.2, 4.5 to 4.10

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration 2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3	
Restoration: Noise models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Onlyusing Spatial Filtering and Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering. **Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
Module-4	
Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets: Background, Multiresolution Expansions. **Morphological Image Processing**: Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss Transforms, Some Basic Morphological Algorithms. **Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to 6.3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk& board 2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer method
Module-5	
Segmentation: Introduction, classification of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Detection, Hough Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of Thresholding. **Representation and Description:** Representation, Boundary descriptors. **Text2: Chapter 9: Sections 9.1, to 9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk and board, MOOC. 2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation algorithms
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Understand the fundamentals of Digital Image Processing. CO 2. Apply different Image transformation techniques CO 3. Analyze various image restoration techniques CO 4. Understand colour image and morphological processing CO 5. Design image analysis and segmentation techniques	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester	

5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016

Reference:

1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.
2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc… using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

VII Semester

FULLSTACK DEVELOPMENT			
Course Code	21AI733	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Explain the use of learning full stack web development.
- CLO 2. Make use of rapid application development in the design of responsive web pages.
- CLO 3. Illustrate Models, Views and Templates with their connectivity in Django for full stack web development.
- CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of state management and admin interfaces automation in Django.
- CLO 5. Design and implement Django apps containing dynamic pages with SQL databases.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: MVC based Web Designing

Web framework, MVC Design Pattern, Django Evolution, Views, Mapping URL to Views, Working of Django URL Confs and Loose Coupling, Errors in Django, Wild Card patterns in URLS.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-2: Django Templates and Models

Template System Basics, Using Django Template System, Basic Template Tags and Filters, MVT Development Pattern, Template Loading, Template Inheritance, MVT Development Pattern.

Configuring Databases, Defining and Implementing Models, Basic Data Access, Adding Model String Representations, Inserting/Updating data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapter 5

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket Booking System

Module-3: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms

Activating Admin Interfaces, Using Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use Admin Interfaces.

Form Processing, Creating Feedback forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including Other URLConfs.

Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-4: Generic Views and Django State Persistence

Using Generic Views, Generic Views of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic Views.

MIME Types, Generating Non-HTML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap framework, Cookies, Sessions, Users and Authentication.

Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and 12

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples 4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student Admission Management.

Module-5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django

Ajax Solution, Java Script, XHTMLHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Java Script in Django, jQuery and Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in Django

Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples 4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for development of EMI calculator.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the working of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
- CO 2. Designing of Models and Forms for rapid development of web pages.
- CO 3. Analyze the role of Template Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web applications.
- CO 4. Apply the Django framework libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
- CO 5. Perform jQuery based AJAX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web applications,

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is

50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.

5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications, 2014	
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. MVT architecture with Django: https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials 2. Using Python in Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao 3. Model Forms with Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE 4. Real time Interactions in Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU	
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning 1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.	

VII Semester

BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY			
Course Code	21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of distributed computing and blockchain
- CLO 2. Discuss the concepts in bitcoin
- CLO 3. Demonstrate Ethereum platform

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Blockchain 101: Distributed systems, History of blockchain, Introduction to blockchain, Types of blockchain, CAP theorem and blockchain, Benefits and limitations of blockchain.

Decentralization and Cryptography: Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Routes to decentralization, Decentralized organizations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1, 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning – Oral presentations.

Module-2

Introduction to Cryptography & Cryptocurrencies: Cryptographic Hash Functions, Hash Pointers and Data Structures, Digital Signatures, Public Keys as Identities, A Simple Cryptocurrency,

How Bitcoin Achieves Decentralization: Distributed consensus, Consensus without identity using a block chain, Incentives and proof of work, Putting it all together,

Textbook 2: Chapter 1, 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-3

Mechanics of Bitcoin: Bitcoin transactions, Bitcoin Scripts, Applications of Bitcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks, The Bitcoin network, Limitations and improvements

How to Store and Use Bitcoins: Simple Local Storage, Hot and Cold Storage, Splitting and Sharing Keys, Online Wallets and Exchanges, Payment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets

Textbook2: Chapter 3,4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC

Module-4

Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bitcoin miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining pools, Mining incentives and strategies,

Bitcoin and Anonymity: Anonymity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing, Zerocoin and Zerocash,

Textbook2: Chapter 5,6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC

Module-5

Smart Contracts and Ethereum 101:
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricardian contracts.

Ethereum 101: Introduction, Ethereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled contracts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the concepts of Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain
- CO 2. Describe the concepts of Cryptography and its role in Blockchain
- CO 3. List the benefits, drawbacks and applications of Blockchain
- CO 4. Appreciate the technologies involved in Bitcoin
- CO 5. Appreciate and demonstrate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Mastering Blockchain - Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/?_ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/
3. https://ethereum.org/en/developers/
4. https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

INTERNET OF THINGS			
Course Code	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand about the fundamentals of Internet of Things and its building blocks along with their characteristics.
- CLO 2. Understand the recent application domains of IoT in everyday life.
- CLO 3. Understand the protocols and standards designed for IoT and the current research on it.
- CLO 4. Understand the other associated technologies like cloud and fog computing in the domain of IoT.
- CLO 5. Improve their knowledge about the various cutting-edge technologies in the field IoT and machine learning applications.
- CLO 6. Gain insights about the current trends of machine learning and AI techniques used in IoT to orient towards the present industrial scenario.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Emergence of IoT: Introduction, Evolution of IoT, Enabling IoT and the Complex Interdependence of Technologies, IoT Networking Components, Addressing Strategies in IoT.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

IoT Sensing and Actuation: Introduction, Sensors, Sensor Characteristics, Sensorial Deviations, Sensing Types, Sensing Considerations, Actuators, Actuator Types, Actuator Characteristics.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.9

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

IoT Processing Topologies and Types: Data Format, Importance of Processing in IoT, Processing Topologies, IoT Device Design and Selection Considerations, Processing Offloading.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 – 6.1 to 6.5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
IoT Connectivity Technologies: Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A, WirelessHART, RFID, NFC, DASH7, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth **Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7.16**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
IoT Communication Technologies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data Protocols, Identification Protocols, Device Management, Semantic Protocols **IoT Interoperability:** Introduction, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks **Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, .7** **Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2, 9.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the evolution of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.
- CO 2. Analyze various sensing devices and actuator types.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the processing in IoT.
- CO 4. Apply different connectivity technologies.
- CO 5. Understand the communication technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

Reference:

1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

AUGMENTED REALITY			
Course Code	21AI741	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the importance of Augmented reality

CLO 2. Understand and analyse the importance of Tracking system.

CLO 3. Compare and contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality and its applications

CLO 4. Analyse and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.

CLO 5. Acquire knowledge of Situated Visualization

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only the traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Augmented Reality

What Is Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of augmented reality, Examples, Displays-Multimodal Displays, Visual Perception, Requirements and Characteristics, Spatial Display Model

Text book 1: Chapter 1,2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Tracking: Tracking, Calibration, and Registration, Characteristics of Tracking Technology, Stationary Tracking Systems, Mobile Sensors, Optical Tracking, Sensor Fusion

Text book 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Computer Vision for Augmented Reality-Marker Tracking, Multiple-Camera Infrared Tracking, Natural Feature Tracking by Detection, Incremental Tracking, Simultaneous Localization and Mapping, Outdoor Tracking

Calibration and Registration-Camera Calibration, Display Calibration, Registration **Text book 1: Chapter 4,5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Visual Coherence: Registration, Photometric Registration, Common Illumination, Diminished Reality, Camera Simulation, Stylized Augmented Reality **Text book 1: Chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Situated Visualization: Challenges, Visualization Registration, Annotations and Labeling, X-Ray Visualization, Spatial Manipulation, Information Filtering Interaction-Output Modalities, Input Modalities, Tangible Interfaces **Text Book 1: Chapter 7,8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1:Understand the importance of Augmented reality

CO2: Comprehend and analyse the Tracking system.

CO3: Compare and Contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality

CO4: Analyse and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.

CO5: Acquire knowledge of Situated Visualization

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Augmented Reality: Principles and Practice by Dieter SCHMALSTIEG,Tobias HOLLERER

Reference:

1. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494
2. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija – Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0
3. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development||, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

e-Books:

1. https://www.vttresearch.com/sites/default/files/pdf/science/2012/S3.pdf
2. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/mixed-reality/
3. https://docs.microsoft.com/enus/archive/msdnmagazine/2016/november/hololensintroduction-to-the-hololens

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

MULTIAGENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS742	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To introduce the concept of a multi agent systems and Distributed Constraints
CLO 2. Explore the main issues surrounding the computer and extended form games.
CLO 3. Develop cooperative learning, stochastic games
CLO 4. Exhibit the awareness about protocols about multi agent resource allocation and auctions
CLO 5. Construct voting mechanism design.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: Multiagent Problem Formulation

Utility, Markov Decision Processes, Planning
Distributed Constraints: Distributed Constraint Satisfaction, Distributed Constraint Optimization

Textbook 1: Chapters 1 &2, Textbook 2: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Decision Processes, Planning 2. Demonstration of constraints and their optimization

Module-2: Standard and Extended Form Games

Games in Normal Form, Games in Extended Form, Self-interested agents, Characteristic Form Games, Coalition Formation

Textbook 1: Chapters 3 & 4, Textbook 2: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Games in different forms 2. Demonstration of coalition formation

Module-3: Learning in Multiagent Systems

The Machine Learning Problem, Cooperative Learning, Repeated Games, Stochastic Games, General Theories for Learning Agents, Collective Intelligence

Textbook 1: Chapters 5

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Cooperative learning, Collective intelligence 2. Demonstration of stochastic games

Module-4: Negotiation

The Bargaining Problem, Monotonic Concession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc Negotiation Strategies, The Task Allocation Problem.
Protocols for Multiagent Resource Allocation: Auctions: Simple Auctions, Combinatorial Auctions

Textbook 1: Chapters 6&7,
Textbook 2: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Bargaining problems 2. Demonstration of different auctions for resource allocation

Module-5: Voting and Mechanism Design

The Voting Problem, Mechanism Design. **Nature-Inspired Approaches:** Ants and Termites, Immune System

Textbook 1: Chapters 8&10,
Textbook 2: Chapter 10

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Voting Problem 2. Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Demonstrate the decision process with different constraints
- CO 2. Analyze games in different forms
- CO 3. Apply the cooperative learning in developing games
- CO 4. Analyze different negotiation strategies of Multi-Agent System
- CO 5. Design and develop solutions for voting problems

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos´e M. Vidal, 2006, available online http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf.
2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2nded http://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf

Reference:

1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial Intelligence Gerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O2su1u2AXG0.
3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/modeling-simulation-natural-processes/multi-agent-systems-kAKyC

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS			
Course Code	21AI743	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Comprehend the fundamental principles of analytics for business
CLO 2. Explore various techniques for predictive modelling
CLO 3. Analyse the data transformation of different predictors
CLO 4. Examine how predictive analytics can be used in decision making
CLO 5. Apply predictive models to generate predictions for new data

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Predictive analytics – Business analytics: types, applications, Analytical Techniques, Tools

Predictive Modelling: Propensity Models, Cluster Models,Applications.

Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Modelling Techniques: Statistical Modelling, Machine Learning, Empirical Bayes Method,Point Estimation.

Text book 1: Chapter 3,4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-3

Data Pre-processing: Data Transformations for Individual Predictors, Data Transformation for Multiple Predictors, Dealing with Missing Values, Removing Predictors,Adding Predictors, Binning Predictors. Over-Fitting and Model Tuning.

Text book 2: 3, 4	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
Module-4	
Regression Models: Measuring Performance in Regression Models - Linear Regression and Its Cousins - Non-Linear Regression Models - Regression Trees and Rule-Based Models Case Study: Compressive Strength of Concrete Mixtures. **Text book 2: Chapter 5,6,7,8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, MOOC
Module-5	
Classification Models: Measuring Performance in Classification Models - Discriminant Analysis and Other Linear Classification Models - Non-Linear Classification Models - Classification Trees and Rule-Based Models – Model Evaluation Techniques. **Text Book 2: Chapter 11,12,13,14**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the importance of predictive analytics, able to prepare and process data for the models
- CO 2. Apply the statistical techniques for predictive models
- CO 3. Comprehend the transformation of data in the predictors.
- CO 4. Apply regression and classification models for decision making and evaluate the performance
- CO 5. Apply and build the time series forecasting models in a variety of business contexts

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination: Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)** 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module. 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
Suggested Learning Resources:
Text Books 1. Jeffrey S. Strickland, Predictive Analytics using R,2014 2. Max Kuhn and Kjell Johnson, Applied Predictive Modeling, 1st edition Springer, 2013. **Reference:** 1. Dean Abbott, Applied Predictive Analytics: Principles and Techniques for the Professional Data Analyst, 1st Edition Wiley, 2014.
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/fundamentals-of-data-analysis/introduction-to-predictive-analytics-u4H61
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT			
Course Code	21CS744	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To understand basic concepts of RPA
CLO 2. To Describe RPA, where it can be applied and how its implemented
CLO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, Control Flow and data manipulation techniques
CLO 4. To Understand Image, Text and Data Tables Automation
CLO 5. To Describe various types of Exceptions and strategies to handle

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

RPA Foundations- What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps-Flowcharts.

Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

RPA Platforms- Components of RPA- RPA Platforms-About Ui Path- About UiPath - The future of automation - Record and Play - Downloading and installing UiPath Studio -Learning Ui Path Studio- - Task recorder - Step-by-step examples using the recorder.

Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Sequence, Flowchart, and Control Flow-Sequencing the workflow-Activities-Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example). **Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points. **Textbook 2: Ch 5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA **Textbook 2: Ch 8** **Textbook 1: Ch 13**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA
CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
3. Srikanth Merianda,Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

NOSQL DATABASE			
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes **Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and Demonstrations
Module-3	
Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets **Textbook1: Chapter 7,8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based
Module-4	
Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure **Textbook1: Chapter 9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Module-5	
Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use. **Textbook1: Chapter 11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases, Document databases, Graph databases. CO2. Use the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases. CO3. Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL. CO4. Develop various applications using NoSQL databases.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**) 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester Two assignments each of **10 Marks**	

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

Reference Books

1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)
2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/ (and related links in the page)
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained)
3. https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)
4. https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL)
5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.

VII Semester

PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON			
Course Code	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers
CLO 2. To read and write simple Python programs
CLO 3. To learn how to identify Python object types.
CLO 4. To learn how to write functions and pass arguments in Python.
CLO 5. To use Python data structures –- lists, tuples, dictionaries.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

INTRODUCTION DATA, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS:08 Hours

Introduction: Creativity and motivation, understanding programming, Terminology: Interpreter and compiler, Running Python, The First Program; Data types: Int, float, Boolean, string, and list, variables, expressions, statements, Operators and operands.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.6, Chapter 2.1-2.6
Textbook 2: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

CONTROL FLOW, LOOPS:

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: while, for, break, continue, pass statement.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chapter 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS:

Functions: Function calls, adding new functions, definition and uses, local and global scope, return values.
Strings: strings, length of string, string slices, immutability, multiline comments, string functions and methods;

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 **Textbook 2: Chapter 3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08 Hours **Lists:**List operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters, list comprehension; **Tuples:** tuple assignment, tuple as return value, tuple comprehension; **Dictionaries:** operations and methods, comprehension; **Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning
Module-5	
REGULAR EXPRESSIONS,FILES AND EXCEPTION: **Regular expressions:**Character matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regular expressions, Escape character **Files and exception**: Text files, reading and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexceptions, handling exceptions, modules. **Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11.4** **Textbook 2: Chapter 14**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Suggested Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions. CO 2. Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems. CO 3. Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries. CO 4. Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**) 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

1. Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016.
   http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17)
   http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech
2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
3. Python Programming , Reema theraja, OXFORD publication

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php
2. https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW8OYM
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= uQrJ0TkZlc
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-7o

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO AI AND ML			
Course Code	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO1. Understands the basics of AI, history of AI and its foundations, basic principles of AI for problem solving

CLO2. Explore the basics of Machine Learning & Machine Learning process, understanding data

CLO3. Understand the Working of Artificial Neural Networks

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is AI, The foundation of Artificial Intelligence, The history of Artificial Intelligence**,** Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The concept of rationality, the nature of Environments, the structure of Agents.

Textbook 1: Chapter: 1 and 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Problem solving by searching: Problem solving agents, Example problems, Searching for solutions, Uniformed search strategies, Informed search strategies, Heuristic functions

Textbook 1: Chapter: 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Introduction to machine learning: Need for Machine Learning, Machine Learning Explained, and Machine Learning in relation to other fields, Types of Machine Learning. Challenges of Machine Learning, Machine Learning process, Machine Learning applications.

Understanding Data: What is data, types of data, Big data analytics and types of analytics, Big data analytics framework, Descriptive statistics, univariate data analysis and visualization

Textbook 2: Chapter: 1 and 2.1 to 2.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Understanding Data Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics **,** Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques, **Basics of Learning Theory:** Introduction to learning and its types**,** Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning. **Similarity-based learning**: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning**,** weighted k- Nearest **-** Neighbour algorithm**.** **Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network**,** learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map, **Textbook 2: Chapter: 10**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.

CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
Challenges of machine learning

CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709
2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

1. http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.htm
2. Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSHcH
4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
5. https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence
6. https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/
7. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/
8. https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/
9. https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA			
Course Code	21CS753	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Distributed File system and examine MapReduce Programming
CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools and manage Hadoop with Sqoop
CLO 3. Appraise the role of data mining and its applications across industries
CLO 4. Identify various Text Mining techniques

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Hadoop Distributed file system:HDFS Design, Features, HDFS Components, HDFS user commands
Hadoop MapReduce Framework**:** The MapReduce Model, Map-reduce Parallel Data Flow,Map Reduce Programming

Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Essential Hadoop Tools: Using apache Pig, Using Apache Hive, Using Apache Sqoop, Using Apache Apache Flume, Apache H Base

Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Data Warehousing: Introduction, Design Consideration, DW Development Approaches, DW Architectures

Data Mining: Introduction, Gathering, and Selection, data cleaning and preparation, outputs ofData Mining, Data Mining Techniques

Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

Regressions: Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

Web Mining: Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

1. Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education,2016.
2. Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education,2017

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects

Exploring the applications which involves big data.

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE			
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To provide a foundation in data Science terminologies
CLO 2. To familiarize data science process and steps
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data visualization tools
CLO 4. To analyze the data science applicability in real time applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA AND KNOWLEDGE
Philosophies of data science - Data science in a big data world - Benefits and uses of data science and big data - facts of data: Structured data, Unstructured data, Natural Language, Machine generated data, Audio, Image and video streaming data - The Big data Eco system: Distributed file system, Distributed Programming framework, Data Integration frame work, Machine learning Framework, NoSQL Databases, Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools, System Deployment, Service programming and Security.

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation

Module-2

THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Overview of the data science process- defining research goals and creating project charter, retrieving data, cleansing, integrating and transforming data, exploratory data analysis, Build the models, presenting findings and building application on top of them.

Textbook 1:,Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation

Module-3

MACHINE LEARNING: Application for machine learning in data science- Tools used in machine learning- Modeling Process – Training model – Validating model – Predicting new observations –Types of machine learning Algorithm : Supervised learning algorithms, Unsupervised learning algorithms.

Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video
Module-4	
VISUALIZATION–Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce – Dashboard development tools. **Textbook 1: Ch 9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC
Module-5	
CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk when lending money. **Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the data science terminologies
- CO 2. Apply the Data Science process on real time scenario.
- CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools
- CO 4. Apply Data storage and processing with frameworks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

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(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

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Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

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2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali,Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg
3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.

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VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations2021

Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

(Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

III SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
				Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
				L	T	P	S					
1	BSC 21MAT31	Transform Calculus, Fourier Series and Numerical Techniques	Maths	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS32	Data Structures and its Applications	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS33	Analog and Digital Electronics		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS34	Computer Organization and Architecture		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL35	Object Oriented Programming with JAVA Laboratory		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	UHV 21UH36	Social Connect and Responsibility	Any Department	0	0	1		01	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada	TD and PSB: HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KBK37/47	Balake Kannada										
	OR											
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	Constitution of India and Professional Ethics										
8	AEC 21CS38X/21 CSL38X	Ability Enhancement Course - III	TD: Concerned department PSB: Concerned Board	If offered as Theory Course				01	50	50	100	1
				1	0	0						
				If offered as lab. course				02				
				0	0	2						
								Total	**400**	**400**	**800**	**18**

9	Scheduled activities for III to VIII semesters	NMDC 21NS83	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS	All students have to register for any one of the course namely National Service Scheme, Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics) and Yoga with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first week of III semester. The activities shall be carried out from (for 5 semesters) between III semester to VIII semester. SEE in the above courses shall be conducted during VIII semester examinations and the accumulated CIE marks shall be added to the SEE marks. Successful completion of the registered course is mandatory for the award of the degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the colander prepared for the NSS, PE and Yoga activities.
		NMDC 21PE83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PE	
		NMDC 21YO83	Yoga	Yoga	

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester B.E./B.Tech programs

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	TD/PSB	L	T	P	S	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	NCMC 21MATDIP31	Additional Mathematics - I	Maths	02	02	--	--	---	100	---	100	0

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, **IPCC:** Integrated Professional Core Course, **PCC:** Professional Core Course, **INT** –Internship, **HSMC:** Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, **AEC**–Ability Enhancement Courses. **UHV:** Universal Human Value Course.

L –Lecture, **T** – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, **S** – Self Study Component, **CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE:** Semester End Examination. **TD-** Teaching Department, **PSB**: Paper Setting department

21KSK37/47 Samskrutika Kannada is for students who speak, read and write Kannada and **21KBK37/47** Balake Kannada is for non-Kannada speaking, reading, and writing students.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical's of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching–Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship: All the students admitted to engineering programs under the lateral entry category shall have to undergo a mandatory 21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship of 03 weeks during the intervening period of III and IV semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the IV semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements. The faculty coordinator or mentor shall monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them for the successful completion of the internship.

Non–credit mandatory courses (NCMC):
(A) Additional Mathematics I and II:
(1) These courses are prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., programs. They shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.
(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.
(3) Successful completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.
(B) National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:
(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.
(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they have to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.
(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks.
(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.
(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

Ability Enhancement Course - III

21CSL381	Mastering Office	21CS383	
21CS382	Programming in C++	21CS384	

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021

Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

(Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

IV SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Self -Study (S)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC 21CS41	Mathematical Foundations for Computing	Maths	2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS43	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS44	Operating Systems		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	AEC 21BE45	Biology For Engineers	BT, CHE, PHY	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
6	PCC 21CSL46	Python Programming Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada	HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KBK37/47	Balake Kannada										
	OR											
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	Constitution of India & Professional Ethics										
8	AEC 21CS48X/21CSL48X	Ability Enhancement Course- IV	TD and PSB: Concerned department	If offered as theory Course				01	50	50	100	1
				1	0	0						
				If offered as lab. course				02				
				0	0	2						
9	UHV 21UH49	Universal Human Values	Any Department	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
10	INT 21INT49	Inter/Intra Institutional Internship	Evaluation By the appropriate authorities	Completed during the intervening period of II and III semesters by students admitted to first year of BE./B.Tech and during the intervening period of III and IV semesters by Lateral entry students admitted to III semester.				3	100	--	100	2
								Total	**550**	**450**	**1000**	**22**

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	TD/PSB	L	T	P	S	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	NCMC 21MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics - II	Maths	02	02	--	--	--	100	--	100	0

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, AEC –Ability Enhancement Courses, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science and Management Courses, UHV- Universal Human Value Courses.
L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

21KSK37/47 Samskrutika Kannada is for students who speak, read and write Kannada and 21KBK37/47 Balake Kannada is for non-Kannada speaking, reading, and writing students.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical's of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

Non – credit mandatory course (NCMC):
Additional Mathematics - II:
(1) Lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., shall attend the classes during the IV semester to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfil the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.
(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.
(3) Successful completion of the course Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

Ability Enhancement Course - IV			
21CSL481	Web Programming	21CSL483	R Programming
21CS482	Unix Shell Programming	21CS484	

Internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters; 21INT68 Innovation/ Entrepreneurship/ Societal based Internship.
(1) All the students shall have to undergo a mandatory internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the VI semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be considered under F (fail) grade and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements.
(2) Innovation/ Entrepreneurship Internship shall be carried out at industry, State and Central Government /Non-government organizations (NGOs), micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME), Innovation centers or Incubation centers. Innovation need not be a single major breakthrough; it can also be a series of small or incremental changes. Innovation of any kind can also happen outside of the business world.
Entrepreneurship internships offers a chance to gain hands on experience in the world of entrepreneurship and helps to learn what it takes to run a small entrepreneurial business by performing intern duties with an established company. This experience can then be applied to future business endeavours. Start-ups and small companies are a preferred place to learn the business tack ticks for future entrepreneurs as learning how a small business operates will serve the intern well when he/she manages his/her own company. Entrepreneurship acts as a catalyst to open the minds to creativity and innovation. Entrepreneurship internship can be from several sectors, including technology, small and medium-sized, and the service sector.
(3) Societal or social internship.
Urbanization is increasing on a global scale; and yet, half the world's population still resides in rural areas and is devoid of many things that urban population enjoy. Rural internship, is a work-based activity in which students will have a chance to solve/reduce the problems of the rural place for better living.
As proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, activities under Societal or social internship, particularly in rural areas, shall be considered for 40 points under AICTE activity point programme.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021

Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

(Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

V SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Self -Study (S)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC 21CS51	Automata Theory and compiler Design	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS52	Computer Networks	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21CS53	Database Management Systems	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PCC 21AI54	Principles of Artificial Intelligence	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL55	Database Management Systems Laboratory with Mini Project	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	AEC 21XX56	Research Methodology & Intellectual Property Rights	TD: Any Department PSB: As identified by university	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
7	HSMC 21CIV57	Environmental Studies	TD: Civil/ Environmental /Chemistry/ Biotech. PSB: Civil Engg	1	0	0		1	50	50	100	1
8	AEC 21CS58X/21 CSL58X	Ability Enhancement Course-V	Concerned Board	If offered as Theory courses: 1 If offered as lab. courses: 0	0 0	0 2		01 02	50	50	100	1
								Total	**400**	**400**	**800**	**18**

Ability Enhancement Course - IV

21CSL581	Angular JS and Node JS	21CS583	
21CS582	C# and .Net Framework	21CS584	

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, AEC –Ability Enhancement Course INT – Internship, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). Theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

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VI SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	HSMC	21CS61	Software Engineering and Project Management	Any CS Board Department	2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC	21AD62	Data Science and its Applications		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC	21AI63	Machine Learning		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PEC	21XX64x	Professional Elective Course-I		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	OEC	21XX65x	Open Elective Course-I	Concerned Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
6	PCC	21AIL66	Machine Learning Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	MP	21AIMP67	Mini Project		Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.				--	100	--	100	2
8	INT	21INT68	Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal Internship	Completed during the intervening period of IV and V semesters.					--	100	--	100	3
									Total	**500**	**300**	**800**	**22**

Professional Elective - I

21AI641	Business Intelligence	21AI643	Natural Language Processing
21CS642	Advanced JAVA Programming	21AI644	Computer Graphics and Fundamentals of Image Processing

Open Electives – I offered by the Department to other Department students

21CS651	Introduction to Data Structures	21CS653	Introduction to Cyber Security
21CS652	Introduction to Database Management Systems	21CS654	Programming in JAVA

Note: HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, **IPCC:** Integrated Professional Core Course, **PCC:** Professional Core Course, **PEC:** Professional Elective Courses, OEC–Open Elective Course, **MP** –Mini Project, INT –Internship.
L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P - Practical / Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech) 2021-22 may be referred.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC):
A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course out of five courses. The minimum students' strength for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Open Elective Courses:
Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled for the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor.
Selection of an open elective shall **not be allowed** if,

- **(i)** The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the program.
- **(ii)** The syllabus content of open electives is similar to that of the Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- **(iii)** A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the program.

In case, any college is desirous of offering a course (not included in the Open Elective List of the University) from streams such as Law, Business (MBA), Medicine, Arts, Commerce, etc., can seek permission, at least one month before the commencement of the semester, from the University by

submitting a copy of the syllabus along with the details of expertise available to teach the same in the college.
The minimum students' strength for offering open electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Mini-project work: Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications.
Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.
CIE procedure for Mini-project:
(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project.
The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
No SEE component for Mini-Project.

VII semester Classwork and Research Internship /Industry Internship (21INT82)

Swapping Facility
Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester**.**
(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the program.
Elucidation:
At the beginning of IV year of the programme i.e., after VI semester, VII semester classwork and VIII semester Research Internship /Industrial Internship shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester classwork and similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship.
Research/Industrial Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation centre, Incubation centre, Start-up, Centers of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and /or at reputed research organizations / institutes. The internship can also be rural internship.
The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship is for 24 weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

INT21INT82 Research Internship/ Industry Internship/Rural Internship
Research internship: A research internship is intended to offer the flavour of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.
Industry internship: Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.
Rural internship: A long-term goal, as proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, shall be counted as rural internship activity.
The student can take up Interdisciplinary Research Internship or Industry Internship.
The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship.
The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not bear any expenses incurred in respect of internship.

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Swappable VII and VIII SEMESTER

VII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
				Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
				L	T	P	S					
1	PCC 21AI71	Advanced AI and ML	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
2	PCC 21CS72	Cloud Computing		2	0	0		3	50	50	100	2
3	PEC 21XX73X	Professional elective Course-II		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
4	PEC 21XX74X	Professional elective Course-III		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
5	OEC 21XX75X	Open elective Course-II	Concerned Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
6	Project 21AIP76	Project work		Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.				3	100	100	200	10
								Total	**350**	**350**	**700**	**24**

VIII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	Seminar 21AI81		Technical Seminar		One contact hour /week for interaction between the faculty and students.				--	100	--	100	01
2	INT 21INT82		Research Internship/ Industry Internship		Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.				03 (Batch wise)	100	100	200	15
3	NCMC	21NS83	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS	Completed during the intervening period of III semester to VIII semester.				--	50	50	100	0
		21PE83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PE									
		21YO83	Yoga	Yoga									
									Total	**250**	**150**	**400**	**16**

Professional Elective - II

21AI731	Social Network Analysis	21CS734	Blockchain Technology
21CS732	Digital Image Processing	21CS735	Internet of Things
21AI733	Fullstack Development		

Professional Elective - III

21AI741	Augmented Reality	21CS744	Robotic Process Automation Design and Development
21CS742	Multiagent Systems	21CS745	NoSQL Data Base
21AI743	Predictive Analytics		

Open Electives - II offered by the Department to other Department students			
21CS751	Programming in Python	21CS754	Introduction to Data Science
21CS752	Introduction to AI and ML	21CS755	
21CS753	Introduction to Big Data		

Note: PCC: Professional Core Course, **PEC:** Professional Elective Courses, **OEC**–Open Elective Course, **AEC** –Ability Enhancement Courses.
L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical / Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Note: VII and VIII semesters of IV year of the programme

(1) Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester**.**

(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the programme.

PROJECT WORK (21XXP76): The objective of the Project work is

- **(i)** To encourage independent learning and the innovative attitude of the students.
- **(ii)** To develop interactive attitude, communication skills, organization, time management, and presentation skills.
- **(iii)** To impart flexibility and adaptability.
- **(iv)** To inspire team working.
- **(v)** To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment and intuition.
- **(vi)** To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines.
- **(vii)** To instil responsibilities to oneself and others.
- **(viii)**To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face the audience confidently, enhance communication skills, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas.

CIE procedure for Project Work:

(1) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide.

The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(2) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE procedure for Project Work: SEE for project work will be conducted by the two examiners appointed by the University. The SEE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.

TECHNICAL SEMINAR (21XXS81): The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, present the seminar topic confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion for exchange of ideas. Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, shall choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the programme of Specialization.

- **(i)** Carry out literature survey, systematically organize the content.
- **(ii)** Prepare the report with own sentences, avoiding a cut and paste act.
- **(iii)**Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities.
- **(iv)** Present the seminar topic orally and/or through PowerPoint slides.
- **(v)** Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- (**vi)** Submit a typed report with a list of references.

The participants shall take part in the discussion to foster a friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

Evaluation Procedure:

The CIE marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session, and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three teachers from the department with the senior-most acting as the Chairman.

Marks distribution for CIE of the course:

Seminar Report:50 marks
Presentation skill:25 marks
Question and Answer: 25 marks. ■ No SEE component for Technical Seminar

Non – credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they has to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.

(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequently to earn the qualifying CIE marks subject to the maximum programme period.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

Mathematics for Computer Science		Semester	3
Course Code	**BCS301**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course objectives: This course will enable the students to:

1. To introduce the concept of random variables, probability distributions, specific discrete and continuous distributions with practical application in Computer Science Engineering and social life situations.
2. To Provide the principles of statistical inferences and the basics of hypothesis testing with emphasis on some commonly encountered hypotheses.
3. To Determine whether an input has a statistically significant effect on the system's response through ANOVA testing.

Teaching-Learning Process

Pedagogy (General Instructions):

Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
   - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
   - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
   - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
   - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
   - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1: Probability Distributions

Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)-Illustrative examples. Exponential distribution. **(12 Hours)**

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning

Module-2: Joint probability distribution & Markov Chain

Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation.

Markov Chain: Introduction to Stochastic Process, Probability Vectors, Stochastic matrices, Regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, Higher transition probabilities, Stationary distribution of Regular Markov chains and absorbing states. **(12 Hours)**

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning

Module-3: Statistical Inference 1

Introduction, sampling distribution, standard error, testing of hypothesis, levels of significance, test of significances, confidence limits, simple sampling of attributes, test of significance for large samples, comparison of large samples. **(12 Hours)**

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning

Module-4: Statistical Inference 2

Sampling variables, central limit theorem and confidences limit for unknown mean. Test of Significance for means of two small samples, students 't' distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. F-Distribution. **(12 Hours)**

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning

Module-5: Design of Experiments & ANOVA

Principles of experimentation in design, Analysis of completely randomized design, randomized block design. The ANOVA Technique, Basic Principle of ANOVA, One-way ANOVA, Two-way ANOVA, Latin-square Design, and Analysis of Co-Variance. **(12 Hours)**

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain the basic concepts of probability, random variables, probability distribution
2. Apply suitable probability distribution models for the given scenario.
3. Apply the notion of a discrete-time Markov chain and n-step transition probabilities to solve the given problem
4. Use statistical methodology and tools in the engineering problem-solving process.
5. Compute the confidence intervals for the mean of the population.
6. Apply the ANOVA test related to engineering problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment

Test component, there are 25 marks.

- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours).**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. **Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H Myers, Sharon L Myers & Keying Ye** "Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists", Pearson Education, 9th edition, 2017.
2. **Peter Bruce, Andrew Bruce & Peter Gedeck** "Practical Statistics for Data Scientists" O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2nd edition **2020.**

Reference Books: (Name of the author/Title of the Book/ Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

1. **Erwin Kreyszig**, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 9th Edition, 2006.
2. **B. S. Grewal** "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.
3. **G Haribaskaran** "Probability, Queuing Theory & Reliability Engineering", Laxmi Publication, Latest Edition, 2006
4. **Irwin Miller & Marylees Miller,** John E. Freund's "Mathematical Statistics with Applications" Pearson. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd. India, 8th edition, 2014.
5. **S C Gupta and V K Kapoor**, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S Chand and Company, Latest edition.
6. **Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean & Allen T. Craig**. "Introduction to Mathematical Statistics", Pearson Education 7th edition, 2013.
7. **Jim Pitman**. Probability, Springer-Verlag, 1993.
8. **Sheldon M. Ross,** "Introduction to Probability Models" 11th edition. Elsevier, 2014.
9. **A. M. Yaglom and I. M. Yaglom**, "Probability and Information". D. Reidel Publishing Company. Distributed by Hindustan Publishing Corporation (India) Delhi, 1983.
10. **P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone**, "Introduction to Probability Theory", Universal Book Stall, (Reprint), 2003.
11. **S. Ross**, "A First Course in Probability", Pearson Education India, 6th Ed., 2002.
12. **W. Feller**, "An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications", Vol. 1, Wiley, 3rd

Ed., 1968.

13. **N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal**, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
14. **Veerarajan T**, Engineering Mathematics (for semester III), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
http://academicearth.org/
http://www.bookstreet.in.
VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME – 20
VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Programming Assignment
- Seminars

Digital Design and Computer Organization		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS302	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 Hours of Practicals	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- To demonstrate the functionalities of binary logic system
- To explain the working of combinational and sequential logic system
- To realize the basic structure of computer system
- To illustrate the working of I/O operations and processing unit

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Chalk and Talk
2. Live Demo with experiments
3. Power point presentation

MODULE-1 — 8 Hr

Introduction to Digital Design: Binary Logic, Basic Theorems And Properties Of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Digital Logic Gates, Introduction, The Map Method, Four-Variable Map, Don't-Care Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Other Hardware Description Language – Verilog Model of a simple circuit.

Text book 1: 1.9, 2.4, 2.5, 2.8, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.9

MODULE-2 — 8 Hr

Combinational Logic: Introduction, Combinational Circuits, Design Procedure, Binary Adder- Subtractor, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers. HDL Models of Combinational Circuits – Adder, Multiplexer, Encoder. **Sequential Logic**: Introduction, Sequential Circuits, Storage Elements: Latches, Flip-Flops.

Text book 1: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4.

MODULE-3 — 8 Hr

Basic Structure of Computers: Functional Units, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus structure, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.**Machine Instructions and Programs:** Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instruction and Instruction sequencing, Addressing Modes.

Text book 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5

MODULE-4 — 8 Hr

Input/output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access: Bus Arbitration, Speed, size and Cost of memory systems. Cache Memories – Mapping Functions.

Text book 2: 4.1, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.3, 4.4, 5.4, 5.5.1

MODULE-5 — 8 Hr

Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing ALU operations, fetching a word from Memory, Storing a word in memory. Execution of a Complete Instruction. **Pipelining:** Basic concepts, Role of Cache memory, Pipeline Performance.

Text book 2: 7.1, 7.2, 8.1

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl.NO	Experiments Simulation packages preferred: Multisim, Modelsim, PSpice or any other relevant
1	Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same using basic gates.
2	Design a 4 bit full adder and subtractor and simulate the same using basic gates.
3	Design Verilog HDL to implement simple circuits using structural, Data flow and Behavioural model.
4	Design Verilog HDL to implement Binary Adder-Subtractor – Half and Full Adder, Half and Full Subtractor.
5	Design Verilog HDL to implement Decimal adder.
6	Design Verilog program to implement Different types of multiplexer like 2:1, 4:1 and 8:1.
7	Design Verilog program to implement types of De-Multiplexer.
8	Design Verilog program for implementing various types of Flip-Flops such as SR, JK and D.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Apply the K–Map techniques to simplify various Boolean expressions.

CO2: Design different types of combinational and sequential circuits along with Verilog programs.

CO3: Describe the fundamentals of machine instructions, addressing modes and Processor performance.

CO4: Explain the approaches involved in achieving communication between processor and I/O devices.

CO5:Analyze internal Organization of Memory and Impact of cache/Pipelining on Processor Performance.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other

assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks.**
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. M. Morris Mano & Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design With an Introduction to Verilog Design, 5e, Pearson Education.

2. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://cse11-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Assign the group task to Design the various types of counters and display the output accordingly

Assessment Methods

- Lab Assessment (25 Marks)
- GATE Based Aptitude Test

OPERATING SYSTEMS		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS303	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 hours practicals	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course objectives:

- To Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS
- To discuss suitable techniques for management of different resources
- To demonstrate different APIs/Commands related to processor, memory, storage and file system management.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
5. Role play for process scheduling.
6. Demonstrate the installation of any one Linux OS on VMware/Virtual Box

MODULE-1 **8 Hours**

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System debugging, Operating System generation; System boot.

Textbook 1: Chapter – 1 (1.1-1.12), 2 (2.2-2.11)

MODULE-2 **8 Hours**

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues.

Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Thread scheduling; Multiple-processor scheduling,

Textbook 1: Chapter – 3 (3.1-3.4), 4 (4.1-4.4), 5 (5.1 -5.5)

MODULE-3 **8 Hours**

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization;

Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Textbook 1: Chapter – 6 (6.1-6.6), 7 (7.1 -7.7)

MODULE-4	**8 Hours**

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter -8 (8.1-8.6), 9 (9.1-9.6)

MODULE-5	**8 Hours**

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory and Disk structure; File system mounting; File sharing; **Implementing File system:** File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Secondary Storage Structure, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; **Protection**: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix.

Textbook 1: Chapter – 10 (10.1-10.5) ,11 (11.1-11.5),12 (12.1-12.5), 14 (14.1-14.4)

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC*(May cover all / major modules)*

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Develop a c program to implement the Process system calls (fork (), exec(), wait(), create process, terminate process)
2	Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) Priority.
3	Develop a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
4	Develop a C program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use mkfifo, open, read, write and close APIs in your program.
5	Develop a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for DeadLock Avoidance.
6	Develop a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation Techniques: a) Worst fit b) Best fit c) First fit.
7	Develop a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms: a) FIFO b) LRU
8	Simulate following File Organization Techniques a) Single level directory b) Two level directory
9	Develop a C program to simulate the Linked file allocation strategies.
10	Develop a C program to simulate SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1. Explain the structure and functionality of operating system

CO 2. Apply appropriate CPU scheduling algorithms for the given problem.

CO 3. Analyse the various techniques for process synchronization and deadlock handling.

CO 4. Apply the various techniques for memory management

CO 5. Explain file and secondary storage management strategies.

CO 6. Describe the need for information protection mechanisms

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods

mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks.**
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 8th edition, Wiley-India, 2015

Reference Books

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://youtu.be/mXw9ruZaxzQ

2. https://youtu.be/vBURTt97EkA
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeRn6mkO

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Assessment Methods
    - Case Study on Unix Based Systems (10 Marks)
    - Lab Assessment (25 Marks)

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS304	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course objectives:

CLO 1. To explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications.

CLO 2. To illustrate representation of Different data structures such as Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.

CLO 3. To Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Linear Data Structures

CLO 4. To discuss applications of Nonlinear Data Structures in problem solving.

CLO 5. To introduce advanced Data structure concepts such as Hashing and Optimal Binary Search Trees

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

Teachers can use following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Chalk and Talk with Black Board
2. ICT based Teaching
3. Demonstration based Teaching

Module-1 **8Hours**

INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure Operations

Review of pointers and dynamic Memory Allocation,

ARRAYS and STRUCTURES: Arrays, Dynamic Allocated Arrays, Structures and Unions, Polynomials, Sparse Matrices, representation of Multidimensional Arrays, Strings

STACKS: Stacks, Stacks Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation and conversion of Expressions

Text Book: Chapter-1:1.2 Chapter-2: 2.1 to 2.7 Chapter-3: 3.1,3.2,3.6

Reference Book 1: 1.1 to 1.4

Module-2 **8Hours**

QUEUES: Queues, Circular Queues, Using Dynamic Arrays, Multiple Stacks and queues.

LINKED LISTS : Singly Linked, Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Polynomials

Text Book: Chapter-3: 3.3, 3.4, 3.7 Chapter-4: 4.1 to 4.4

Module-3 **8Hours**

LINKED LISTS : Additional List Operations, Sparse Matrices, Doubly Linked List.

TREES: Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Threaded Binary Trees.

Text Book: Chapter-4: 4.5,4.7,4.8 Chapter-5: 5.1 to 5.3, 5.5

Module-4 **8Hours**

TREES(Cont..): Binary Search trees, Selection Trees, Forests, Representation of Disjoint sets, Counting Binary Trees,

GRAPHS: The Graph Abstract Data Types, Elementary Graph Operations

Text Book: Chapter-5: 5.7 to 5.11 Chapter-6: 6.1, 6.2

Module-5 **8Hours**

HASHING: Introduction, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing
PRIORITY QUEUES: Single and double ended Priority Queues, Leftist Trees
INTRODUCTION TO EFFICIENT BINARY SEARCH TREES: Optimal Binary Search Trees
Text Book: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.3 Chapter 9: 9.1, 9.2 Chapter 10: 10.1

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Explain different data structures and their applications.
CO 2. Apply Arrays, Stacks and Queue data structures to solve the given problems.
CO 3. Use the concept of linked list in problem solving.
CO 4. Develop solutions using trees and graphs to model the real-world problem.
CO 5. Explain the advanced Data Structures concepts such as Hashing Techniques and Optimal Binary Search Trees.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours).**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson-Freed, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014

Reference Books:

1. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
2. Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.
4. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
5. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
6. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
- http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s
- https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html
- https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_013501595428077568125 59/overview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Role Play
- Flipped classroom
- Assessment Methods for 25 Marks (opt two Learning Activities)
  - Case Study
  - Programming Assignment
  - Gate Based Aptitude Test
  - MOOC Assignment for selected Module

DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY
SEMESTER – III

Course Code	**BCSL305**	**CIE Marks**	50
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:0:2	**SEE Marks**	50
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	28	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 1

Course Learning Objectives:

This laboratory course enables students to get practical experience in design, develop, implement, analyze and evaluation/testing of

- Dynamic memory management
- Linear data structures and their applications such as stacks, queues and lists
- Non-Linear data structures and their applications such as trees and graphs

Descriptions (if any):

- Implement all the programs in "C " Programming Language and Linux OS.

Programs List:

1.	Develop a Program in C for the following: a) Declare a calendar as an array of 7 elements (A dynamically Created array) to represent 7 days of a week. Each Element of the array is a structure having three fields. The first field is the name of the Day (A dynamically allocated String), The second field is the date of the Day (A integer), the third field is the description of the activity for a particular day (A dynamically allocated String). b) Write functions create(), read() and display(); to create the calendar, to read the data from the keyboard and to print weeks activity details report on screen.
2.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Strings. a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP) b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.
3.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX) a. Push an Element on to Stack b. Pop an Element from Stack c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack e. Display the status of Stack f. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

4.	Develop a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.
5.	Develop a Program in C for the following Stack Applications a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks

6.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX) a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE e. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
7.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: *USN, Name, Programme, Sem, PhNo* a. Create a SLL of N Students Data by using *front insertion*. b. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack) e. Exit
8.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: *SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo* a. Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using *end insertion*. b. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue. f. Exit
9.	Develop a Program in C for the following operationson Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3$ b. Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z) and store the result in POLYSUM(x,y,z) Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
10.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers . a. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2 b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order c. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message d. Exit
11.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method

12.	Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Develop a Program in C that uses Hash function H: K →L as H(K)=K mod m (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Analyze various linear and non-linear data structures
- Demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Use appropriate searching and sorting algorithms for the give scenario.
- Apply the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Need to change in accordance with university regulations)*

  c) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks

  d) For laboratories having PART A and PART B

     i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks

     ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

Object Oriented Programming with JAVA		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS306A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours of Theory + 20 Hours of Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Note - Students who have undergone " Basics of Java Programming-BPLCK105C/205C" in first year are not eligible to opt this course

Course objectives:

- To learn primitive constructs JAVA programming language.
- To understand Object Oriented Programming Features of JAVA.
- To gain knowledge on: packages, multithreaded programing and exceptions.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective

1. Use Online Java Compiler IDE: https://www.jdoodle.com/online-java-compiler/ or any other.
2. Demonstration of programing examples.
3. Chalk and board, power point presentations
4. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.

Module-1

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming (Two Paradigms, Abstraction, The Three OOP Principles), Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues (Whitespace, Identifiers, Literals, Comments, Separators, The Java Keywords).

Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: The Primitive Types (Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans), Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, Introducing Type Inference with Local Variables.

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses.

Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements (if, The Traditional switch), Iteration Statements (while, do-while, for, The For-Each Version of the for Loop, Local Variable Type Inference in a for Loop, Nested Loops), Jump Statements (Using break, Using continue, return).

Chapter 2, 3, 4, 5

Module-2

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection.

Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Objects as Parameters, Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Introducing Nested and Inner Classes.

Chapter 6, 7

Module-3

Inheritance: Inheritance Basics, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Executed, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, Local Variable Type Inference and Inheritance, The Object Class.

Interfaces: Interfaces, Default Interface Methods, Use static Methods in an Interface, Private Interface Methods.

Chapter 8, 9

Module-4

Packages: Packages, Packages and Member Access, Importing Packages.

Exceptions: Exception-Handling Fundamentals**,** Exception Types**,** Uncaught Exceptions**,** Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions.

Chapter 9, 10

Module-5

Multithreaded Programming: The Java Thread Model, The Main Thread, Creating a Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Using isAlive() and join(), Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Interthread Communication, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads, Obtaining a Thread's State.

Enumerations, Type Wrappers and Autoboxing: Enumerations (Enumeration Fundamentals**,** The values() and valueOf() Methods), Type Wrappers (Character, Boolean, The Numeric Type Wrappers), Autoboxing (Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing Occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing Boolean and Character Values).

Chapter 11, 12

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Demonstrate proficiency in writing simple programs involving branching and looping structures.
2. Design a class involving data members and methods for the given scenario.
3. Apply the concepts of inheritance and interfaces in solving real world problems.
4. Use the concept of packages and exception handling in solving complex problem
5. Apply concepts of multithreading, autoboxing and enumerations in program development

Programming Experiments (Suggested and are not limited to)

1. Develop a JAVA program to add TWO matrices of suitable order N (The value of N should be read from command line arguments).
2. Develop a stack class to hold a maximum of 10 integers with suitable methods. Develop a JAVA main method to illustrate Stack operations.
3. A class called Employee, which models an employee with an ID, name and salary, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. The method raiseSalary (percent) increases the salary by the given percentage. Develop the Employee class and suitable main method for demonstration.
4. A class called MyPoint, which models a 2D point with x and y coordinates, is designed as follows:
   - Two instance variables x (int) and y (int).
   - A default (or "no-arg") constructor that construct a point at the default location of (0, 0).
   - A overloaded constructor that constructs a point with the given x and y coordinates.
   - A method setXY() to set both x and y.
   - A method getXY() which returns the x and y in a 2-element int array.
   - A toString() method that returns a string description of the instance in the format "(x, y)".
   - A method called distance(int x, int y) that returns the distance from this point to another point at the given (x, y) coordinates
   - An overloaded distance(MyPoint another) that returns the distance from this point to the given MyPoint instance (called another)
   - Another overloaded distance() method that returns the distance from this point to the origin (0,0)

   Develop the code for the class MyPoint. Also develop a JAVA program (called TestMyPoint) to test all the methods defined in the class.
5. Develop a JAVA program to create a class named shape. Create three sub classes namely: circle, triangle and square, each class has two member functions named draw () and erase (). Demonstrate

polymorphism concepts by developing suitable methods, defining member data and main program.

6. Develop a JAVA program to create an abstract class Shape with abstract methods calculateArea() and calculatePerimeter(). Create subclasses Circle and Triangle that extend the Shape class and implement the respective methods to calculate the area and perimeter of each shape.
7. Develop a JAVA program to create an interface Resizable with methods resizeWidth(int width) and resizeHeight(int height) that allow an object to be resized. Create a class Rectangle that implements the Resizable interface and implements the resize methods
8. Develop a JAVA program to create an outer class with a function display. Create another class inside the outer class named inner with a function called display and call the two functions in the main class.
9. Develop a JAVA program to raise a custom exception (user defined exception) for DivisionByZero using try, catch, throw and finally.
10. Develop a JAVA program to create a package named mypack and import & implement it in a suitable class.
11. Write a program to illustrate creation of threads using runnable class. (start method start each of the newly created thread. Inside the run method there is sleep() for suspend the thread for 500 milliseconds).
12. Develop a program to create a class MyThread in this class a constructor, call the base class constructor, using super and start the thread. The run method of the class starts after this. It can be observed that both main thread and created child thread are executed concurrently.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks.**
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook

1. Java: The Complete Reference, Twelfth Edition, by Herbert Schildt, November 2021, McGraw-Hill, ISBN: 9781260463422

Reference Books

1. Programming with Java, 6th Edition, by E Balagurusamy, Mar-2019, McGraw Hill Education, ISBN: 9789353162337.
2. Thinking in Java, Fourth Edition, by Bruce Eckel, Prentice Hall, 2006 (https://sd.blackball.lv/library/thinking_in_java_4th_edition.pdf)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Java Tutorial: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java/
- Introduction To Programming In Java (by Evan Jones, Adam Marcus and Eugene Wu): https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-092-introduction-to-programming-in-java-january-iap-2010/
- Java Tutorial: https://www.w3schools.com/java/
- Java Tutorial: https://www.javatpoint.com/java-tutorial

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities)/ Practical Based learning

1. Installation of Java (Refer: https://www.java.com/en/download/help/index_installing.html)
2. Demonstration of online IDEs like geeksforgeeks, jdoodle or any other Tools
3. Demonstration of class diagrams for the class abstraction, type visibility, composition and inheritance

Assessment Method

- Programming Assignment / Course Project

Python Programming for Data Science		Semester	3
Course Code	**BDS306B**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours Theory + 20 Hours Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Note - Students who have undergone " Introduction to Python Programming- BPLCK105B/205B" in first year are not eligible to opt this course

Course Learning objectives:

CLO 1:To understand Python constructs and use them to build the programs.

CLO 2: To analyse different conditional statements and their applications in programs.

CLO 3: To learn and use basic data structures in python language.

CLO 4: To learn and demonstrate array manipulations by reading data from files

CLO 5: To understand and use different data in a data analytics context.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Chalk and board, power point presentations
2. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.
3. Demonstration of programing examples.

Module-1 **6 hr**

Introduction to python: Elements of python language, python block structure, variables and assignment statement, data types in python, operations, simple input/output print statements, formatting print statement.

Text Book 1: Chapter 3 (3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 3.7, 3.9 and 3.10)

Module-2 **5 hr**

Decision structure: forming conditions, if statement, the if-else and nested if-else, looping statements: introduction to looping, python built in functions for looping, loop statements, jump statement.

Text Book 1: Chapter 4 (4.2 to 4.6) , Chapter 5 (5.1 to 5.4)

Module-3 **5 hr**

Lists: lists, operation on list, Tuples: introduction, creating,indexing and slicing, operations on tuples. sets: creating, operation in sets, introduction dictionaries, creating, operations, nested dictionary, looping over dictionary.

Text Book 1: Chapter 7 (7.2 to 7.3) , Chapter 8 (8.1 to 8.4) and Chapter 9(9.1 to 9.3, 9.7 to 9.12)

Module-4 **6 hr**

The NumPy Library: Ndarray: the heart of the library, Basic operations, indexing, slicing and iterating, conditions and boolean arrays, array manipulation, general concepts, reading and writing array data on files. **The pandas Library:** an introduction to Data structure, other functionalities on indexes, operations between data structures, function application and mapping.

Text Book 2: Chapter 3 and Chapter 4.

Module-5	**6 hr**

The pandas : Reading and Writing data: i/o API tools, CSV and textual files, Reading data in CSV or text files, reading and writing HTML files, reading data from XML files, Microsoft excel files, JSON data, Pickle python object serialization. **Pandas in Depth : data manipulation:** data preparation, concatenating data transformation discretization binning, permutation, string manipulation, data aggregation group iteration.

Text Book 2: Chapter 5 and Chapter 6

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :
CO1: Describe the constructs of python programming
CO2: Use looping and conditional constructs to build programs.
CO3: Apply the concept of data structure to solve the real world problem.
CO4: Use the NumPy constructs for matrix manipulations
CO5: Apply the Panda constructs for data analytics.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours).**

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2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:
Text Books:

1. S. Sridhar, J. Indumathi, V.M. Hariharan "Python Programming" Pearson publishers, 1st edition 2023.
2. Fabio Nelli, "**Python Data Analytics**", Apress, Publishing, 1st Edition, 2015.

Reference Book:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey deitel,"**Intro to Python for Computer Science and Data science**", 1st edition Pearson Publisher 2020.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Nptel: Introduction to Python for Data Sciencehttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tA42nHmmEKw&list=PLh2mXjKcTPSACrQxPM2_1Ojus5HX88ht7

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Assessment Methods
    - Programming Assignment (10 Marks)

Practical Component

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Develop a python program to read **n** digit integer number, and separate the integer number and display each digit. [Hint: input:5678 output: 5 6 7 8, use: floor and mod operators)
2	Develop a python program to accept 4 numbers and display them in sorted order using a minimum number of **if else** statements.
3	Develop python scripts to Calculate the mean, median, mode, variance and standard deviation of **n** integer numbers.
4	Develop a program for checking if a given **n** digit number is palindrome or not. [hint: input 1221 output: palindrome, use //and % operator with loop statement]
5	Develop a python script to display a multiplication table for given integer **n**.
6	Develop a python script to rotate right about a given position in that list and display them. [hint: input [1,4,5,-10] position: 2, output: [-10,5,4,1]]
7	DevelopWrite a python script to interchange the digits of a given integer number. [hint: input: 23456, interchange: 3 and 5 output: 25436]

8	Develop a python program to capitalize a given list of strings. [hint: [hello, good, how, simple] output: [Hello, Good, How, Simple]
9	Using a dictionary, Develop a python program to determine and print the number of duplicate words in a sentence.
10	Develop python program to read Numpy array and print row (sum,mean std) and column (sum,mean,std)
11	Develop a python program to read and print in the console CSV file.
12	Develop a python program to read a HTML file with basic tags, and construct a dictionary and display the same in the console.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
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3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Data Analytics with R		Semester	3
Course Code	**BDS306C**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2;0;2;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours Theory + 20 Hours Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course Learning objectives:

CLO 1: To Gain the knowledge of R Programming Concepts

CLO 2: To Explain the concepts of Data Visualization

CLO 3: To Explain the concept of Statistics in R.

CLO 4: To Work with R charts and Graphs

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

1. Chalk and board, power point presentations
2. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.
3. Demonstration of programing examples.

Module-1 **5 hours**

Basics of R

Introducing R, Initiating R, Packages in R, Environments and Functions, Flow Controls, Loops, Basic Data Types in R, Vectors

Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.7 Chapter 2: 2.1,2.2

Module-2 **5 hours**

Basics of R Continued

Matrices and Arrays, Lists, Data Frames, Factors, Strings, Dates and Times

Chapter 2: 2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,2.7.2.8.1,2.8.2

Module-3 **6 Hours**

Data Preparation

Datasets, Importing and Exporting files, Accessing Databases, Data Cleaning and Transformation

Chapter 3: 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4

Module-4 **6 Hours**

Graphics using R

Exploratory Data Analysis, Main Graphical Packages, Pie Charts, Scatter Plots, Line Plots, Histograms, Box Plots, Bar Plots, Other Graphical packages

Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.9

Module-5 **6 Hours**

Statistical Analysis using R

Basic Statistical Measures, Normal distribution, Binomial distribution, Correlation Analysis, Regression Analysis-Linear Regression Analysis of Variance

Chapter 5: 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6.1, 5.7

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :
CO1: Describe the structures of R Programming.
CO2: Illustrate the basics of Data Preparation with real world examples.
CO3: Apply the Graphical Packages of R for visualization.
CO4: Apply various Statistical Analysis methods for data analytics.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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Semester-End Examination:

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3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

R Programming: An Approach to Data Analytics, G. Sudhamathy and C. Jothi Venkateswaran, MJP Publishers, 2019

Reference Books:

1..An Introduction to R, Notes on R: A Programming Environment for Data Analysis and Graphics. W. N. Venables, D.M. Smith and the R Development Core Team. Version 3.0.1 (2013-05-16)

2. Cotton, R. (2013). Learning R: A Step by Step Function Guide to Data Analysis. 1st ed. O'Reilly Media Inc

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. URL: https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-intro.pdf
2. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/r/r_tutorial.pdf
3. https://users.phhp.ufl.edu/rlp176/Courses/PHC6089/R_notes/intro.html
4. https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/explore/vignettes/explore_mtcars.html
5. https://www.w3schools.com/r/r_stat_data_set.asp
6. https://rpubs.com/BillB/217355

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Programming Assignment (10 Marks)

Practical Component

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Demonstrate the steps for installation of R and R Studio. Perform the following: a) Assign different type of values to variables and display the type of variable. Assign different types such as Double, Integer, Logical, Complex and Character and understand the difference between each data type. b) Demonstrate Arithmetic and Logical Operations with simple examples. c) Demonstrate generation of sequences and creation of vectors. d) Demonstrate Creation of Matrices e) Demonstrate the Creation of Matrices from Vectors using Binding Function. f) Demonstrate element extraction from vectors, matrices and arrays
2	Assess the Financial Statement of an Organization being supplied with 2 vectors of data: Monthly Revenue and Monthly Expenses for the Financial Year. You can create your own sample data vector for this experiment) Calculate the following financial metrics: a. Profit for each month. b. Profit after tax for each month (Tax Rate is 30%). c. Profit margin for each month equals to profit after tax divided by revenue. d. Good Months – where the profit after tax was greater than the mean for the year. e. Bad Months – where the profit after tax was less than the mean for the year. f. The best month – where the profit after tax was max for the year. g. The worst month – where the profit after tax was min for the year. **Note:** a. All Results need to be presented as vectors b. Results for Dollar values need to be calculated with $0.01 precision, but need to be presented in Units of $1000 (i.e 1k) with no decimal points c. Results for the profit margin ratio need to be presented in units of % with no decimal point. d. It is okay for tax to be negative for any given month (deferred tax asset) e. Generate CSV file for the data.
3	Develop a program to create two 3 X 3 matrices A and B and perform the following operations a) Transpose of the matrix b) addition c) subtraction d) multiplication
4	Develop a program to find the factorial of given number using recursive function calls.

<table>
<tr><td>5</td><td>Develop an R Program using functions to find all the prime numbers up to a specified number by the method of Sieve of Eratosthenes.</td></tr>
<tr><td>6</td><td>The built-in data set mammals contain data on body weight versus brain weight. Develop R commands to:
a) Find the Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients. Are they similar?
b) Plot the data using the plot command.
c) Plot the logarithm (log) of each variable and see if that makes a difference.</td></tr>
<tr><td>7</td><td>Develop R program to create a Data Frame with following details and do the following operations.
<table>
<tr><th>itemCode</th><th>itemCategory</th><th>itemPrice</th></tr>
<tr><td>1001</td><td>Electronics</td><td>700</td></tr>
<tr><td>1002</td><td>Desktop Supplies</td><td>300</td></tr>
<tr><td>1003</td><td>Office Supplies</td><td>350</td></tr>
<tr><td>1004</td><td>USB</td><td>400</td></tr>
<tr><td>1005</td><td>CD Drive</td><td>800</td></tr>
</table>
a) Subset the Data frame and display the details of only those items whose price is greater than or equal to 350.
b) Subset the Data frame and display only the items where the category is either “Office Supplies” or “Desktop Supplies”
c) Create another Data Frame called “item-details” with three different fields itemCode, ItemQtyonHand and ItemReorderLvl and merge the two frames</td></tr>
<tr><td>8</td><td>Let us use the built-in dataset air quality which has Daily air quality measurements in New York, May to September 1973. Develop R program to generate histogram by using appropriate arguments for the following statements.
a) Assigning names, using the air quality data set.
b) Change colors of the Histogram
c) Remove Axis and Add labels to Histogram
d) Change Axis limits of a Histogram
e) Add Density curve to the histogram</td></tr>
<tr><td>9</td><td>Design a data frame in R for storing about 20 employee details. Create a CSV file named “input.csv” that defines all the required information about the employee such as id, name, salary, start_date, dept. Import into R and do the following analysis.
a) Find the total number rows & columns
b) Find the maximum salary
c) Retrieve the details of the employee with maximum salary
d) Retrieve all the employees working in the IT Department.
e) Retrieve the employees in the IT Department whose salary is greater than 20000 and write these details into another file “output.csv”</td></tr>
<tr><td>10</td><td>Using the built in dataset mtcars which is a popular dataset consisting of the design and fuel consumption patterns of 32 different automobiles. The data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973-74 models). Format A data frame with 32 observations on 11 variables : [1] mpg Miles/(US) gallon, [2] cyl Number of cylinders [3] disp Displacement (cu.in.), [4] hp Gross horsepower [5] drat Rear axle ratio,[6] wt Weight (lb/1000) [7] qsec 1/4 mile time, [8] vs V/S, [9] am Transmission (0 = automatic, 1 = manual), [10] gear Number of forward gears, [11] carb Number of carburetors

Develop R program, to solve the following:
a) What is the total number of observations and variables in the dataset?
b) Find the car with the largest hp and the least hp using suitable functions
c) Plot histogram / density for each variable and determine whether continuous variables are normally distributed or not. If not, what is their skewness?
d) What is the average difference of gross horse power(hp) between automobiles with 3 and 4 number of cylinders(cyl)? Also determine the difference in their standard deviations.
e) Which pair of variables has the highest Pearson correlation?</td></tr>
</table>

11	Demonstrate the progression of salary with years of experience using a suitable data set (You can create your own dataset). Plot the graph visualizing the best fit line on the plot of the given data points. Plot a curve of Actual Values vs. Predicted values to show their correlation and performance of the model. Interpret the meaning of the slope and y-intercept of the line with respect to the given data. Implement using lm function. Save the graphs and coefficients in files. Attach the predicted values of salaries as a new column to the original data set and save the data as a new CSV file.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks.**
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

BSCK307 – Social Connect & Responsibility 2022 Scheme & syllabus for 3rd sem		Semester	3rd
Course Code	**BSCK307**	CIE Marks	**100**
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:3:1	SEE Marks	------
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hour Practical Session +15 hour Planning	Total Marks	**100**
Examination nature (No SEE – Only CIE)	For CIE Assessment - Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer / HOD / Sports Dept / Any Dept.		
Credits	01 - Credit		

Course objectives: The course will enable the students to:

1. Provide a formal platform for students to communicate and connect to the surrounding.
2. create a responsible connection with the society.
3. Understand the community in general in which they work.
4. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem –solving.
5. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.
6. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

General Instructions - Pedagogy :

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.
2. State the need for activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.
5. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.

Contents :

The course is mainly activity-based that will offer a set of activities for the student that enables them to connect with fellow human beings, nature, society, and the world at large.

The course will engage students for interactive sessions, open mic, reading group, storytelling sessions, and semester-long activities conducted by faculty mentors.

In the following a set of activities planned for the course have been listed:

Social Connect & Responsibility - Contents

Part I:

Plantation and adoption of a tree:

Plantation of a tree that will be adopted for four years by a group of BE / B.Tech students. (ONE STUDENT ONE TREE) They will also make an excerpt either as a documentary or a photo blog describing the plant's origin, its usage in daily life, its appearance in folklore and literature - – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

Part II :

Heritage walk and crafts corner:

Heritage tour, knowing the history and culture of the city, connecting to people around through their history, knowing the city and its craftsman, photo blog and documentary on evolution and practice of various craft forms - – Objectives,Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

Part III :

Organic farming and waste management:

Usefulness of organic farming, wet waste management in neighboring villages, and implementation in the campus –

Objectives,Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

Part IV:

Water conservation:

Knowing the present practices in the surrounding villages and implementation in the campus, documentary or photoblog presenting the current practices – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

Part V :

Food walk:

City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Communicate and connect to the surrounding.

CO2: Create a responsible connection with the society.

CO3: Involve in the community in general in which they work.

CO4: Notice the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem –solving.

CO5: Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.

CO6: Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

Activities:

Jamming session, open mic, and poetry: Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. Share the experience of Social Connect. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art-painting, and fine art.

PEDAGOGY:

The pedagogy will include interactive lectures, inspiring guest talks, field visits, social immersion, and a course project. Applying and synthesizing information from these sources to define the social problem to address and take up the solution as the course project, with your group. Social immersionwith NGOs/social sections will be a key part of the course. Will all lead to the course project that will address the needs of the social sector?

COURSE TOPICS:

The course will introduce social context and various players in the social space, and present approaches to discovering and understanding social needs. Social immersion and inspiring conversional will culminate in developing an actual, idea for problem-based intervention, based on an in-depth understanding of a key social problem.

Duration :

A total of 40 - 50 hrs engagement per semester is required for the 3rd semester of the B.E. /B.Tech. program. The students will be divided into groups. Each group will be handled by faculty mentor. Faculty mentor will design the activities (particularly Jamming sessions open mic ,and poetry) Faculty mentors has to design the evaluation system as per VTU guidelines of scheme & syllabus.

Guideline for Assessment Process:

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

After completion of the course, the student shall prepare, with daily diary as reference, a comprehensive report in consultation with the mentor/s to indicate what he has observed and learned in the social connect period. The report should be signed by the mentor. The report shall be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria and/or other relevant criteria pertaining to the activity completed. Marks allotted for the diary are out of 50. Planning and scheduling the social connect Information/Data collected during the social connect Analysis of the information/data and report writing Considering all above points allotting the marks as mentioned below

Excellent : 80 to 100
Good : 60 to 79
Satisfactory : 40 to 59
Unsatisfactory and fail : <39

Special Note :

NO SEE – Semester End Exam – Completely Practical and activities based evaluation

Pedagogy – Guidelines :

It may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.

Sl No	Topic	Group size	Location	Activity execution	Reporting	Evaluation Of the Topic
1.	**Plantation and adoption of a tree:**	May be individual or team	Farmers land/ parks / Villages / roadside/ community area / College campus etc…..	Site selection /proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
2.	**Heritage walk and crafts corner:**	May be individual or team	Temples / monumental places / Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers/ campus etc…..	Site selection /proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
3.	**Organic farming and waste management:**	May be individual or team	Farmers land / parks / Villages visits / roadside/ community area / College campus etc…..	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
4.	**Water conservation:** & conservation techniques	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers / campus etc…..	site selection / proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
5.	**Food walk: Practices in society**	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers/ campus etc…..	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty

Plan of Action (Execution of Activities)

Sl.NO	Practice Session Description
1	**Lecture session in field to start activities**
2	**Students Presentation on Ideas**
3	**Commencement of activity and its progress**
4	**Execution of Activity**
5	**Execution of Activity**
6	**Execution of Activity**
7	**Execution of Activity**
8	**Case study based Assessment, Individual performance**
9	**Sector/ Team wise study and its consolidation**
10	**Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report.**

- Each student should do activities according to the scheme and syllabus.
- At the end of semester student performance has to be evaluated by the faculty for the assigned activity progress and its completion.
- At last consolidated report of all activities from 1st to 5th, compiled report should be submitted as per the instructions and scheme.

Assessment Details for CIE (both CIE and SEE)

Weightage	**CIE – 100%**	
Field Visit, Plan, Discussion	10 Marks	• Implementation strategies of the project (NSS work). • The last report should be signed by NSS Officer, the HOD and principal. • At last report should be evaluated by the NSS officer of the institute. • Finally the consolidated marks sheet should be sent to the university and also to be made available at LIC visit.
Commencement of activities and its progress	20 Marks	
Case study based Assessment Individual performance with report	20 Marks	
Sector wise study & its consolidation 5*5 = 25	25 Marks	
Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report. **Activities 1 to 5, 5*5 = 25**	25 Marks	
Total marks for the course in each semester	**100 Marks**	
For each activity, 20 marks CIE will be evaluated for IA marks at the end of semester, Report and assessment copy should be made available in the department.		
Students should present the progress of the activities as per the schedule in the prescribed practical session in the field. There should be positive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general through activities.		

Data Analytics with Excel		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS358A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

- To Apply analysis techniques to datasets in Excel
- Learn how to use Pivot Tables and Pivot Charts to streamline your workflow in Excel
- Understand and Identify the principles of data analysis
- Become adept at using Excel functions and techniques for analysis
- Build presentation ready dashboards in Excel

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	**Getting Started with Excel**: Creation of spread sheets, Insertion of rows and columns, Drag & Fill, use of Aggregate functions.
2	**Working with Data** : Importing data, Data Entry & Manipulation, Sorting & Filtering.
3	**Working with Data:** Data Validation, Pivot Tables & Pivot Charts.
4	**Data Analysis Process**: Conditional Formatting, What-If Analysis, Data Tables, Charts & Graphs.
5	**Cleaning Data with Text Functions**: use of UPPER and LOWER, TRIM function, Concatenate.
6	**Cleaning Data Containing Date and Time Values:** use of DATEVALUE function, DATEADD and DATEDIF, TIMEVALUE functions.
7	**Conditional Formatting**: formatting, parsing, and highlighting data in spreadsheets during data analysis.
8	**Working with Multiple Sheets**: work with multiple sheets within a workbook is crucial for organizing and managing data, perform complex calculations and create comprehensive reports.
9	Create worksheet with following fields: Empno, Ename, Basic Pay(BP), Travelling Allowance(TA), Dearness Allowance(DA), House Rent Allowance(HRA), Income Tax(IT), Provident Fund(PF), Net Pay(NP). Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.
10	Create worksheet on Inventory Management: Sheet should contain Product code, Product name, Product type, MRP, Cost after % of discount, Date of purchase. Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.

11	Create worksheet on Sales analysis of Merchandise Store: data consisting of Order ID, Customer ID, Gender, age, date of order, month, online platform, Category of product, size, quantity, amount, shipping city and other details. Use of formula to segregate different categories and perform a comparative study using pivot tables and different sort of charts.
12	Generation of report & presentation using Autofilter &macro.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets.
- Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.
- Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
- Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real world scenario.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- **Berk & Carey** - Data Analysis with Microsoft® Excel: Updated for Offi ce 2007®, Third Edition, © 2010 Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning, ISBN-13: 978-0-495-39178-4
- **Wayne L. Winston** - Microsoft Excel 2019: Data Analysis And Business Modeling, PHI, ISBN: 9789389347180
- **Aryan Gupta** - Data Analysis in Excel: The Best Guide. (https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/excel-tutorial/data-analysis-excel)

Ethics and Public Policy for AI		Semester	
Course Code	BAI358B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	2
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- ***To understand Ethical Framework for a Good AI Society, establishing Rules for trustworthy AI***
- ***To Designing ethics for good society***
- ***To familiar with Tools, methods and practices for designing AI for social good***
- ***To familiar with Innovation and future AI***
- ***To understand the Case Study: Ai in health care, knowing Regulation and Governance of AI ethics***

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. **Chalk and Talk**
2. **Real time Examples**
3. **Natural Approaches**

Module-1

An Ethical Framework for a Good AI Society: opportunities, Risks, principles and Recommendations.
Establishing the rules for building trustworthy AI

Textbook1: Chapter 3, chapter 4

Module-2

Translating principles into practices of digital ethics: five risks of being Unethical
The Ethics of Algorithms: Key problems and Solution
How to Design AI for Social Good: Seven Essential Factors

Textbook1: Chapter 6, Chapter 8, Chapter 9

Module-3

How to design AI for social good: seven essential factors
From What to How: An Initial Review of publicly available AI Ethics tools, Methods and Research to Translate principles into Practices

Textbook1: Chapter 9, Chapter 10

Module-4

Innovating with Confidence: Embedding AI Governance and fairness in financial Services Risk management framework,
What the near future of AI could be.

Textbook1: Chapter 20, chapter 22

Module-5

Human-AI Relationship, AI and Workforce, Autonomous Machines and Moral Decisions,
AI in HealthCare: balancing Progress and Ethics,

Regulation and Governance of AI Ethics

Textbook2 : Chapter 5,Chapter 8, Chapter 9

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. ***Describe Ethical Framework for a Good AI Society, establishing Rules for trustworthy AI***
2. ***Explain ethics for good society***
3. ***Illustrate various Tools, methods and practices for designing AI for social good***
4. ***Describe the Innovation and future AI***
5. ***Illustrate Regulation and Governance of AI ethics in Healthcare domain.***

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours).**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. "Ethics, governance and Policies in Artificial Intelligence", Author-Editor : Luciano Floridi, Springer, 1st Edition 2021, vol 144, Oxford Internet Institute, University of ixford, UK, ISSN 0921-8599, e-ISSN 2542-8349 Philosophical Studies series, ISBN 978-3-030-81906-4 e-ISBN 978-3-030-81907-1, ://doi.orghttps/10.1007/978-3-030-81907-1, 2021.
2. "Ethics and AI: Navigating the Moral Landscape of Digital Age", Author: Aaron Aboagye,

Project Management with Git		Semester	3
Course Code	**BCS358C**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0: 0 : 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Marks	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

- .To familiar with basic command of Git
- To create and manage branches
- To understand how to collaborate and work with Remote Repositories
- To familiar with virion controlling commands

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	**Setting Up and Basic Commands** Initialize a new Git repository in a directory. Create a new file and add it to the staging area and commit the changes with an appropriate commit message.
2	**Creating and Managing Branches** Create a new branch named "feature-branch." Switch to the "master" branch. Merge the "feature-branch" into "master."
3	**Creating and Managing Branches** Write the commands to stash your changes, switch branches, and then apply the stashed changes.
4	**Collaboration and Remote Repositories** Clone a remote Git repository to your local machine.
5	**Collaboration and Remote Repositories** Fetch the latest changes from a remote repository and rebase your local branch onto the updated remote branch.
6	**Collaboration and Remote Repositories** Write the command to merge "feature-branch" into "master" while providing a custom commit message for the merge.
7	**Git Tags and Releases** Write the command to create a lightweight Git tag named "v1.0" for a commit in your local repository.
8	**Advanced Git Operations**

	Write the command to cherry-pick a range of commits from "source-branch" to the current branch.
9	**Analysing and Changing Git History** Given a commit ID, how would you use Git to view the details of that specific commit, including the author, date, and commit message?
10	**Analysing and Changing Git History** Write the command to list all commits made by the author "JohnDoe" between "2023-01-01" and "2023-12-31."
11	**Analysing and Changing Git History** Write the command to display the last five commits in the repository's history.
12	**Analysing and Changing Git History** Write the command to undo the changes introduced by the commit with the ID "abc123".

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use the basics commands related to git repository
- Create and manage the branches
- Apply commands related to Collaboration and Remote Repositories
- Use the commands related to Git Tags, Releases and advanced git operations
- Analyse and change the git history

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student’s performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- Version Control with Git, 3rd Edition, by Prem Kumar Ponuthorai, Jon Loeliger Released October 2022, Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- Pro Git book, written by Scott Chacon and Ben Straub and published by Apress, https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2
- https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01309444334736998427 82_shared/overview
- https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01330134712177459211926_shared/overview

PHP Programming		Semester	3
Course Code	BAI358D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

- To introduce the PHP syntax, elements, and control structures
- To make use of PHP Functions and File handling
- To illustrate the concept of PHP arrays and OOPs

Sl.NO	Experiments
AIM: Introduction to HTML/PHP environment, PHP Data Types, Variables, Literals, and operators	
1	a. Develop a PHP program to calculate areas of Triangle and Rectangle. b. Develop a PHP program to calculate Compound Interest.
2	Demonstrating the various forms to concatenate multiple strings Develop program(s) to demonstrate concatenation of strings: (i) Strings represented with literals (single quote or double quote) (ii) Strings as variables (iii) Multiple strings represented with literals (single quote or double quote) and variables (iv) Strings and string variables containing single quotes as part string contents (v) Strings containing HTML segments having elements with attributes
3	a. Develop a PHP Program(s) to check given number is: (i) Odd or even (ii) Divisible by a given number (N) (iii) Square of a another number b. Develop a PHP Program to compute the roots of a quadratic equation by accepting the coefficients. Print the appropriate messages.
4	a. Develop a PHP program to find the square root of a number by using the newton's algorithm. b. Develop a PHP program to generate Floyd's triangle.
5	a. Develop a PHP application that reads a list of numbers and calculates mean and standard deviation. b. Develop a PHP application that reads scores between 0 and 100 (possibly including both 0 and 100) and creates a histogram array whose elements contain the number of scores between 0 and 9, 10 and 19, etc. The last "box" in the histogram should include scores between 90 and 100. Use a function to generate the histogram.
6	a. Develop PHP program to demonstrate the date() with different parameter options. b. Develop a PHP program to generate the Fibonacci series using a recursive function.
7	Develop a PHP program to accept the file and perform the following (i) Print the first N lines of a file (ii) Update/Add the content of a file
8	Develop a PHP program to read the content of the file and print the frequency of occurrence of the word accepted by the user in the file
9	Develop a PHP program to filter the elements of an array with key names. Sample Input Data: 1st array: ('c1' => 'Red', 'c2' => 'Green', 'c3' => 'White', c4 => 'Black') 2nd array: ('c2', 'c4')

	Output: Array ([c1] => Red [c3] => White)
10	Develop a PHP program that illustrates the concept of classes and objects by reading and printing employee data, including Emp_Name, Emp_ID, Emp_Dept, Emp_Salary, and Emp_DOJ.
11	a. Develop a PHP program to count the occurrences of Aadhaar numbers present in a text. b. Develop a PHP program to find the occurrences of a given pattern and replace them with a text.
12	Develop a PHP program to read the contents of a HTML form and display the contents on a browser.

NOTE: Necessary HTML elements (and CSS) can be used for designing the experiments.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Apply basic concepts of PHP to develop web program
- Develop programs in PHP involving control structures
- Develop programs to handle structured data (object) and data items (array)
- Develop programs to access and manipulate contents of files
- Use super-global arrays and regular expressions to solve real world problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- BOOK: Programming in HTML and PHP (Coding for Scientists and Engineers, BY DEVID R BROOKS, Springer International Publishing AG 2017
- PHP TUTORIALS: [https://www.w3schools.com/php/}
- PHP TUTORIALS: [https://www.tutorialspoint.com/php/index.htm]
- HTML TUTORIALS: [https://www.w3schools.com/html/]